



**ANNUAL REPORT 2010** 



























































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# BACKGROUND AND NATURE OF BUSINESS

Letshego Holdings Limited is a consumer financial services provider in sub-Saharan Africa, is listed on the Botswana Stock Exchange and is a Botswana International Financial Services Centre accredited company.

Letshego was incorporated in Botswana in March 1998 and started trading in Botswana in September of the same year.

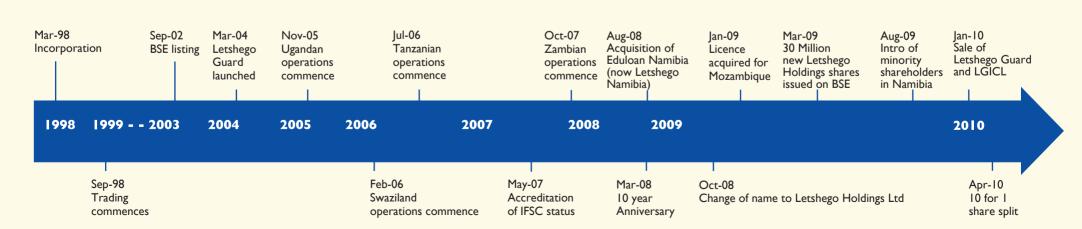
The Group's main activity is to extend short to medium term, personal, unsecured loans to formally employed individuals. Its customers are individuals that are formally employed by government, parastatals and the private sector. Loan repayments are deducted at source through the payroll systems of participating employers. Under this deduction methodology the participating employer grants a code that allows Letshego to deduct repayments due

on loans directly from an employee's salary.

Based on the same payroll deduction business model, a pan African expansion plan was adopted to ensure continued growth and geographic diversification. The Company has expanded into five other countries, namely Tanzania, Swaziland, Uganda, Zambia and Namibia between 2005 and 2008 and Mozambique is expected to commence in 2010.

# LETSHEGO GROUP MILESTONES

Regional consumer finance group listed on the Botswana Stock Exchange ("BSE")



# CORPORATE INFORMATION



Letshego is a Setswana term for "support" (verb) and 'tripod stand' (noun). The traditional tripod stand is used to support pots when cooking food, or heating water over a fire.

In the same way, Letshego loans are designed to support our customers for a variety of purposes - general consumption, education, home improvements, general household assets and thus improving their standard of living.

Vision

To be a pan African leader of affordable, appropriate and high quality financial services.

# **Our Values**

#### Professionalism

• We pledge to treat all who come in contact with us with professionalism.

#### Integrity

• We will conduct all our business dealings with integrity.

#### **Teamwork**

•We believe in working together, as teamwork is valuable to us.

#### Respec

• Our teamwork is founded on mutual respect for those with whom we come into contact.

#### **Customer Service**

• Our customers' are important to us. We pledge superior customer service.

#### Selflessness and Excellent Communication

•We pleadge to be courteous in the nature of our service and provide effective and open communication, keeping all stakeholders informed.

# GROUP STRUCTURE

at 31 January 2010

Micro

**Provident** 

Swaziland

(Pty) Ltd

LETSHEGO HOLDINGS LIMITED 80% 85% 100% 100% 100% 85% Letshego Micro Letshego Letshego Letshego Letshego Financial Financial Financial Tanzania **Financial** Services Services Services Ltd Uganda Ltd Services Ltd Mozambique, (Namibia) (Zambia) (Pty) Ltd (Pty) Ltd (Botswana) Letshego Letshego Letshego Letshêgo

Dormant Subsidiaries:

LOAN JAMES

Letshego Life Insurance Limited (100%) Micro Provident Malawi Limited (100%) Micro Provident Ghana Limited (100%)

#### Note

Letshego Guard (Pty) Limited and Letshego Guard Insurance Company Limited were sold on 31 January 2010 Letshego Life Insurance Limited is in the process of being deregistered Letshego Financial Services Mozambique, SA has not commenced trading

# CORPORATE INFORMATION

Continued

Incorporated in the Republic of Botswana Registration number: Co. 98/442
Date of incorporation: 4 March 1998
A publicly listed commercial entity whose liability is limited by shares

Company Secretary and Registered Office

D. Ndebéle Plot 5037 I Fairground Office Park Gaborone



Independent External Auditors KPMG Certified Public Accountants Plot 67977

Fairground Office Park Gaborone



**Transfer Secretaries** 

PricewaterhouseCoopers (Proprietary) Limited Plot 5037 I Fairground Office Park Gaborone



ATTORNEYS NOTARIES & CONVEYANCERS

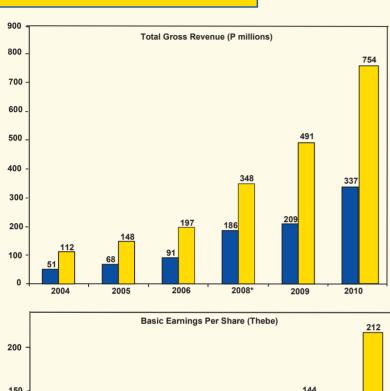
Attorneys / Legal Advisors
Armstrongs

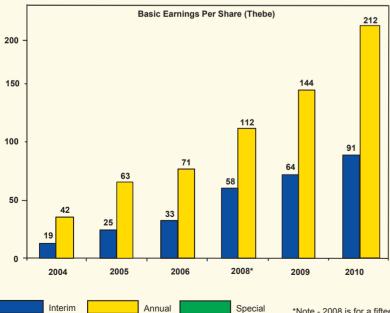
5th Floor, Barclays House Khama Crescent Gaborone

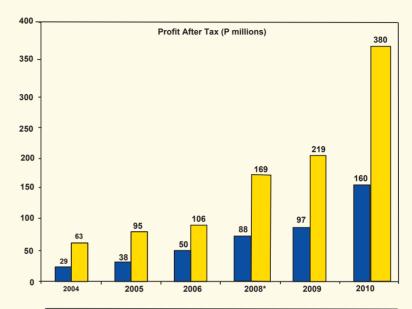
#### **Bankers**

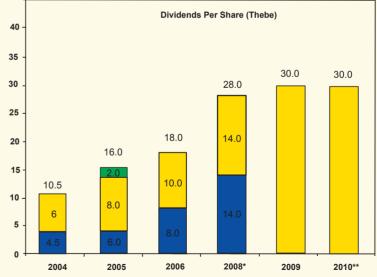
Barclays Bank of Botswana Limited First National Bank of Botswana Limited First National Bank of Swaziland Limited First National Bank of Namibia Limited First National Bank of Mozambique Limited Standard Chartered Bank Botswana Limited Standard Chartered Bank Tanzania Limited Standard Chartered Bank Uganda Limited Standard Chartered Bank Zambia Limited

# FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS









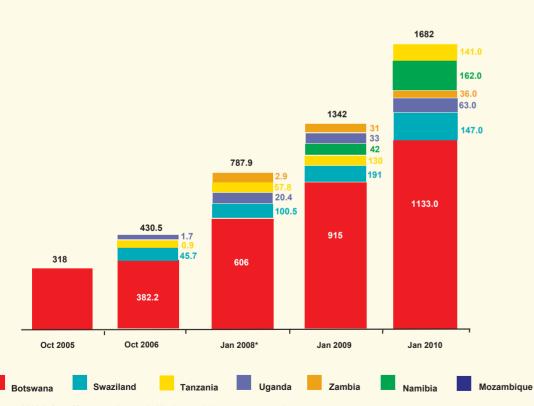
\*Note - 2008 is for a fifteen month period (interim nine months). All other periods are for twelve months (interim six months).

\*\*Note - 2010 dividend per share is before the 10 for 1 share split that was approved by Shareholders on 12 April 2010 and effected on 16 April 2010.

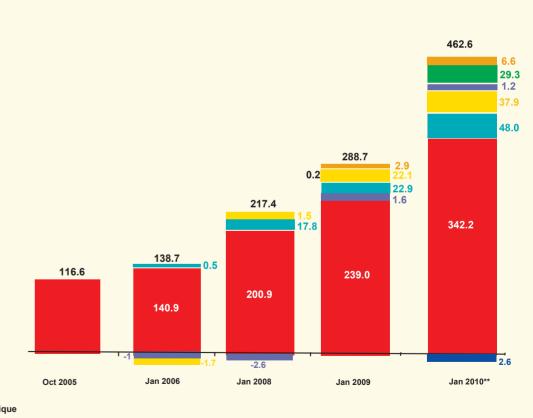
# FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Continued



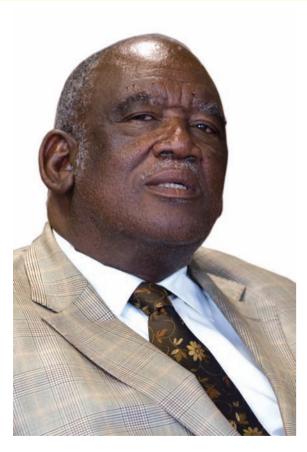


# Profit Before Tax P'millions



<sup>\*</sup>Note - 2008 is for a fifteen month period. All other periods are twelve months \*\*Note - 2010 excludes once off gain on the disposal of LG and LGICL

# Chairman of the Board of Directors



# Cuthbert Moshe Lekaukau

Nationality Botswana

Age 66

Residence Gaborone, Botswana

Years as a Director

Shareholding 483,000 shares\*

Mr Lekaukau, who has been the Chairman of Letshego since 2002, has served the Government of Botswana previously as a Senior Public Officer in various capacities from 1973 to 1996. For 12 of those years he served as Permanent Secretary in the then Ministries of Works, Transport and Communications; Mineral Resources and Water Affairs as well as the Ministry of Agriculture. He was awarded a Presidential Order of Honour in 1996 in recognition of his efficient and devoted service to the country.

In December 1996, he was appointed to start Botswana Telecommunications Authority as the founding Executive Chairman and served there until December 2006. His last position until 2009 was the founding Director General of the Government Implementation Coordination Office in the Office of the President, having rejoined the Public Service in May 2007 to oversee and coordinate implementation of projects and timely delivery of services in Botswana.

Mr Lekaukau has served various corporate institutions which include: Chairman of Turnstar Holdings Limited, Chairman of Botswana Telecommunications Corporation, Botswana Diamond Valuing Company (Proprietary) Limited, Water Utilities Corporation, Air Botswana Corporation, Botswana Railways Corporation, Botswana Vaccine Institute, Botswana Agricultural Resources Board, Botswana Power Corporation, Finance House (Proprietary) Limited and Governing Council of Botswana College of Agriculture. Mr Lekaukau has served as Vice Chairman of Botswana Meat Commission, Debswana Diamond Company (Proprietary) Limited and Soda Ash Botswana (Proprietary) Limited. Mr Lekaukau has been a Director of Botswana Development Corporation Limited, De Beers Centenary AG, De Beers Consolidated Mines Limited, Diamond Trading Company (Proprietary) Limited, BMC (UK) Holdings Limited, Table Bay Cold Storage (Proprietary) Limited (RSA), National Development Bank Limited, Leno Holdings (Proprietary) Limited and as a member of the Council of the University of Botswana.

Mr Lekaukau has also held positions in international and regional organisations e.g. Chairman of the Board of Commonwealth Telecommunications Organisation (CTO) and Chairman of the SADC Telecommunications Regulatory Association of Southern Africa (TRASA). He was also the founding Chairman of Leno Holdings (Proprietary) Limited.

Mr Lekaukau who is an Attorney at-law holds an LLB (UBLS in conjunction with Edinburgh University), LL.M (Columbia University-NYC) and a Commonwealth Certificate in Legislative Drafting.

\*Note: All references to shareholding is before the 10 for 1 share split that was approved by shareholders on the 12 April 2010 and effected on 16 April 2010

Continued

# Independent Non Executive Director

# Non Executive Director (representing PAIP-PCAP-FMO Letshego Limited)



# John Alexander Burbidge

Nationality UK Age 59

Residence George, RSA

Years as a Director 8
Shareholding None



# Kofi Jude Bucknor

Nationality Ghana Age 54

Residence Accra, Ghana

Years as a Director 2 Shareholding None

Mr Burbidge qualified as a chartered accountant in the UK and was part of the African Life Group serving in various senior management and board positions over a 27 year period with the group. These included the role of managing director, executive director, chief financial officer and company secretary during his career with Botswana Life and the African Life Group. Some of the highlights of this career include the involvement in the listing of African Life on the JSE in 1990 and playing a leading role in the acquisition of a controlling stake in Botswana Insurance Holdings by African Life Group.

In 1999, Mr Burbidge was appointed to the African Life Group Board responsible for the development and management of the African expansion which included operations in Botswana, Lesotho, Namibia, Kenya, Zambia, Ghana and Tanzania, a position he held until his retirement from African Life in 2007. Mr Burbidge is also a director of FSG Limited, a company that is also listed on the Botswana Stock Exchange.

Mr Burbidge has been a director of Letshego Holdings Limited since 2002 and is the current Chairman of the Group Audit and Risk and the Investment Committees.

Mr Burbidge is a Chartered Accountant and a member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of England and Wales.

Mr Bucknor is the Managing Partner of Kingdom Zephyr Africa Management with extensive financial institutions experience. He began his professional career at Chemical Bank in New York in 1979 after obtaining an MBA (Finance) degree from Columbia University in New York. He also holds a BSc (Administration) degree from the University of Ghana, Legon. Mr Bucknor was a former Treasurer of the African Development Bank, Executive Director of Lehman Brothers and Managing Director of CAL Merchant Bank in Ghana.

He has served or still serves on several boards including: Ashanti Goldfields Corporation (Ghana), Normandy Mining (Australia), Pep Stores (Ghana), Newmont Mining Corporation (Ghana), TA Holdings Limited (Zimbabwe), Ecobank Transnational Corporation (Togo), Asset & Resource Management (Nigeria), CNIA Assurance (Morocco) and Chirano Gold Mines (Ghana). He also served as Chairman of the Council of the Ghana Stock Exchange and the Council of the University of Education, Winneba, Ghana.

Mr Bucknor was first appointed to the board during 2005 and more recently again in January 2008 and is currently the Chairman of the Group Remuneration Committee and also serves on the Group Audit and Risk Committee.

# Continued

Non Executive Director (representing Botswana Insurance Holdings Limited)

Non Executive Director (representing Botswana Insurance Holdings Limited)



Margaret Dawes

Nationality RSA
Age 52
Residence Johannesburg, RSA
Years as a Director I
Shareholding None



Gaffar Hassam

Nationality Malawi
Age 34
Residence Gaborone, Botswana
Years as a Director
Shareholding None

Mrs Dawes leads the 'Rest of Africa' division of Sanlam Developing Markets. This includes responsibilities for Botswana, Ghana, Kenya, Tanzania and Zambia. Prior to this she held various roles within African Life and Sanlam Developing Markets since 2005. Margaret also represents Sanlam Developing Markets on various boards, audit committees, investment committees and human resources committees.

Mrs Dawes qualified as a chartered accountant in the UK in 1983 and has held various senior positions in the financial services and auditing industry in both the UK and RSA since then.

Sanlam Developing Markets is part of the Sanlam Group which holds a controling shareholding in Botswana Insurance Holdings Limited.

Margaret serves on the Group Audit and Risk Committee.

Mr Hassam has had various roles with the Botswana Insurance Holdings Limited Group since 2003 and is currently the Chief Operating Officer of Botswana Life Insurance Limited. Prior to joining the Botswana Insurance Holdings Group, Gaffar was with PricewaterhouseCoopers in Malawi and Botswana.

Gaffar is a fellow member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants (FCCA) and also holds various other insurance related qualifications.

Continued

# Independent Non Executive Director





Legodile E Serema

Nationality
Age
Residence
Years as a Director
Shareholding

Botswana
Lobatse, Botswana
I
None



Panos Voutyritsas

Nationality Greece
Age 33
Residence Johannesburg, RSA
Years as a Director 2
Shareholding None

Mr Serema holds a Bachelor of Science from the University of Minnesota, St Paul, USA and has various marketing qualifications.

Mr Serema has served many different organisations in Botswana since 1971 including the Botswana Meat Commission, Botswana Ash and Sugar Industries. He was a councillor in the Lobatse Town Council from 2004 to 2009 and served as Mayor from 2007 to 2009.

Mr Serema was previously on the board of Botswana Railways and holds a number of other directorships.

Mr Voutyritsas is a Partner at Kingdom Zephyr Africa Management, a pan African private equity company sponsored by Kingdom Holding, the private investment vehicle of HRH Prince Alwaleed of Saudi Arabia, and Zephyr Management LP, a New York based asset manager. With Kingdom Zephyr's US \$600 million of committed capital as of February 2010, Mr Voutyritsas has completed a number of private equity investments in Africa since the company's inception in 2004.

Mr Voutyritsas joined Kingdom Zephyr in 2003 and is based in Johannesburg. Previously, he worked in investment banking and leveraged finance at Salomon Smith Barney in New York and was part of the founding team of Soros Real Estate Partners, in Greece and South Eastern Europe. He has extensive experience in investment banking and private equity.

Mr Voutyritsas has a BSc in Operations Research & Industrial Engineering from Cornell University.

Mr Voutyritsas has been on the Board since January 2008 and also is a member of the Remuneration and the Investment Committees.

# Group Managing Director



# Jan Abraham Claassen

Nationality Age Years with Letshego Residence Shareholding RSA 57 7 Gaborone, Botswana 580,295

# Director: Risk and Compliance

#### Dumisani Ndebele

Nationality Age Years with Letshego Residence Shareholding Botswana 44 11 Gaborone, Botswana 280,977



Mr Claassen has been Managing Director of Letshego since July 2003. Prior to joining Letshego, he spent 7 years at First National Bank of Namibia as Deputy Managing Director. He spent the first twenty years of his career at First National Bank of South Africa in Johannesburg and has also worked in Malawi. Mr Claassen holds a B.Com, LLB and has completed an Advanced Executive Programme with UNISA.

In his time as Managing Director of Letshego, the group has grown from having one company in Botswana employing 30 people with four branches, to the current group of seven operating subsidiaries with over 450 employees, in seven countries with a branch network of over 100 branches.

Mr Ndebele joined Letshego in February 1999 as the finance and administration manager. He became the Finance Director in 2002 and moved to his current role of Director: Risk and Compliance in August 2006.

Mr Ndebele's previous experience includes roles at PricewaterhouseCoopers Zimbabwe and Botswana, Cash Bazaar Holdings Botswana, Anglo American Botswana and De Beers Botswana. He trained with PricewaterhouseCoopers in Zimbabwe for his articles under the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Zimbabwe.

Mr Ndebele is a Fellow member of the Chartered Institute of Management Accountants (UK) as well as being a Fellow Certified Public Accountant (Botswana). He is a member of the Institute of Directors (IoD - RSA) the Information Systems Audit and Control Association (ISACA) as well as the Institute of Internal Auditors. He also holds a Bachelor of Accountancy Honours Degree and a Masters in Business Administration (MBA) from the University of Derby (UK).

# GROUP SENIOR MANAGEMENT TEAM















LYDIA ANDRIES

SHAWN BRUWER

**DUDUETSANG OLSEN** 

**COLM PATTERSON** 

REBAONE PHEKO

Lydia Andries

Nationality Botswana

Age 3

Position Group Head Corporate Strategy and Communication
Residence Gaborone Botswana

Residence Gaboron

Years with Letshego 2

Qualifications BSc Actuarial Science & MSc Actuarial Science

Shareholding None

Shawn Bruwer

Nationality Namibia

**Age** 33

Position Group Chief Information Officer

Residence Gaborone, Botswana

Years with Letshego

Qualifications BCom, CIMA, Various Certificates in Banking and Credit Management

Shareholding 44,967

Portia Ketshabile

Nationality Botswana
Age 41
Position HR Manager
Residence Gaborone, Botswana

Years with Letshego

Qualifications AAT, Diploma in Personnel and Training Management, Management

Development Program

Shareholding 10,000

**Duduetsang Olsen** 

Nationality Botswana

Position Group Business Process Manager

**Residence** Gaborone, Botswana

Years with Letshego

Qualifications Bachelor of Business Administration (BBA); Kent State University,

USA; Msc Strategic Management, Derby, ÚK

Shareholding

Colm Patterson

Nationality Ireland Age 38

Position Group Chief Financial Officer
Residence Gaborone, Botswana

Years with Letshego

Qualifications FCA (Ireland), CPA Botswana

Shareholding 30,000

Rebaone Pheko

Nationality Botswana

Age43PositionFinance ManagerResidenceGaborone, Botswana

Years with Letshego

Qualifications Shareholding FCCA (UK), CPA Botswana None

Barati Rwelengera

Nationality Botswana

Age

Position Risk and Compliance Manager Residence Gaborone, Botswana

Years with Letshego

Qualifications AAT, ACCA, CPA Botswana

Shareholding 7,059











**GEOFFREY KITAKULE** MARION MOORE FREDERICK MMELES

WILLEM STEENKAMP

PETER WHITE

Vusi Dlamini

**Nationality** Swaziland Age Position

CEO, Micro Provident Swaziland (Pty) Limited Residence Manzini, Swaziland

Years with Letshego Qualifications BCom. ACCA

Shareholding 9.355

Geoffrey Kitakule

Uganda 39 Nationality

Age Position CEO, Micro Provident Uganda Limited

Residence Kampala, Swaziland

Years with Letshego

Masters of Business Administration (Finance), MSC Computer Qualifications Science. Bachelor of Statistics. Master of Laws in Information

Technology and Telecommunications

Shareholding 11.622

Frederick Mmelesi

**Nationality** Botswana Age

Position CEO, Letshego Financial Services (Pty) Limited (Botswana) Residence Gaborone, Botswana

Years with Letshego

AAT, Masters of Business Administration (MBA), Executive Qualifications

Development Program

Shareholding 74.603 Marion Moore

Nationality RSA Age

Position CEO, Letshego Tanzania Limited Residence Dar Es Salaam, Tanzania

Years with Letshego Qualifications CPA, CISA Shareholding 25,093

Willem Steenkamp

**Nationality** Namibia Age

Position CEO, Letshego Financial Services (Namibia) (Pty) Limited

Residence Windhoek, Namibia Years with Letshego

Qualifications BA DEd None Shareholding

Peter White **Nationality** 

UK Age

Position CEO, Letshego Financial Services Limited (Zambia)

Residence Lusaka, Zambia

Years with Letshego **ACIB** Qualifications Shareholding None

# CHAIRMAN'S REPORT

I have great pleasure in presenting my report to the shareholders of Letshego Holdings Limited for the financial year ended 31 January 2010.

**Highlights** 

The Board of Directors of Letshego Holdings Limited are pleased to present the consolidated audited financial results for the year ended 31 January 2010. The highlights for the financial reporting period include:

- Loans and advances to customers have grown to over P1.6 billion (2009: P1.3 billion), an increase of 25% over the prior year
- Profit before tax has increased by 60% to P462,6 million from P288,6 million
- Increase in earnings per share of 33% after taking into account the share issue successfully completed in March 2009
- Cost to income ratio reduced from 24% to 22% this remains a very competitive industry benchmark
- Return on average assets of 23% (2009: 20%) and return on average equity of 37% (2009: 39%)
- Impairment expense on average loans and advances to customers has increased to 3.2% (2009: 2.9%) but remains a very competitive industry benchmark
- P120.4 millión (2009:P49.7 millión) profit before tax (26% (2009:17%) generated outside of Botswana

All of the above figures exclude the once off profit before tax of P42.5m arising on the sale of Letshego Guard (Pty) Limited ("LG") and Letshego Guard Insurance Company Limited ("LGICL") which was completed on 31 January 2010.

# Developments during the year

A number of developments took place during the financial period:

- Conclusion of sale of LG and LGICL
- Introduction of new minority shareholders in Namibia
- Rebranding of Letshego Namibia and Letshego Tanzania
- Strengthening the capital base of subsidiaries in Namibia, Uganda, Zambia and Tanzania
- Introduction of a central registry in Swaziland

# Financial performance

Overall the Directors are satisfied with the financial performance of the Group during the year.

Botswana remains the most significant market for Letshego as it accounts for 67% (2009: 68%) of the period end advances book and 74% (2009: 83%) of the Group's profit before tax. Operations outside of Botswana continue to gain critical mass and have contributed P120.4 million to group profit before tax.

Botswana remains the most significant market for Letshego as it accounts for 67% (2009: 68%) of the period end advances book and 74% (2009: 83%) of the Group's profit before tax. Operations outside of Botswana continue to gain critical mass and have contributed P120.4 million to group profit before tax.



A summary loan book and profitability per country is provided below.

Country	Net Loans to Customers At 31 Jan 2010	Increase/ (Decrease)	Profit / (Loss) Increase Before Tax	Increase/ (Decrease)
	<u>P'million</u>	%	P'million	<u>%</u>
Botswana - LHL	-	-	58.7	151%
Botswana - Legal Guard	-	-	14.7	- %
Botswana - LFŠB	1,133	24%	268.8	33%
Swaziland	147	(23%)	48.0	107%
Tanzania	141	` 8%	37.9	70%
Uganda	63	93%	1.2	(20%)
Zambia	36	18%	6.6	` N/á
Namibia	162	281%	29.3	N/a
Mozambique	-	N/a	(2.6)	N/a
Total	1,682	25%	462.6*	60%

LHL: Letshego Holdings Limited Legal Guard: Letshego Guard (Pty) Limited LFSB: Letshego Financial Services (Pty) Limited - Botswana

<sup>\*</sup> Excluding the once off profit before tax of P42.5 million arising on the sale of LG and LGICL

# CHAIRMAN'S REPORT

#### Continued

Profitability is acceptable with excellent growth in contribution to group profits from Botswana, Namibia, Swaziland and Tanzania. Uganda and Zambia have not achieved internal targets for contribution to Group profitability and specific actions are being taken to address this. Mozambique recorded a small loss which was expected as operations have not yet commenced.

The loan book in Swaziland declined due to the disruption in operations during the period leading up to the introduction of the central registry. Profitability was not impacted as the average loan book remained higher than the prior period.

The growth in the Uganda loan book has not yet translated into profitability but this is expected to normalise in the current financial period.

The increase in operational expenses reflects the growth of the Group. The investment in people and infrastructure positions the Group and augurs well for sustained growth going forward.

To this end the staff complement increased by 36% representing 481 employees (2009: 354), customer numbers increased by 38% to 130,136 (2009: 93,965) and the number of branches increased to 137 (2009:106).

# Impairment and non performing advances to customers

The overall level of impairments and non performing loans remains in line with expectations. Over 95% of customers are civil servants of their respective countries in which the Group operates. In general, this sector has been stable and has not seen any significant impact arising from recent and ongoing global economic challenges.

A summary of the impairment provision and income statement charge per country is provided below.

Country	Impairment Provision (B/S) At 31 Jan 2010 P'million	%	Impairment Charge (I/S) I2 months P'million	% of ave book
Botswana	20.0	1.72%	24.9	2.39%
Swaziland	1.7	1.15%	5.3	3.04%
Tanzania	3.4	2.37%	3.7	2.68%
Uganda	1.7	2.72%	2.8	5.92%
Zambia	1.4	4.02%	5.0	14.9%
Namibia	2.4	1.48%	8.4	8.17%
Total	30.6	1.78%	<b>50.</b> I	3.26%

Impairment provision: is the % in relation to the period end advances book Impairment charge: is the % in relation to the average advances book

The impairment charges for Namibia, Uganda and Zambia are above the Group's target range.

Namibia - there was a once off charge to write off historical debts to bring the impairment change in line with Group norms. These are not expected to reoccur.

Uganda and Zambia - the Group has taken a very conservative approach on these books and the situation is expected to normalise in the current year.

Swaziland - the Group intends to introduce credit life insurance during the current year similar to what is in place in Botswana and Namibia.

#### New markets

New start-up operations and targeted acquisitions continue to be explored by the Group. This is in line with the next phase of the Pan African expansion strategy.

# Regulatory environment

It is evident that there will be an introduction of regulation or more enforcement of regulation in the industry over time. This is good for consumers, their employers and the industry. Letshego will continue to fully support these initiatives and is also well positioned in this regard. The proposed regulations from NBFIRA in Botswana and the introduction of a Central Registry in Swaziland are examples of this and are supported by the Group.

# **Funding**

At the year-end date, total borrowings were P377.6 million (2009: P644.3 million) representing a debt to equity ratio of 28% (2009: 97%). The Directors believe that this presents a platform for Letshego to leverage its balance sheet for further borrowing opportunities.

Shareholders approved a convertible loan for the Pula equivalent of USD 36.0 million on 12 April 2010. These funds are available for a period of 18 months.

Over and above this, efforts continue to be made to identify new lines of credit and the Group is exploring a number of alternatives locally, regionally and internationally. Given international financial markets, it is evident that it will be more challenging to source funding which if available, may come at a premium. Shareholders will be advised in due course regarding any outcome of these matters as the continued access to funding will be a determining factor of the Group's sustainable growth prospects.

# CHAIRMAN'S REPORT

Continued

#### Communication

During the year the Group's web site was upgraded and more improvements are planned to be made to the web site over time. The web site allows information about the Group and all communications to shareholders to be available via this forum.

The internal quarterly newsletter, the African Tripod, is now in its second year as a medium to keep all staff aware of developments within the Group. This newsletter is also available on the Group's web site.

#### Human Resources

The Letshego team continues to be strengthened with a number of new appointments during the year. The Group performs regular benchmarking exercises to ensure remuneration policies and practices are in line with best practice. The Group has a Long Term Incentive Plan ("LTIP") in place for key management and this aligns their goals with the shareholders — over 20 members of staff have become shareholders in Letshego via the LTIP.

Further details regarding Human Resources are included in the Group Sustainability repor t section of the annual report.

# Enterprise Risk Management

The Group established an Internal Enterprise Risk Management (ERM) department during the 2008 financial period. This department has overall responsibility for implementing all risk and compliance strategies for the Group and has performed internal reviews of all operating areas since its establishment.

# Social Responsibility

The Group continues to support the principle of social responsibility, believing it to be one of the core pillars of good corporate citizenship. Further details regarding the Corporate Social Investment (CSI) initiatives are included in a separate section of the annual report.

The total value of donations, sponsorships and corporate social responsibility initiatives were as follows:

2010	2009	2010	2009
Group	Group	Company	Company
P'000	P'000	P'000	P'000
991	1,031	115	130

# Post period end developments

Our subsidiary in Swaziland has received in principle approval to be registered with the Central Bank of Swaziland as a non deposit taking financial institution. Operations in Mozambique have not yet started but are expected to commence during the 2010 calender year.

#### Future outlook

The Directors expect continued growth in the loan book during the financial year to 31 January 2011 and continued profitability, albeit both being at lower levels of growth than was achieved during the current year.

# Change in Directors

Dr Hassy H B Kitine resigned from the board during the period under review having served on the Letshego board since 2007. Dr Hassy's invaluable contribution to the Group is recognised and appreciated.

I would also like to take this opportunity to welcome M. Dawes, G. Hassam and L.E. Serema who joined the board during the year.

# Acknowledgements

In conclusion, I wish to thank our shareholders, board of directors, management and staff, customers and those Government Departments and Staff Associations who have assisted us with their advice and contributions to the continuing success of the Group over the past financial period.

I would also like to take this opportunity to thank our colleagues at Letshego Guard (Pty) Limited for the contribution that they have made to the Letshego Group since 2004.



C M Lekaukau Chairman

GABORONE, 12 April 2010



Letshego Group MD meeting guests at official launch of Letshego Namibia in August 2009



Letshego team answering questions from shareholders at the EGM

# DIRECTORS' REPORT AND RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT

The directors have pleasure in submitting to the shareholders their report and the audited financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 January 2010.

#### Nature of business

The Group is engaged in the provision of short to medium-term unsecured loans to employees of the public, quasi-public and private sectors.

#### Stated capital

On 6th March 2009, 30 million new shares were issued at P12.00 per share in terms of an offer for subscription. This increased the stated capital from P35 million at 31 January 2009 to P388 million. On 15 May 2010, 935,355 shares were issued at P9.90 in terms of the Group's long term incentive plan bringing the stated capital to P396 million.

# Subsidiary companies

On 31 January 2010, being the effective date of sale, two subsidiaries, Letshego Guard (Pty) Limited and Letshego Guard Insurance Company Limited were sold to Botswana Insurance Holdings Limited. The results of these subsidiaries were consolidated up to 31 January 2010.

Another subsidiary, which was dormant, Letshego Life Insurance Limited, is in the process of being deregistered.

#### Dividends

# Current year

A first and final dividend of P55.2 million or 30 thebe per share (pre share split or 3 thebe per share post share split) gross of withholding tax has been propoæd and will be paid to shareholders on or around 7th May 2010.

There may be need to reassess the dividend policy at subsequent reporting periods depending

on the cash requirements of the Group.

# Prior year

A final dividend of P54.7 million (30 thebe per share gross of withholding tax) for the year ended 31 lanuary 2009 was paid to shareholders on 22 May 2009.

#### Directors

The following persons were directors of the company during the period under review:

\* C.M. Lekaukau (Chairman)

\* J.K. Bucknor 2

\* J.A. Burbidge 3

\* M. Dawes 4
 \* G. Hassam 5
 J.A. Claassen 4
 \* Dr Hassy HB Kitine 6
 (Appointed 22 April 2009)
 (Managing Director)
 (Resigned 30 July 2009)

D. Ndebele 1

\* L.E. Serema (Appointed 22 April 2009)

\* P. Voutyritsas 7

\* Non-executive

1 Botswana 2 Ghana 3 UK 4 RSA 5 Malawi 6 Tanzania 7 Greece

# Directors' shareholdings

The aggregate number of shares held directly by directors is 1,344,272 (pre share split) (2009: 793,435). Full details of this shareholding are available at the registered office of the company or at the office of the transfer secretaries.

# DIRECTORS' REPORT AND RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT



Mr Steenkamp handing over a cheque (N\$100 000) to Dagbreek School, at the launch of Letshego Namibia



Botswana Deputy High Commissioner to Namibia delivering her speech at the launch of Letshego Namibia in August 2009



Continued

Letshego Namibia CEO, Mr Willem Steenkamp giving a vote of thanks at the launch of Letshego Namibia in August 2009

# Long Term Incentive Plan

The Group operates an equity-settled conditional Long Term Incentive Plan (LTIP), which was approved by shareholders at the Extraordinary General Meeting held on 20 December 2005. Under the plan, conditional awards are granted to management and key employees. The number of vesting awards is subject to achievement of certain market and non-market conditions. The grant date fair value of awards granted to employees is recognised as staff costs over the performance period in which the employees become unconditionally entitled to the awards. The amount recognised as an expense is adjusted to reflect the actual number of awards that vest.

# Statement of responsibility

The company's directors are responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the annual financial statements, comprising the statement of financial position at 31 January 2010, the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes, in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards and in the manner required by the Companies Act, 2003 (No. 32 of 2004) of Botswana.

The directors' responsibility includes: designing, implementing and maintaining internal controls relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements and ensuring that they are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; selecting and applying

appropriate accounting policies; and making accounting estimates that are reasonable under the circumstances.

The directors' responsibility also includes maintaining adequate accounting records and an effective system of risk management.

The directors have made an assessment of the company's ability to continue as a going concern and have no reason to believe the business will not be a going concern in the year ahead.

The auditor is responsible for reporting on whether the annual financial statements are fairly presented in accordance with the applicable financial reporting framework.

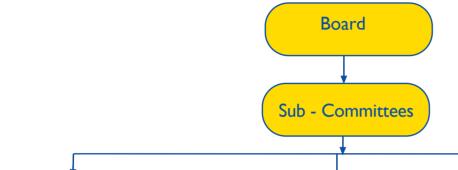
# Approval of the annual financial statements:

The annual financial statements were approved for issue by the Board of Directors on 12 April 2010 and are signed on its behalf by:

43.

C.M. LEKAUKAU CHAIRMAN

J.A. CLAASSEN
MANAGING DIRECTOR



- · Formulation of Group strategy, risk management and corporate governance philosophy
- · Approval of investment undertakings
- Accountability to stakeholders
- Regulatory/statutory compliance

Group Audit & Risk Committee

- . Review of Group financial reports
- Ongoing monitoring and management of risks
- Approval of annual internal audit plans
- Monitoring the ethical conduct of the Group
- Review of compliance with applicable laws and regulations

Investment Committee

 Reviewing and recommending to the board regarding all new strategic investments and major funding initiatives the Group may enter into, including the mechanism for investment Group Remuneration Committee

- Reviewing the remuneration policies of the Group
- Ensuring that directors and staff are fairly rewarded
- Ensuring that market related reward strategies are adhered to
- Established performance targets for the Group's incentive scheme

# Executive Committee

- Approval of management accounts, business plans, quarterly forecasts reporting on KPI
- Approval of systems, policies and procedures
- Management of operational risks
- Implementation of board approved strategies and decisions

The ongoing maintenance of high standards of corporate governance is considered by the Group to be of the utmost importance. The Board of Directors is committed to attaining the highest standards of integrity, accountability and transparency in order to retain the support of all stakeholders.

# Board of Directors

The formal maintenance of high standards of corporate ethics in the conduct of the Group's affairs is the responsibility of the board. To this end, the Group endorses the King II code of corporate governance and the Botswana Stock Exchange's code on best practice on corporate governance and strives to operate in broad compliance with their respective recommendations.

Both the board and senior management are required to constantly assess the control and risk management procedures and to ensure that implementation and regular reviews of such procedures take place.

The board comprised seven non-executive and two executive directors. The board is chaired by an independent non-executive chairman. All board members are suitably experienced and have a clear understanding of their role in corporate governance. The non-executive directors are considered to be independent of management and their role is to bring objectivity and independent judgement to board deliberations and decisions. They are also responsible for chairing board sub-committees and have unrestricted access to management and all company records.

Continued

All directors may take independent professional advice, as is required to fulfil their duties, at the Group's expense. The board is responsible for the maintenance of sound internal controls, risk management, the preparation and integrity of the annual financial statements, compliance with all laws and regulations and the establishment of key policies and objectives. It therefore has full and effective control of the company and is accountable and responsible for its performance to all stakeholders.

Meetings of the board take place on a quarterly basis to monitor performance against budget, to formulate and review strategies and policies and to consider those issues on which they will be requested to make decisions. Management is responsible for the provision to the board of appropriate and timely information.

All directors are subject to retirement by rotation and re-election by shareholders at least every three years and their contributions are subject to regular review.

#### **Executive Committee**

The Executive Committee is responsible for the implementation of strategy and managing the Group's affairs. The committee comprises the two executive directors and senior management and meets on a regular basis. The committee has a clear mandate to implement board decisions and to manage the day to day risks and operations of the Group.

The members of the Executive Committee are:

J.A. Claassen
D. Ndebele
Director of Risk and Compliance and Secretary
L. Andries
Group Head Corporate Strategy and Communication

S. Bruwer Group Chief Information Officer
C. Patterson Group Chief Financial Officer

# Operations Committee

The Operations Committee is responsible for the implementation Group policies and procedures. The committee comprises senior management and meets on a monthly basis.

D. Olsen Group Business Process Manager and Chairperson B. Rwelengera Risk and Compliance Manager and Secretary

P. Ketshabile HR Manager

R. Pheko Finance Manager - Letshego Holdings Limited

The following attend Executive Committee and Operational Committee meetings by invitation:

V. Dlamini CEO, MP Swaziland G. Kitakule CEO, MP Uganda F.W. Mmelesi
M. Moore
CEO, LFS Botswana
CEO, Letshego Tanzania
W. Steenkamp
P.White
CEO, LFS Namibia
CEO, LFS Zambia

# Group Audit and Risk Committee

The membership of the Group Audit and Risk Committee is as follows:

J.A. Burbidge (Chairman)
I.K. Bucknor

M. Dawes (Appointed 22 April 2009)

The Group Managing Director, Group Chief Financial Officer, Group Chief Information Officer and the Director of Risk and Compliance all attend Group Audit and Risk Committee ("GARC") meetings by invitation. Representatives of the Risk and Compliance Department ("RCD") and external auditors are also expected to attend Group Audit and Risk Committee meetings. On an ad hoc basis the Chairman has the right to call in any other employee of the Group. Members of the Executive Committee, the Risk and Compliance Department, the external auditors and non-executive directors have unrestricted access to the Chairman of the Group Audit and Risk Committee. The committee meets at least two times a year.

The duties and responsibilities of the Group Audit and Risk Committee include but are not limited to the following:

- review of Executive Committee ("EXCO") reports detailing the adequacy and overall effectiveness of the Group's risk management function and its implementation by management; and reports on internal control and any recommendations, and confirm that appropriate action has been taken:
- review of risk philosophy, strategy and policies recommended by EXCO. The GARC ensures compliance with such policies, and with the overall risk profile of the Group;
- review the controls over significant risks;
- the procedures for identifying business risks and controlling their impact on the Group;
- the Group's policies for preventing or detecting fraud;
- the Group's policies for ensuring compliance with relevant regulatory and legal requirements;
- the operational effectiveness of internal controls, policies and procedures;
- monitoring the ethical conduct of the Group, its executives and senior officials;
- reviewing any statements on ethical standards or requirements for the Group and assisting in developing such standards and requirements;
- compliance with the law and regulations of any other applicable statute and of controlling bodies; and
- environmental and social issues.

#### Continued

# Risk and Compliance Department Function ("RCD")

The scope of work of the Risk and Compliance Department is to determine whether the Group's network of risk management, control and governance processes, within the Enterprise Risk Management framework that has been approved by the board, as designed and represented by management, is adequate and functioning in a manner to ensure that:

- risks are appropriately identified and managed;
- interaction with the various governance groups within the Group are fully documented and occurs appropriately;
- significant financial, managerial, and operating information is accurate, reliable, and timely;
- employees' actions are in compliance with policies, standards, procedures and applicable laws and regulations;
- resources are acquired and applied economically, used efficiently, and adequately safeguarded;
- programmes, plans and objectives are achieved and continuously applied;
- quality and continuous improvement are fostered in the Group's control and risk management processes;
- significant legislative or regulatory issues impacting the Group are recognised and addressed appropriately and communicated throughout the Group;
- company secretarial and Botswana Stock Exchange requirements are duly complied with;
- liaise with the external auditors to co-ordinate the internal audit programs with their requirements and standards.

Opportunities for improving management control, profitability and the Group's image may be identified during audits. These are communicated to the appropriate level of management.

On a quarterly basis, the RCD reviews the Group's strategic objectives, updating the understanding of the current risks facing the Group in achievement of these objectives. These risks are rated and the high risk areas are accordingly afforded priority in the internal audit reviews to be conducted during the period. These plans and analyses are also submitted to the Group Audit and Risk Committee on a quarterly basis for consideration and approval.

RCD communicates and liaises with the external auditors with regard to their work and findings in order to avoid duplications as well as to ensure synergy in the overall risk management framework.

# Remuneration Committee

The membership of the Remuneration Committee is as follows:

J.K. Bucknor C.M. Lekaukau P.Voutyritsas Chairman

The Group Managing Director, Group Chief Financial Officer and the Director of Risk and Compliance all attend Remuneration Committee meetings by invitation.

The responsibilities and objectives of the committee are the following:

- monitor and review the remuneration policies of the Group;
- ensure that executive directors and senior management are appropriately and fairly rewarded;
- ensure that market related reward strategies are adhered to; and
- establish performance targets for the Group's incentive scheme.

The executive directors and senior management play no part in decisions regarding their own remuneration. The Committee meets at least two times a year.

#### Investment Committee

The membership of the Investment Committee is as follows:

J.A. Burbidge Chairman

J.A. Claassen P.Voutyritsas

The Group Chief Financial Officer and the Director of Risk and Compliance attend the Investment Committee meetings by invitation.

The Committee's role is to assist the Board of Directors in fulfilling its oversight responsibility regarding the implementation of the Group strategic investment objectives. The Committee is responsible for:

- critically reviewing and making recommendations to the Board regarding all new strategic investments and major funding initiatives the Group may enter into;
- the mechanism for investment (start up operations, mergers, acquisitions, joint ventures etc);
- · selecting between priority and non-priority investments;
- deciding on appropriate funding mechanisms in the context of the overall funding strategy
  of the Group, including the possibility of new equity/equity-linked issues; and
- attending to such matters as the Board may determine from time to time.

The Committee meets on a needs basis.

Continued

#### Board Attendance Register and Remuneration - year ended 31 January 2009

	0							
Director	Board Attendance	Audit Committee Attendance	Remco Committee Attendance	Board Meetings	Audit Committee	Remuneration Committee	Subsidiary Board	Total
				Р	Р	Р	Р	Р
C.M. Lekaukau	4/4	-	5/5	160,884	-	103,005	68,849	333,738
J.K. Bucknor	3/4	3/3	1/1	97,283	61,313	20,438	-	179,033
J.A. Burbidge	4/4	3/3	-	117,720	61,313	-		179,033
J.A. Claassen	4/4	3/3	5/5	-	-	-	-	-
Dr Hassy H B Kitine	3/4	-	-	97,283	-	-	-	97,283
M.C. Letshwiti	3/3	2/2	4/4	89,925	45,780	91,560	-	227,265
D. Ndebele	3/4	3/3	3/3	-	-	-	-	-
P. Voutyritsas	3/4	-	3/3	97,283	-	68,405	-	165,688
Total								1,182,040

#### Board Attendance Register and Remuneration - year ended 31 January 2010

Director	Board Attendance	Audit Committee Attendance	Remco Committee Attendance	Investment Committee	Board	Audit Committee	Remuneration Committee	Investment Committee	Subsidiary Board Meetings	Total
					Р	Р	Р	P	Р	Р
C.M. Lekaukau	4/4	=	3/3	-	176,168	-	67,647	=	130,231	374,046
J.K. Bucknor	4/4	5/5	3/3	-	128,903	109,954	67,137	-	-	305,994
J.A. Burbidge	4/4	5/5	-	2/2	128,903	109,954	-	111,895	-	350,752
J.A. Claassen	4/4	5/5	3/3	2/2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Dr Hassy H B Kitine	2/2	-	-	=	64,452	-	-	=	=	64,452
D. Ndebele	4/4	5/5	=	=	-	-	-	=	-	-
P.Voutyritsas	3/4	-	2/3	2/2	106,524	-	44,758	44,758	20,438	216,478
L.E. Serema	2/2	-	-	-	97,920	-	-	-	-	97,920
M. Dawes	1/2	2/2	-	-	75,441	44,758	-	-	-	120,199
G. Hassam	2/2	-	-	-	97,920	-	-	-	=	97,920
Total										1,627,761

Note
Directors' fees for J.K. Bucknor and P.Voutyritsas were paid to Kingdom Zephyr African Management Limited the organisation that they represent. Kingdom Zephyr African Management Limited represents PAIP-PCAP-FMO Letshego Limited, a shareholder of Letshego Holdings Limited.
Directors' fees for M. Dawes and G. Hassam were paid to Sanlam Developing Markets Limited and Botswana Insurance Holdings Limited, the organisations that they represent.

Continued

#### Remuneration - Executive Directors

Executive directors' remuneration for the period was as follows:

Year ended 31 January 2010	For Management Services	Pension Fund Contributions	Performance Bonus	Total
	Р	Р	Р	Р
J.A. Claassen	2,237,295	-	1,650,000	3,887,295
D. Ndebele	1,328,109	142,462	950,000	2,420,571

In addition, 334,160 shares vested during the period to J.A. Claassen and 178,897 shares vested to D. Ndebele in terms of the Group's long term incentive plan.

Year ended 31 January 2009	For Management Services	Pension Fund Contributions		
	Р	Р	Р	Р
J.A. Claassen	2184,404	-	1,371,915	3,556,319
D. Ndebele	1,291,500	126,000	811,125	2,228,625

#### Closed Period

The closed periods for trading in the holding company's shares by directors and employees is from the beginning of the months of both the interim and the year end (i.e. I July and I January) up to the date of publication of the interim and final results in the print media and on the Group's web site www.letshego.com

Directors and employees are prohibited from dealing in the holding company's shares during such periods in which they are privy to unpublished price sensitive information.

C.M. LEKAUKAU CHAIRMAN J.A. CLAASSEN MANAGING DIRECTOR

# CORPORATE SOCIAL INVESTMENT

The Group's Corporate Social Investment ("CSI") program concentrates on assisting the communities in which we operate through investments in the areas of education, culture and arts, welfare and poverty alleviations, disability, orphans, youth, environment and HIV/AIDS sectors where our primary criteria for success will be the real difference that we make in the lives of the beneficiaries that we assist.

The Group's target is to use up to 1% of the Group's Profit After Tax for CSI initiatives.

During the year under review the Letshego Group approved a comprehensive Corporate Social Investment (CSI) policy and will partner with those organisations or individuals whom it believes can have a genuine impact on the lives of receipients and who prioritise social improvements rather than monetary returns. The Letshego Group CSI policy outlines a funding procedure through which financial support is directed to projects that seek to add value to people's lives. The key areas of focus for the policy are:

- Sport development at grass roots level
- Cultural development
- Environment
- Welfare and Poverty Alleviation, with a focus on the youth
- Music, art and culture
- HIV/AIDS
- Employee Involvement (volunteer work in any of the above focus areas).

The Group's CSI committee was formally established during the financial year to manage and coordinate the Group's corporate social investment efforts. The Committee has two primary functions:

- To act as the oversight committee for all CSI projects supported by the Letshego Group;
   and
- To monitor and encourage individual subsidiaries within the Letshego Group to initiate and successfully execute CSI projects.

During the financial year ended 31 January 2010 the Group invested P991,000 in CSI projects. These included the following initiatives which are analysed by country:

# **Letshego Holdings Limited Botswana**

Letshego supported and sponsored the Lady Khama Charity Dinner for the fourth consecutive year. The proceeds of the event are donated to various deserving NGO's as identified by its Trustees.

# **Uganda**

Partnership with Alive Medical Services ("AMS") in provision of HIV-related support to HIV positive Uganda police service personel

Micro Provident Uganda ("MPU") partnered with AMS to provide nutritional support by providing food parcels to service personal who are in the Police Force and currently receiving HIV/AIDS treatment. Nutritional support is a key element of AMS's provision of the comprehensive HIV care strategy that they have implemented. Food parcels were provided to more than 400 HIV positive AMS patients on two nutritional days for a period of four months from November 2009.



Guest of Honor, Dr Zainabu Akol, Uganda Aids Control Program, together with Mr.Geoffrey Kitakule, CEO, MP Uganda, hand over a food pack to one of AMS beneficiaries



Alive Medical Services Clinic - the venue of the partnership between MP Uganda and AMS in providing nutritional support to policemen living with HIV/AIDS

# Contribution of water tanks to schools in northern Uganda

MPU provided water storage tanks to schools in northern Uganda, a province hit hard by two decades of conflict and internal displacement. The school children in the area have benefited from clean safe treated water at their schools.

# CORPORATE SOCIAL INVESTMENT

#### Continued

#### Donation of bicycles to Gulu village health teams

MPU provided resources in the form of bicycles to support health initiatives currently being implemented by the Ministry of Health at district level, specifically the Village HealthTeam ("VHT") initiative.VHTs are involved in health service provision at grassroots level through community mobilization for treating minor ailments, routine immunization, HIV/AIDS counseling and testing, and informing the community about services available at health units. They visit from door to door checking on the welfare of the residents. Where possible, they offer the first line of treatment or refer the patients to the nearest health facility for more serious health issues. The bicycles provided will enable VHTs to easily undertake home visits and reach more people during their health outreaches/home visits.



Mr. Giles Aijukwe of MP Uganda hands over the donated bicycles to Mr. Makmot Kitara, Deputy Chairman, on behalf of the Village Health Teams Initiative



MPU team and Gulu Village Health Team

# Lidage Lethrya Care Children Children Care Children Chi

Letshego Botswana Donating to Childline Botswana

#### **Botswana**

#### Childline Botswana Annual Donation

Letshego Financial Services Botswana ("LFSB") donates towards this organization's operating costs on an annual basis. The organization helps abused, neglected and abandoned children and contributes towards the prevention and management of child abuse in Botswana.

# Cancer Association of Botswana (CAB) Annual Donation

LFSB also donated towards the operating costs of Cancer Association of Botswana. CAB is a NGO providing cancer prevention and health promotion programs in Botswana by facilitating access to health care services for cancer patients and offering support and counseling to those affected

# Aids Day Charity Music Festival Annual Donation

LFSB co-sponsored the 5th major charity show in aid of HIV/AIDS orphans in Botswana and it has sponsored and supported the event successfully for the past two years. The event is commemorated on Aids day in an effort to sensitise people about HIV/AIDS pandemic and the proceeds are donated to HIV/AIDS orphans.

# Primary and Secondary Schools Annual Donations

In support of the Company's long-held value that investment in educational initiatives is fundamental to the long-term wellness of the society, donations are made annually in response to specific requests for assistance from various schools throughout Botswana.

# Donations to SOS Children's Village

LFSB made donations to SOS Children's Village in the form of clothes and toys. SOS village is an orphanage for underprivileged children.

# CORPORATE SOCIAL INVESTMENT

Continued



Some of the participants from the SOS Village, Gaborone

# Donation of Sport Kits for Ghanzi District Council (GDC) Botswana Games

LFSB purchased kits for various sports codes for the Ghanzi District Council to participate in the 2<sup>nd</sup> Botswana games. The goal of the Botswana Games is to promote the culture of sport for all at grass roots level and raise the standard of sport in Botswana.

#### **Namibia**

# Dagbreek School for impaired children

Letshego Financial Services Namibia ("LFSN") donated to the Dagbreek School for the impaired and the money donated has been earmarked to be used for horse therapy which can dramatically improve certain disabilities and disorders. In addition LFSN donated towards the salary of a teacher to assist autistic children at the school.

# Beautiful Gates Pre School

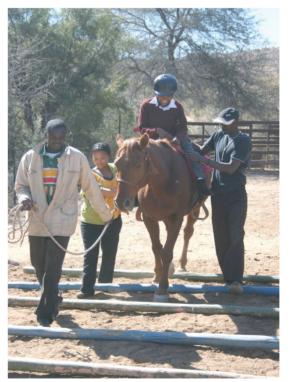
This is a school for HIV/AIDS orphans. LFSN donates monthly towards the operational costs of the school.

# Cancer Association of Namibia (CAN)

LFSN donated funds to CAN towards the treatment and fight against cancer.

# Employee Engagement

Letshego Group takes its social responsibility role seriously and promotes a culture where each employee understands and actively supports the aims of CSI initiatives within the Group. The Group gives its employees a chance to participate in a program of events and fundraising activities throughout the year to raise funds towards their chosen charity of the year in a fun, friendly environment.



Horse therapy at Dagbreek School for impaired children

# SUSTAINABILITY REPORT

Our approach to sustainability reporting is one that embr aces the principles of the Letshego values: transparency, integration, opportunity, integrity, teamwork, communication, recognition, good governance and continuous enhancement. The board is accountable for the sustainability of the business and this is a standard board item.

Letshego recognises the importance of balancing its long-term business sustainability requirements with short-term focus and goals. Accordingly, Letshego has developed and continuously refines, strategies and policies that contribute to the sustainable development of the Group to ensure that both the financial and the non financial aspects of our businesses are appropriately evaluated and responsibly managed.

This report is divided into two categories:

- Our Business, and
- Our People.

#### Our Business

Letshego has successfully used a payroll deduction model as a core aspect of its business since it commenced operations in Botswana in 1998.

# Payroll deduction

The Group's main activity is to extend short to medium term, personal and unsecured loans to its customers who are individuals that are employed by government, parastatals as well as the private sector. Loan repayments are facilitated through payroll systems of participating employers, whereby the participating employer grants a code that allows Letshego to deduct loan repayments directly from the salary.

# Regulation

Key drivers for the consumer finance payroll based deduction industry, going forward, will include developments in legislation or the regulatory framework, such as the establishment of the Non Bank Financial Institution Regulatory Authority in Botswana.

Central Registries are the emerging best practice across the industry where the salary based model are in place. The Central Registry's is main role is to administer and manage non statutory

deductions from Government employee's salaries and to ensure compliance with minimum take home pay legislation or regulations. Central Registries are in place in Botswana, Namibia and now more recently, Swaziland and Uganda.

# **Funding**

Given that Letshego does not take deposits, access to funding is also a critical success factor for the Group. Letshego has successfully raised significant funding over the last two years and is well positioned in this regard. However, further efforts continue to be made to broaden the Group's funding base.

# Competition

While we believe Letshego offers a number of competitive advantages in the markets in which we operate, we recognise the necessity to maintain, if not enhance, our competitive position. Our collaboration with stakeholders such as employers allows us key insight into the drivers of consumer finance demand. Customer attraction and retention and ultimately market share is generally based on product quality, pricing, brand recognition and customer service.

Currently the Group is working towards building one brand that is recognized on a pan African basis in the markets that Letshego operates. The strategy is to focus on building wider and long-term partnerships with our current and future customers and to build a strong brand that will underpin our ability to retain and grow market share.

#### Customers

Credit is a commercial transaction where the bargaining position of borrowers is generally weak, especially the low-income earners and Letshego recognizes the need for borrowers to be protected, to promote transparency in the market and to ensure fair treatment of the clients. Therefore in all our operations across Africa, Letshego adopts the country's respective Usury/Consumer Lending legislation and in the absence of such legislation it aligns its operations with other developed related legislations such as the National Credit Act of South Africa. This helps to ensure that Letshego customers understand the actual cost of credit and the consequences of default.

The Global Reporting Initiative (GRI) Sustainability Reporting Guidelines (available at: www.globalreporting.org ) has been used as a framework for this report.

# SUSTAINABILITY REPORT

Continued

Additional measures employed by Letshego Group to protect its customers are as follows:

	Consumer Pro	otection Across Letshego Group
Loan cycle	Risks to consumer abuse	Letshego protective measures
Before sale	Incorrect or misleading advertising	Clear written communication with potential customers regarding products offered and information required as part of loan application process
At time of sale	Inappropriate contract wording	The Letshego Group has standardized contracts with disclosure of costs and other loan terms
	Legislation	The Group adopts host country Usury/Lending Act or regulations and in the absence of such act aligns its operations with the National Credit Act of South Africa.
	Unfair discrimination in lending decision	Letshego requires that reasons be given to customers for rejection of loan applications
	Penalties imposed for loan cancellation	Letshego has a mandatory "cooling-off" period across the Group during which the borrower can cancel the loan without penalty
After sale	Inaccurate recording of borrower payments	Provide statements of account at the request of the customer and at no cost to the customer
	Illegal payment collection methods	Collections are made through the payroll system
	Actions against a borrower who has no legal recourse or defense	The Group endeavours to resolve its disputes outside of court
	Abusive behaviour in the collection process	Collections are made through the payroll system
	Disclosure borrower information to other parties	Borrower's information can only be shared with the borrower's written consent

# SUSTAINABILITY REPORT

#### Continued

# Our people

Our people play a critical role in the success of the business and the following is relevant in this regard.

# Human Capital Sustainability

Human capital is a key component of Letshego's business. Letshego values its employees and endevours to recruit and retain the best skills in the market. Continuous reviews are performed of compensation and benefits, skills development and opportunities.

# Salary Benchmarking

Letshego uses independent remuneration specialists to undertake general and sector specific salary surveys to benchmark staff remuneration. In general, Letshego remunerates on the 50th quartile. The Company also uses the Group's Long Term Incentive Plan to allow key employees to become shareholders in Letshego.

#### Pension Scheme

A key objective for the Letshego Group Pension Scheme is to provide for employees retirement and to educate members in retirement related matters.

# Skills Development and Training

Letshego has and continues to invest significantly in developing its employees. The Group has established dedicated programs to identify and develop high potential employees. These programs improve general management skills and specific functional expertise. These programs cater for international development and opens up pan African employment opportunities, facilitating the dissemination of expertise across the Group.

# **Employee Wellness**

Letshego has an HIV/Aids policy and promotes healthy lifestyle and living. An HIV/Aids awareness day is celebrated annually on 1 December of each year. In conjunction with the medical aid scheme service providers and other stakeholders, an employee wellness day is organised on an annual basis to ensure that employees are aware of their overall health status. Free HIV/Aids testing is also conducted on site and employees are encouraged to know their status.

# Succession Planning

Succession planning forms part of the Group's staff retention policies, and this includes training and career development.

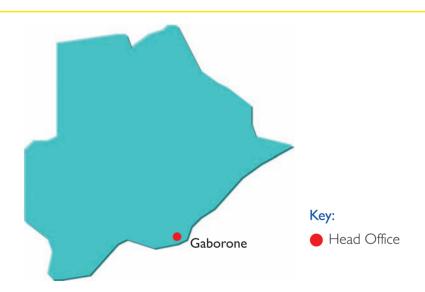
The Group has linked its succession planning and employment equity strategies to focus on skills development and the training of its employees. This allows employees to take advantage of internal opportunities for advancement. Each subsidiary with the assistance of the Group Human Resources department is responsible for putting plans in place to ensure the smooth succession of key executives. The succession strategy includes, where appropriate, the recruitment of talented individuals from outside the Group.

#### Conclusion

The Group's sustainability reporting will evolve with best practice and is expected to include a formal assessment in future reporting periods.

# **Botswana**

# Letshego Holdings Limited



Letshego Holdings Limited is the holding company of the Group, is listed on the Botswana Stock Exchange and is accredited with the Botswana International Financial Services Centre ("IFSC"). The holding company provides management support through a shared service centre to subsidiaries in the areas of finance, ICT, human resources and communication.

# BOTSWANA – Letshego Holdings Limited

Company Statistics	2010	2009	2008
Number of Branches - Head Office	1	I	1
Number of Staff	41	35	31
Male	50%	52%	49%
Female	50%	48%	51%
Citizen	91%	89%	87%
Non Citizen	9%	11%	13%
Regulatory Authority		Financial Institutions Fitock Exchange	Regulatory Authority



Attendees at the EGM held in Gaborone during January 2009

Continued

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**Botswana** Letshego Financial Services (Pty) Limited



Francistown branch football team

# Francistown Letlhakane Ghanzi Selebi- Phikwe Palapye Key: Main Branches Lobatse Satelites

#### **COUNTRY STATISTICS**

Population	1,800,000
Economically active	788,000
Formally employed	539,000
Government employees	112,000

Source: 2001 National census and Management estimates

**Regulatory Framework** - Non Bank Financial Institutions Regulatory Authority

# Company Statistics

	2010	2009	2008
Number of branches - main	4	4	4
Number of branches - satellite	5	5	4
Number of staff	89	89	81
Male	30%	38%	35%
Female	70%	62%	65%
Citizen	100%	100%	100%
Non Citizen	0%	0%	0%
Customers - employment by Governmentor quasi Government	95%	95%	95%
Customers - employment by Parastatals or the private sector	5%	5%	5%
Total number of customers	36,818	35,680	35,534
Average value of loans at 31 January	P31.6K	P25.6K	P17.0K
Average interest yield on advances to customers at 31 January	42.0%	40.7%	40.8%
% of book on payroll deduction model	99%	99%	100%
Collection statistics - average collection rate	98%	98%	98%
Central register in place	yes	yes	yes

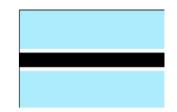
Financial Highlights - Pula	31 Jan 2010	31 Jan 2009	31 Jan 2008
	P'000	P'000	P'000
Net payouts	340,252	392,752	299,445
Impairment cost as a % of ave loan book	2.4%	2.4%	I.8%
Cost to income ratio	7.8%	8.0%	8.9%
Total income Interest expense Staff costs Operating costs Impairment of loans and advances Profit before tax	432,002	329,474	233,585
	(113,631)	(89,776)	(36,752)
	(16,593)	(11,747)	(10,409)
	(8,126)	(7,420)	(7,035)
	(24,880)	(19,198)	(10,101)
	268,772	201,333	169,288

NOTE: 31 January 2008 is for a fifteen month period



LFSB Team at a Middle Management Workshop

Continued



# **Botswana**

# Letshego Financial Services (Pty) Limited

# ANALYSIS OF ADVANCES TO CUSTOMERS 31 IANUARY 2008



# 31 JANUARY 2009

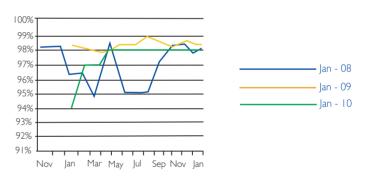


# 31 JANUARY 2010



#### ANALYSIS OF COLLECTION BY MONTH

31 January 2008(15 Months) & 31 January 2009 & 31 January 2010

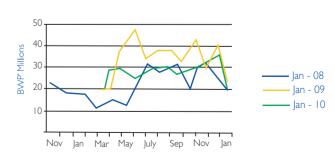


#### Board Attendance Registration and Remuneration

Year ended 31 January 2010	Nationality	Board Attendance	Remuneration P	
L.E. Serema (Chairman)	Botswana	2/2	69,505	Appointed 22 July 2009
F.W. Mmelesi (Chief Executive Officer)	Botswana	2/2	-	Appointed 9 July 2009
J.A. Claasen	RSA	2/2	=	
C.M. Lekaukau	Botswana	2/2	66,879	Appointed 9 July 2009
D. Ndebele	Botswana	2/2	-	

#### ANALYSIS OF NET PAYOUTS BY MONTH

31 January 2008(15 Months) & 31 January 2009 & 31 January 2010



#### Continued





A sales consultant (Mbabane Branch) assisting a client

# **SWAZILAND** Micro Provident Swaziland (Pty) Limited

# Mbabane Manzini Key: Head Office Main Branch COUNTRY STATISTICS Population Economically active Formally employed Government employees Source: Management estimates

**Regulatory Framework** - Money Lending and Credit Financing Act and the Employment Act

Company Statistics			
,	2010	2009	2008
Number of branches - main	2	2	2
Number of staff	14	17	15
Male	43%	47%	48%
Female	57%	53%	52%
Citizen	100%	100%	100%
Non Citizen	0%	0%	0%
Customers - employment by Government or quasi Government	100%	100%	100%
Customers - employment by Parastatals or the private sector	0%	0%	0%
Total number of customers	6,714	8,971	7,193
Average value of loans	P22,2K	P21.3K	P13.9K
Average interest yield on advances to customers	43.0%	36.3%	42.4%
% of book on payroll deduction model	100%	100%	100%
Collection statistics - average collection rate	99%	99%	99%
Central register in place	YES	No	No

Financial Highlights - Local Currency	31 Jan 2010	31 Jan 2009	31 Jan 2008
	SEL'000	SEL'000	SEL'000
Total income	91,228	69,445	45,508
Interest expense	(24,448)	(29,862)	(17,151)
Staff costs	(2,757)	(2,310)	(1,222)
Operating costs	(2,947)	(2,690)	(2,247)
Impairment of loans and advances	(5,589)	(6,317)	(4,267)
Profit before tax	55,487	28,266	20,621

Financial Highlights - Pula	31 Jan 2010	31 Jan 2009	31 Jan 2008
	P'000's	P'000's	P'000's
Net payouts	24,633	151,750	106,323
Impairment charge as a % of average loanbook	3.0%	3.7%	1.3%
Cost to income ratio	7.9%	13.0%	9.9%
Total income	78,954	56,841	37,197
Interest expense	(21,156)	(24,117)	(13,196)
Staff costs	(2,526)	(2,290)	(847)
Operating costs	(2,062)	(1,966)	(1,540)
Impairment of loans and advances	(5,212)	(5,501)	(3,802)
Profit before tax	47,998	22,967	17,812

NOTE: 31 January 2008 is for a fifteen month period

#### Continued

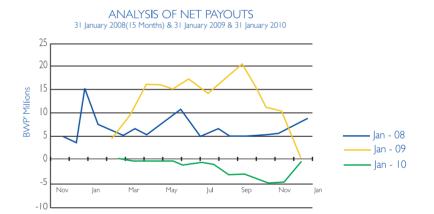




MPS team

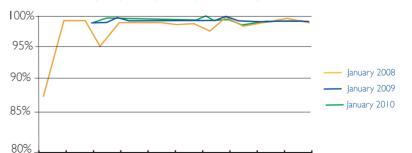
### **SWAZILAND** Micro Provident Swaziland (Pty) Limited

#### ANALYSIS OF ADVANCES TO CUSTOMERS 31 JANUARY 2010 31 JANUARY 2008 31 JANUARY 2009 I2 month I% 24 month 5% 36 - month - 5% 36 month 5% Other - 4% 48 month 11% - month - 10% others 7% 60 month 77% 60 - month - 81% Total: BWP100.5m Total: BWP193.4m Total: BWP 147m



#### Board Attendance Register and Remuneration

Year ended 31 January 2010	Nationality	Board Attendance	Remuneration P	
HRH Prince Lonkhokhela (Chairman)	Swaziland	3/3	123,794	
V.H. Dlamini (Chief Executive Officer)	Swaziland	3/3	=	
J.A. Claasen	RSA	3/3	i i	
D. Ndebele	Botswana	3/3	=	
S. Nkonyane	Swaziland	2/2	54,001	Appointed 22 April 2009



ANALYSIS OF COLLECTIONS
31 January 2008(15 Months) & 31 January 2009 & 31 January 2010

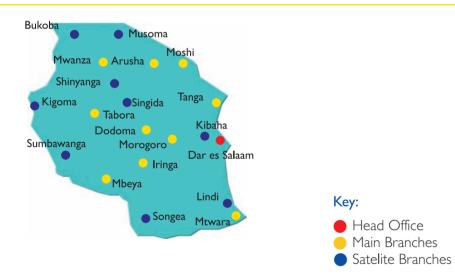


Letshego Tanzania Limited Staff

Continued



**TANZANIA** Letshego Tanzania Limited (Formerly Micro Provident Tanzania Limited)



#### **COUNTRY STATISTICS**

Population	35,000,000
Economically active	21,200,000
Formally employed	16,000,000
Government employees	573,000

Source: Tanzanian National Statistics office and Management estimates

Regulatory Framework - N/A

### **Company Statistics**

	2010	2009	2008
Number of branches - main	13	11	7
Number of branches - satellite	17	70	30
Number of staff	123	109	76
Male	46%	70%	70%
Female	54%	30%	30%
Citizen	99%	99%	99%
Non Citizen	1%	1%	1%
Customers - employment by Government or quasi Government	100%	100%	100%
Customers - employment by Parastatals or the private sector	0%	0%	0%
Total number of customers	32,833	24,061	13,484
Average value of loans at 31 January	P4.4K	P5.4K	P4.2K
Average interest yield on advances to customers	51.0%	66.7%	68.6%
% of book on payroll deduction model	100%	100%	100%
Collection statistics - average collection rate	100%	92%	75%
Central register in place	No	No	No

Financial Highlights - Local Currency	31 Jan 2010	31 Jan 2009	31 Jan 2008
	TSH'000	TSH'000	TSH'000
Total income	12,969,383	8,883,521	3,213,860
Interest expense	(1,627,931)	(2,259,331)	(1,285,031
Staff costs	(1,679,249)	(1,104,747)	(558,610)
Operating costs	(1,916,625)	(1,179,213)	(913,042)
Impairment of loans and advances	(722,616)	(539,652)	(118,532)
Profit before tax	7,022,962	3,800,578	338,645

31 Jan 2010	31 Jan 2009	31 Jan 2008
P'000's	P'000's	P'000's
72,297	80,937	56,000
2.7%	3.5%	0.2%
31%	33%	7.6%
69,191 (8,992) (8,860) (9,857) (3,726)	50,996 (12,690) (6,328) (6,454) (3,498)	16,343 (6,525) (3,059) (4,543) (690) 1,526
	72,297 2,7% 31% 69,191 (8,992) (8,860) (9,857)	72,297 80,937 2.7% 3.5% 31% 33% 69,191 50,996 (8,992) (12,690) (8,860) (6,328) (9,857) (6,454) (3,726) (3,498)

NOTE: 31 January 2008 is for a fifteen month period

12 month 2%

48 month 11%

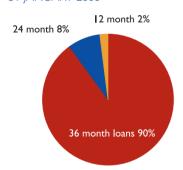
60 month

#### Continued



TANZANIA Letshego Tanzania Limited

#### ANALYSIS OF ADVANCES TO CUSTOMERS 31 JANUARY 2008



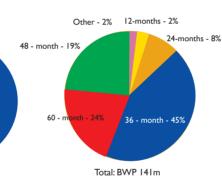
Total: BWP57.6m

#### 31 JANUARY 2009

24 month 8%

36 month loans 68%

Total: BWPI34.2m



#### 31 JANUARY 2010



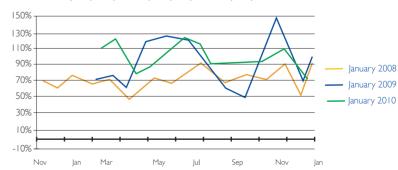
#### Board Attendance Register and Remuneration

Year ended 31 January 2010	Nationality	Board Attendance	Remuneration P	
Dr Hassy HB Kitine (Chairman)	Tanzania	3/3	122,782	
M.Moore (Chief Executive Officer)	RSA	3/3	-	
J. Rugumyamheto	Tanzania	2/3	64,922	
C.M. Lekaukau	Botswana	-	-	Resigned 28 August 2009
P.Voutyritsas	Greece	-	-	Resigned 9 October 2009
J.A. Claassen	RSA	3/3	-	
D. Ndebele	Botswana	3/3	-	

#### **ANALYSIS OF COLLECTIONS**

31 January 2008(15 Months) & 31 January 2009 & 31 January 2010

ANALYSIS OF NET PAYOUTS





MP Uganda Kampala Office Team

Continued



**UGANDA** Micro Provident Uganda Limited

### **Company Statistics**

	2010	2009	2008
Number of branches - main Number of branches - satellite Number of staff Male Female Citizen Non Citizen Customers - employment by Government or quasi Government Customers - employment by Parastatals or the private sector Total number of customers Average value of loans at 3 I January Average interest yield on advances to customers % of book on payroll deduction model Collection statistics - average collection rate	2010 11 151 55% 45% 100% 0% 100% 0% 17,923 P3.6K 39.5% 100%	2009  6 3 61 49% 51% 100% 0% 100% 0% 8,309 P3,9K 51,1% 100% 97%	2008  5 3 37 43% 57% 100% 0% 100% 0% 5,652 P3.5K 60.0% 100% 85%
Central register in place	No	No	No

Financial Highlights - Local Currency	3   Jan 20   10	31 Jan 2009	31 Jan 2008
	Ugx 000's	Ugx 000's	Ugx 000's
Total income Interest expense Staff costs Operating costs Inpairment expense Profit/(loss) before tax	5,302,582	3,246.053	1,876.473
	(1,385,417)	(1,186.886)	(844,627)
	(1,361,594)	(560,536)	(297,345)
	(1,323,758)	(903,766)	(744,146)
	(830,582)	(218,910)	(73,998)
	401,231	375,955	(83,643)

Financial Highlights - Pula	31 Jan 2010	31 Jan 2009	31 Jan 2008
	P'000's	P'000's	P'000's
Net payouts	72,847	25,737	23,264
Impairment cost as a % of average loan book	5.9%	3.5%	0.8%
Cost to income ratio	70.7%	71.8%	99.0%
Total income Interest expense Staff costs Operating costs Impairment of loans and advances Profit/(loss) before tax	19,152	13,684	6,774
	(5,183)	(4,979)	(3,052)
	(4,982)	(2,453)	(1,082)
	(4,888)	(3,798)	(2,601)
	(2,892)	(939)	(269)
	1,207	1,515	(230)

NOTE: 31 January 2008 is for a fifteen month period

## Arua Masindi Luwero Kabarole Kampala \_ Rukugiri Mbarara Kabale

### Key:

Head Office Main Branches

Satelite Branches

#### **COUNTRY STATISTICS**

30,700,000 Population Economically active 10,200,000 Formally employed 563,000 315,000 Government employees

Source: Uganda Burea of Statistics, Ministry of Public Service and Management estimates

Regulatory Framework - Money Lenders Act

#### Continued

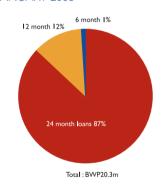


## **UGANDA** Micro Provident Uganda Limited



A group of teachers in Mbale District pose for a photo after winning instant prizes during the "Money Train Campaign". Some prizes lined up for winning are branded bicycles. T - shirts, basins, jerry cans, key holders and shopping vouchers.

## ANALYSIS OF ADVANCES TO CUSTOMERS 31 JANUARY 2008







#### 31 JANUARY 2010



#### ANALYSIS OF COLLECTIONS

31 January 2008(15 Months) & 31 January 2009 & 31 January 2010

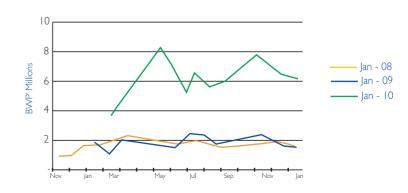


#### Board Attendance Register and Remuneration

Year ended 31 January 2010	Nationality	Board Attendance	Remuneration P	
J.A. Claassen (Chairman)	RSA	2/2	-	
G. Kitakule (Chief Executive Officer)	Uganda	2/2	-	
D. Ndebele	Botswana	2/2	-	

#### ANALYSIS OF NET PAYOUTS

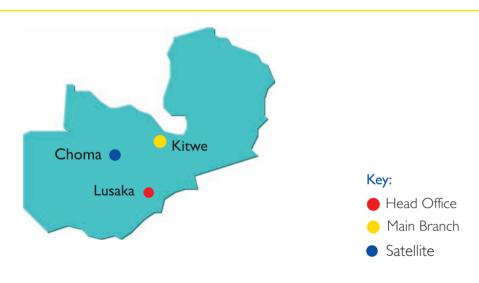
31 January 2008(15 Months) & 31 January 2009 & 31 January 2010



### Continued



## **ZAMBIA** Letshego Financial Services Limited



#### **COUNTRY STATISTICS**

12,000,000
4,100,000
2,500,000
400,000

Source: Management estimates

**Regulatory Framework** - Licensed with the Central Bank of Zambia as a non deposit taking financial institution

#### **Company Statistics**

	2010	2009	2008
Number of branches - main	2	2	1
Number of branches - satellite	1	0	0
Number of staff	28	17	12
Male	78%	68%	65%
Female	22%	32%	35%
Citizen	100%	100%	84%
Non Citizen	0%	0%	16%
Customers - employment by Government	99%	100%	100%
Customers - employment by Parastatals or the private sector	1%	0%	0%
Total number of customers	9,198	4,678	697
Average value of loans	P4.0K	P6.074	P4,562
Average interest yield on advances to customers	59.0%	56.3%	31.6%
% of book on payroll deduction model	100%	100%	100%
Collection statistics - average collection rate	104%	82%	88%
Central register in place	No	No	No

Financial Highlights - Local Currency	31 Jan 2010 ZMK 000's	31 Jan 2009 ZMK 000's	31 Jan 2008 ZMK 000's
Total income	11,923,365	5,590,048	303.186
Interest expense	(3,101,268)	(1,691,785)	(32,419)
Staff costs	(1,249,410)	(1,312,656)	(753,435
Operating costs	(2,102,646)	(2,044,284)	(1,011,605)
Impairment expense	(713,124)	(241,777)	(44,202)
Profit / (loss) before tax	4,756,917	299,546	(1,538,475

Financial Highlights - Pula	31 Jan 2010	31 Jan 2009	31 Jan 2008	
	P'000's	P'000's	P'000's	
Net payouts	23,739	30,557	2,983	
mpairment charge as a % of average loans	14.9%	3.4%	0.4%	
Cost to income ratio	28.3%	88.3%	1004.2%	
Total income nterest expense Staff costs Operating costs mpairment expense Profit / (los) before tax	20.550	9,364	47	
	(4.349)	(2,793)	(19	
	(1.687)	(2,332)	(1,210	
	(2.904)	(3,470)	(1,64	
	(5.044)	(573)	(7,643	

NOTE: 31 January 2008 is for an operating period of four months

#### Continued



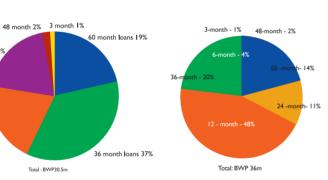


### **ZAMBIA** Letshego Financial Services Limited

## ANALYSIS OF ADVANCES TO CUSTOMERS 31 JANUARY 2008



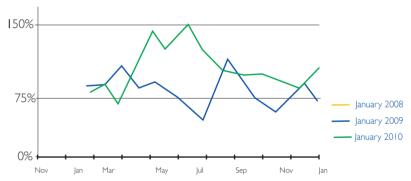
#### 31 JANUARY 2009



31 JANUARY 2010

#### ANALYSIS OF COLLECTIONS

31 January 2008(4 Months) & 31 January 2009 & 31 January 2010



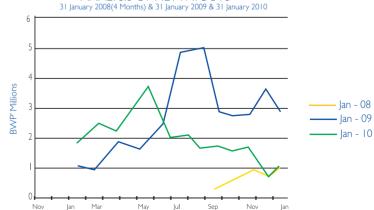
#### Board Attendance Register and Remuneration

Year ended 31 January 2010	Nationality	Board Attendance	Remuneration P	
A.B. Chikwanda (Chairman)	Zambia	3/3	144,793	
B. Ngoma (Cheif Executive Officer)	Zambia	3/3	-	Resigned 19 Feb 2010
K.R. Hyslop	Zimbabwe	3/3	140,045	
J.K. Bucknor	Ghana	-	-	Resigned 3 Aug 2009
J.A. Claasen	RSA	3/3	-	

24 month loans 20%

I2 month 2I%

#### ANALYSIS OF NET PAYOUTS





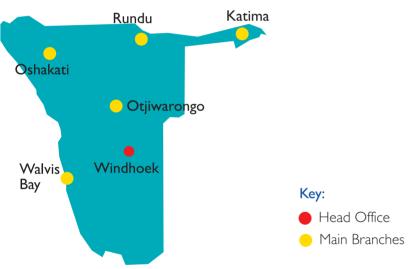
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Windhoek Office

### **NAMIBIA**

Letshego Financial Services (Namibia) (Pty) Limited Formerly Eduloan (Namibia) (Pty) Limited





#### **COUNTRY STATISTICS**

Population	2,000,000
Economically active	610,000
Formally employed	300,000
Government employees	80,000

Source: National Census 2001, Bank of Namibia Reports 2008 and Management estimates

Regulatory Framework - Namibian Financial Institutions Supervisory Authority (NAMFISA)

LFSN was acquired on 1 August 2008 and was consolidated for the five month period to 31 December 2008 in the Groups 2009 Annual Report. LFSN changed its year end to 31 January 2010 and this 13 month period was included in the 2010 Group results.

Company Statistics	2010	2009
Number of branches - main	7	6
Number of branches - satellite	2	2
Number of staff	35	33
Male	45%	42%
Female	55%	58%
Citizen	100%	100%
Non Citizen	0%	0%
Customers - employment by Government	97%	82%
Customers - employment by Parastatals or the private sector	3%	18%
Total number of customers	26,652	13,633
Average value of loans	P6.1K	P3.4K
Average interest yield on advances to customers	63.0%	69.0%
% of book on payroll deduction model	100%	100%
Collection statistics - average collection rate	98%	98%

31 Jan 2010 N\$ 000's	31 Jan 2009 N\$ 000's
73,021 (11,807) (7,640) (12,356)	12,823 (3,098) (2,306) (3,331) (709)
	73,021 (11,807) (7,640)

Financial Highlights - Pula	ighlights - Pula 31 Jan 2010 P'000's		
Net payout Impairment charges as a % of average loans Cost to income ratio	116,196 8.17% 35.2%	11,926 3,0% 53.8%	
Total income Interest expense Staff costs Operating costs Impairment expense Profit before tax	65,399 (7,105) (7,987) (12,526) (8,437) 29,344	10,322 (2,680) (1,890) (2,220) (557) 2,975	

#### Continued



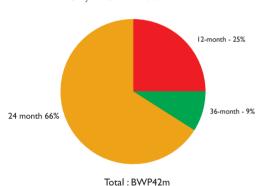
### NAMIBIA

Letshego Financial Services (Namibia) (Pty) Limited Formerly Eduloan (Namibia) (Pty) Limited

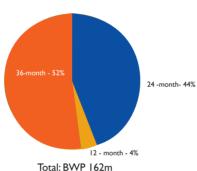


Letshego Namibia branded car

## ANALYSIS OF ADVANCES TO CUSTOMERS 31 IANUARY 2009



### ANALYSIS OF ADVANCES TO CUSTOMERS 31 JANUARY 2010

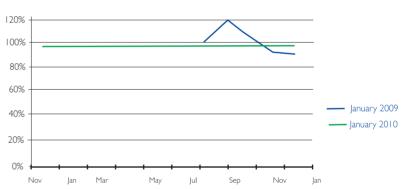


Board Attendance Register and Remuneration

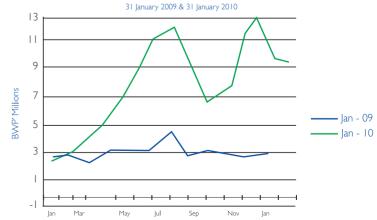
Period ended 31 January 2010	Nationality	Board Attendance	Remuneration P	
R. Mbetjiha (Chairman)	Namibia	1/1	24,339	Appointed I Dec 2009
S. Berg (Chief Executive Officer)	Namibia	-	-	Resigned 7 July 2009
Dr W. Steenkamp (Chief Executive Officer)	Namibia	1/1	-	Appointed 21 July 2009
J.A. Claassen	RSA	1/1	-	

#### ANALYSIS OF COLLECTIONS

31 January 2009 & 31 January 2010



#### ANALYSIS OF NET PAYOUTS



### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

to the shareholders of Letshego Holdings Limited and its subsidiaries



KPMG Certified Public Accountants Plot 67977, Fairground Park PO Box 1519, Gaborone, Botswana Telephone +267 391 2400 Telefax +267 397 5281 www.kpmg.com

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying consolidated and separate annual financial statements of Letshego Holdings Limited and its subsidiaries, set out on pages 44 to 86, which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 January 2010, and the income statements, statements of changes in equity and statements of cash flow for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes.

#### Directors' Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The directors are responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards and in the manner required by the Companies Act, 2003 (No. 32 of 2004) of Botswana.

This responsibility includes: designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies; and making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that

are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects the consolidated and separate financial position of Letshego Holdings Limited and its subsidiaries as of 31 January 2010, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards and in the manner required by the Companies Act 2003 (No 32 of 2004) of Botswana.

KPMG 13 April 2010

KPMG, a partnership established under the Botswana Business Names Act, is a member firm of KPMG International, a Swiss cooperative AG Devlin\* NP Dixon- Warren FJ Roos\*\*
\*British \*\* RSA
VAT Number: P003623901112

## STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME for the year ended 31 january 2010

Interest income Interest expense

Net interest income Fee and commission income Other operating income Operating income

#### **Operating expenses**

Staff costs

Other operating costs

Net income before impairment and taxation

Impairment charge

**Profit before taxation** 

Income tax

Profit for the year

#### Attributable to:

Equity holders of the parent company

Minority interest

Profit for the year

#### Other comprehensive income, net of income tax

Foreign currency translation differences arising from foreign operations

Total comprehensive income for the year

#### Attributable to:

Equity holders of the parent company

Minority interest

#### Total comprehesive income for the year

Basic earnings per share - (thebe)

Diluted earnings per share - (thebe)

Dividends per share: interim (thebe) - paid

: final (thebe) - proposed (pre share split)

Weighted average number of shares in issue during the period (millions)

Dilution effect - number of shares (millions)

Number of shares in issue at the end of the period (millions)

	GF	ROUP		MPANY
Note	2010	2009	2010	2009
1	<b>P'000</b> 588,836	<b>P'000</b> 398,311	<b>P'000</b> 123,883	<b>P'000</b> 96,535
2	(50,935)	(72,196)	(8,701)	(36,131)
	(50,755)	(72,170)	(6,701)	(30,131)
	537,901	326,115	115,182	60,404
3	118,444	87,827	-	1,692
4	46,835	4,621	193,509	284,607
	703,180	418,563	308,691	346,703
5	(80,266)	(54,522)	(35,530)	(24,741
5 6	(67,517)	(45,930)	(18,264)	(11,977
	555.397	318,111	254,897	309,985
11	(50.191)	(29,421)		-
_	505,206	288,690	254,897	309,985
7	(125,206)	(69,626)	(41,032)	(48,145)
	380,000	219,064	213,865	261,840
	370,160	216,057		
	9,840	3,007		
	380,000	219,064		
	3,953	6,168		
	383,953	225,232	213,865	261,840
		223,202	210,000	201,010
	376,388	224,952		
	7,565	280		
	383,953	225,232		
88	212.0	144.6	119.3	172.8
8	203.1	141.5	116.2	168.1
9				
9	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0
	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0
8	179.2	151.5	179.2	151.1
	4.7	3.3	4.7	3.3
20	182.4	151.5	182.4	151.5

## STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION at 31 january 2010

		GROUP		•	COMPANY
	Note	2010 P'000	2009 P'000	2010 P'000	2009 P'000
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents Advances to customers Other receivables Long term receivables Investment in subsidiary companies Property, plant and equipment Intangible assets Goodwill Income tax Deferred taxation	10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	104,462 1,682,257 74,520 8,387 - 6,610 553 25,760	5,165 1,342,557 8,453 - 7,152 596 25,760	50,475 - 59,442 8,387 1,159,800 1,580 553 - - 1,708	22 3,293 814,123 2,103 596 - 2,626 3,103
Total assets		1,915,421	1,401,021	1,281,945	825,866
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY					
Liabilities Trade and other payables Income tax Borrowings Total liabilities	18 19	129,698 38,769 377,638 <b>546,105</b>	80,114 5,042 644,385 <b>729,541</b>	34,926 6,722 150,254 <b>191,902</b>	29,547 - 231,968 <b>261,515</b>
Shareholders' equity Stated capital Foreign currency translation reserve Share based payment reserve Retained earnings Total equity attributable to equity holders of the parent company	20 21	396,019 827 18,287 932,365	35,092 4,439 10,588 616,948	396,019 - 13,747 680,277 <b>1,090,043</b>	35,092 8,104 521,155 <b>564,351</b>
Minority interest	24	21,818	4,413		-
Total shareholders' equity		1,369,316	671,480	1,090,043	564,351
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity		1,915,421	1,401,021	1,281,945	825,866

# STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY for the year ended 31 january 2010

GROUP	Note	Stated Capital P'000	Retained Earnings P'000	Share Based Payment Reserve P'000	Exchange Translation Reserve P'000	Minority Interest P'000	Total P'000
Balance at 1 February 2009		35,092	616,948	10,588	4,439	4,413	671,480
Total comprehensive income for the period Profit for the period		-	370,160	-	-	9,840	380,000
Other comprehensive income, net of income tax Foreign currency translation reserve Transactions with owners, recorded directly in equity		-	-	-	(3,612)	7,565	3,953
New shares issued	20	353,612	-	-	-	-	353,612
New shares issued from long term incentive scheme	21	7,315	-	(7,315)	-	-	· -
Allocation to share based payment reserve	21	-	(5.4.7.42)	15,014	-	-	15,014
Dividends to equity holders	9	-	(54,743)	-	-	-	(54,743)
Balance at 31 January 2010		396,019	932,365	18,287	827	21,818	1,369,316
GROUP							
Balance at 1 February 2008  Total comprehensive income for the period		35,092	422,107	3,923	(1,449)	1,594	461,267
Profit for the period		-	216,057	-	-	3,007	219,064
Other comprehensive income, net of income tax Foreign currency translation reserve Transactions with owners, recorded directly in equity		-	-	-	5,888	280	6,168
Allocation to share based payment reserve	21	-	-	6,665	-	-	6,665
Dividends to equity holders ´ Dividends to minority holders		-	(21,216)	-	-	(468)	(21,216) (468)

**Share Based** 

# STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY for the year ended 31 january 2010

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	Note	Stated Capital P'000	Retained Earnings P'000	Payment Reserve P'000	Total P'000
COMPANY					
Balance at I February 2009  Total comprehensive income for the period		35,092	521,155	8,104	564,351
Profit for the period		-	213,865	-	213,865
Other comprehensive income, net of income tax Foreign currency translation reserve		-	-	-	-
Transactions with owners, recorded directly in equity New shares issued	20 21	353,612 7,315	-	- (F 420)	353,612 1,895
New shares issued from long term incentive scheme Allocation to share based payment reserve	9	7,315	- - (54.743)	(5,420) 11,063	11,063
Dividends to equity holders		<u> </u>	(54,743)		(54,743)
Balance at 31 January 2010		396,019	680,277	13,747	1,090,043
COMPANY					
Balance at 1 February 2008		35,092	280,531	2,854	318,477
Total comprehensive income for the period Profit for the period		-	261,840	-	261,840
Other comprehensive income, net of income tax Foreign currency translation reserve			_	_	_
Transactions with owners, recorded directly in equity		_	-	-	_
Allocation to share based payment reserve	21	-		5,250	5,250
Dividends to equity holders		-	(21,216)	-	(21,216)
Balance at 31 January 2009		35,092	521,155	8,104	564,351

## STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS for the year ended 31 january 2010

#### **OPERATING ACTIVITIES**

Cash generated from /(utilised in) operations Income tax paid

#### Net cash from operating activities

#### CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES

Investment in subsidiaries
Dividends received from subsidiaries
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment
Proceeds from sale of subsidiaries
Purchase of property, plant and equipment
Purchase of intangible assets
Acquisition of business

#### Net cash utilised in investing activities

#### CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES

Dividends paid (net of withholding tax) Dividends paid to minority shareholders Gross repayments made on borrowings Gross receipts from borrowings Net cash raised from share issue

#### Net cash generated from financing activities

#### Net movement in cash and cash equivalents

#### Movement in cash and cash equivalents

At the beginning of the period Movement during the period

#### At the end of the period

	COMPANY	GROUP	G	
2009	2010	2009	2010	Note
P'000	P'000	P'000	P'000	
68,848 (52,830)	45,681 (32,453)	(186,045) (77,400)	98,195 (91,945)	22
16,018	13,228	(263,445)	6,250	
(274,587) 256,748	(345,677) 102,109 11		- - 12	14
(1,639) (368) (33,058)	56,668 (464) (269) -	(5,276) (368) (31,980)	56,668 (3,179) (269)	15 16
(52,904)	(187,622)	(37,624)	53,232	
(19,250)	(48,949)	(19,250) (468)	(48,949)	9
49,532 -	(81,714) 1,898 353,612	(10,061) 326,812	(266,747) 1,899 353,612	20
30,282	224,847	297,033	39,815	
(6,604)	50,453	(4,036)	99,297	_
6,626 (6,604)	22 50,453	9,201 (4,036)	5,165 99,297	
22	50,475	5,165	104,462	10

## ACCOUNTING POLICIES for the year ended 31 january 2010

The following principal accounting policies, which are consistent with prior years, have been adopted in the preparation of these financial statements:

#### Statement of compliance

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) and in the manner required by the Companies Act, 2003 (No. 32 of 2004).

#### Basis of preparation

The financial statements are presented in Botswana Pula, which is the Group's reporting currency. Except where indicated, financial information presented in Pula has been rounded to the nearest thousand.

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for financial instruments which are disclosed at fair value. The financial statements incorporate the following principal accounting policies which are consistent with those of the prior year.

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results which form the basis of making the judgments about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the year in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that year, or in the year of the revision and future years if the revision affects both current and future years.

Significant judgements made by management in the application of International Financial Reporting Standards consist mainly of loans and advances impairment and share based payment calculations as disclosed in note 28.

#### Basis of consolidation

Subsidiaries are all entities (including special purpose entities) over which the group has the power to govern the financial and operating policies generally accompanying a shareholding of more than one half of the voting rights. The existence and effect of potential voting rights that are currently exercisable or convertible are considered when assessing whether the group controls another entity. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the group. They are deconsolidated from the date that control ceases. The purchase method of accounting is used to account for the acquisition of subsidiaries by the group. The cost of an acquisition is measured as the fair value of the assets given, equity instruments issued and liabilities incurred or assumed at the date of exchange, plus costs directly attributable to the acquisition. Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date, irrespective of the extent of any minority interest.

The excess of the cost of acquisition over the fair value of the group's share of the identifiable net assets acquired is recorded as goodwill. If the cost of acquisition is less than the fair value of the net assets of the subsidiary acquired, the difference is recognised directly in the income statement.

Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the group. Details of the subsidiary companies are set out on note 13 to the financial statements.

Intra group balances and any unrealised income and expenses arising from intra group transactions are eliminated in preparing the consolidated financial statements. Unrealised losses are eliminated in the same way as unrealised gains, but only to the extent that there is no evidence of impairment.

#### Recognition and de-recognition of assets and liabilities

The company recognises an asset when it obtains control of a resource as a result of past events and future economic benefits are expected to flow to the company. The company derecognises a financial asset when it loses control over the contractual rights that comprise the asset and consequently transfers the substantive risks and benefits associated with the asset. A financial liability is derecognised when it is legally extinguished.

#### Plant and equipment

Plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment in value.

Depreciation is charged to the income statement on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the plant and equipment.

Computers 3 years
Furniture and fittings 4 years
Office equipment 5 years
Motor vehicles 4 years

The residual value and useful lives of each part of plant and equipment, if not insignificant, is reassessed annually. Gains and losses on disposal of plant and equipment items are determined by comparing proceeds with the carrying amount and included in the income statement.

#### Foreign currencies transactions

Transactions conducted in foreign currencies are translated to Pula at the foreign exchange rate ruling at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the balance sheet date are translated to Pula at the foreign exchange rate ruling at that date. Foreign exchange differences arising on translation are recognised in the income statement. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are stated at fair value are translated to Pula at foreign exchange rates at the dates the values were determined.

#### Foreign operations financial statements

The assets and liabilities of foreign operations, including goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on acquisition, are translated to Botswana Pula at the rates ruling at the financial period end. The income and expenses of foreign operations are translated to Botswana Pula at rates approximating those ruling at the dates of the transactions. Foreign currency differences are recognised directly in equity in the foreign currency translation reserve. When a foreign operation is disposed of, either in part or in full, the relevant amount in the foreign currency translation reserve is transferred to profit or loss.

#### Translation reserve

The translation reserve comprises all foreign exchange differences arising from the translation of the

financial statements of foreign operations as well as from the translation of liabilities that hedge the Company's net investment in foreign operations.

#### Operating leases

Payments made under operating leases are recognised in the income statement on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease. Lease incentives received are recognised in the income statement as an integral part of the total lease expense.

#### Computer software development costs and intangible assets

Software acquired by the Group is stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses.

Expenditure on internally developed software is recognised as an asset when the Group is able to demonstrate its intention and ability to complete the development and use the software in a manner that will generate future economic benefits, and can reliably measure the costs to complete the development. The capitalised costs of internally developed software include all costs directly attributable to developing the software, and are amortised over its useful life. Internally developed software is stated at capitalised cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment.

Subsequent expenditure on software assets is capitalised only when it increases the future economic benefits embodied in the specific asset to which it relates. All other expenditure is expensed as incurred.

Amortisation is recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of the software, from the date that it is available for use. The estimate useful life of software is three years.

#### Other receivables

Other receivables comprise prepayments, deposits and other recoverables which arise during the normal course of business.

#### Cash and cash equivalents

For the purposes of the cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, net of bank overdraft facilities subject to sweeping arrangements.

#### **Provisions**

Provisions are recognised when the group has a present legal obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation can be made.

#### Income tax

Income tax on the profit or loss for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax is recognised in the income statement except to the extent that it relates to items recognised directly in equity, in which case the related income tax is also recognised in equity.

Current tax comprises tax payable calculated on the basis of the expected taxable income for the year, using tax rates enacted at the balance sheet date, and any adjustment of tax payable for previous years.

#### Deferred tax

Deferred tax is provided using the balance sheet liability method, based on temporary differences. Temporary differences are differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and their tax base. The amount of deferred tax provided is based on the expected manner of realisation or settlement of the carrying amount of assets and liabilities using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax is charged to the income statement except to the extent that it relates to a transaction that is recognised directly in equity, or a business combination. The effect on tax of any changes in tax rates is recognised in the income statement, except to the extent that it relates to items previously charged or credited directly to equity.

A deferred tax asset is recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the associated unused tax losses and deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Deferred tax assets are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realised.

#### Revenue recognition

Interest income is recognised in the income statement at amortised cost using the effective interest method. The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset

or a financial liability and of allocating the interest income or interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments or receipts through the expected life of the financial instrument or, when appropriate, a shorter period to the net carrying amount of the financial asset or financial liability.

When calculating the effective interest rate, the group estimates cash flows considering all contractual terms of the financial instrument but does not consider future credit losses. The calculation includes all fees and administration charges paid or received between parties to the contract that are an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and all other premiums or discounts.

Once a financial asset or a group of similar financial assets has been written down as a result of an impairment loss, interest income is recognised using the rate of interest used to discount the future cash flows for the purpose of measuring the impairment loss.

#### Fee and commission income

Fees and commissions are recognised on an accrual basis when the service has been provided. Commission and fees arising from group credit life insurance scheme are recognised on a time-apportionate basis over the period the service is provided.

#### Interest from bank deposits

Interest from bank deposit is earned on an accruals basis at the agreed interest rate with the respective financial institution.

#### Other income

Other income comprises profit share and once-off joining fees. Profit share is recognised as profits are declared by the insurer on a notification basis. Once off joining fees are recognised in the income statement in the month a member takes insurance cover on a cash basis.

#### Dividend income

The group recognises dividends when the groupís right to receive payment is established. This is on the 'last day to trade' for listed shares, and on the 'date of declaration' for unlisted shares. Dividend income includes scrip dividends, irrespective of whether there is an option to receive cash instead of shares.

#### Stated capital

Ordinary share capital is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received and the excess amount over the nominal value of shares issued is treated as share premium.

#### Dividends paid

Dividends on ordinary shares are recognised against equity in the period in which they are approved by the company's shareholders. Dividends declared after the balance sheet dates are not recognised as a liability in the balance sheet.

#### **Borrowings**

Borrowings are recognised initially as the proceeds are received, net of transaction costs incurred. In subsequent periods, borrowings are stated at amortised cost using the effective yield method; any difference between the proceeds and the redemption value is recognised in the income statement over the period of the borrowings.

#### **Employee benefits**

Employee entitlements to annual leave are recognised when they accrue to employees. A provision is made for the estimated liability for annual leave as a result of services rendered by employees up to the balance sheet date. The company operates a defined contribution retirement benefit fund.

The group also operates an employee bonus incentive scheme. The provision for employee bonus incentive is based on a predetermined group policy and is recognised in other accruals. The accrual for employee bonus incentives is expected to be settled within 12 months.

#### Payroll administration costs

Administration costs are charged by employers for payroll deduction facilities. These costs are set-off against recoveries made from clients. Where the company is not able to recover in full such administration costs, they are recognised in the income statement as incurred.

#### Share-based payment transactions

The group operates an equity-settled conditional Long Term Incentive Plan (LTIP). Conditional awards

are granted to management and key employees. The number of vesting awards is subject to achievement of certain market and non-market conditions. The grant date fair value of awards granted to employees is recognised as an employee expense, with a corresponding increase in equity, over the period in which the employees become unconditionally entitled to the awards. The amount recognised as an expense is adjusted to reflect the actual number of awards that vest.

#### Segment reporting

A segment is a distinguishable component of the group that is engaged either in providing products and services (business segment), or in providing products or services within a particular economic environment (geographical segment), which is subject to risks and rewards that are different from those of other segments. The groupis primary format for segment reporting is based on geographical segments.

#### Earnings per share

The group presents basic and diluted earnings per share (EPS) data for its ordinary shares. Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders by the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period.

Diluted EPS is determined by adjusting the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares arising from the Long Term Incentive Plan (LTIP) awards.

#### Contingent liabilities

The group recognises a contingent liability where, it has a possible obligation from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence of one or more uncertain events not wholly within the control of the group, or it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, or the amount of the obligation cannot be measured with sufficient reliability.

#### Related party transactions

Related parties comprise directors and key management personnel of the group and companies with common ownership and/or directors.

#### Financial assets and liabilities

#### Recognition

The Group initially recognises loans and advances, deposits, debt securities issued and subordinated liabilities on the date that they are originated. All other financial assets and liabilities (including assets and liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss) are initially recognised on the trade date at which the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

#### Derecognition

The Group derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows on the financial asset in a transaction in which substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred. Any interest in transferred financial assets that is created or retained by the Group is recognised as a separate asset or liability.

The Group derecognises a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged or cancelled or expire.

The Group enters into transactions whereby it transfers assets recognised on its balance sheet, but retains either all risks and rewards of the transferred assets or a portion of them. If all or substantially all risks and rewards are retained, then the transferred assets are not derecognised from the balance sheet. Transfers of assets with retention of all or substantially all risks and rewards include, for example, securities lending and repurchase transactions.

When assets are sold to a third party with a concurrent total rate of return swap on the transferred assets, the transaction is accounted for as a secured financing transaction similar to repurchase transactions. In transactions where the Group neither retains nor transfers substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a financial asset, it derecognises the asset if control over the asset is lost.

The rights and obligations retained in the transfer are recognised separately as assets and liabilities as appropriate. In transfers where control over the asset is retained, the Group continues to recognise the asset to the extent of its continuing involvement, determined by the extent to which it is exposed to changes in the value of the transferred asset.

In certain transactions the Group retains rights to service a transferred financial asset for a fee. The transferred asset is derecognised in its entirety if it meets the derecognition criteria. An asset or liability is recognised for the servicing rights, depending on whether the servicing fee is more than adequate to cover servicing expenses (asset) or is less than adequate for performing the servicing (liability).

The Group also derecognises certain assets when it charges off balances pertaining to the assets deemed to be uncollectible.

#### Amortised cost measurement

The amortised cost of a financial asset or liability is the amount at which the financial asset or liability is measured at initial recognition, minus principal repayments, plus or minus the cumulative amortisation using the effective interest method of any difference between the initial amount recognised and the maturity amount, minus any reduction for impairment.

#### Fair value measurement

The determination of fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities is based on quoted market prices or dealer price quotations for financial instruments traded in active markets. For all other financial instruments fair value is determined by using valuation techniques. Valuation techniques include net present value techniques, the discounted cash flow method, comparison to similar instruments for which market observable prices exist, and valuation models. The Group uses widely recognised valuation models for determining the fair value of common and more simple financial instruments like options and interest rate and currency swaps. For these financial instruments, inputs into models are market observable.

For more complex instruments, the Group uses proprietary models, which usually are developed from recognised valuation models. Some or all of the inputs into these models may not be market observable, and are derived from market prices or rates or are estimated based on assumptions. When entering into a transaction, the financial instrument is recognised initially at the transaction price, which is the best indicator of fair value, although the value obtained from the valuation model may differ from the transaction price. This initial difference, usually an increase, in fair value indicated by valuation techniques is recognised in income depending upon the individual facts and circumstances of each transaction and not later than when the market data becomes observable.

The value produced by a model or other valuation technique is adjusted to allow for a number of factors as appropriate, because valuation techniques cannot appropriately reflect all factors market participants take into account when entering into a transaction. Valuation adjustments are recorded to allow for model risks, bid-ask spreads, liquidity risks, as well as other factors. Management believes that these valuation adjustments are necessary and appropriate to fairly state financial instruments carried at fair value on the balance sheet.

#### Identification and measurement of impairment

At each balance sheet date the Group assesses whether there is objective evidence that financial assets not carried at fair value through profit or loss are impaired. Financial assets are impaired when objective evidence demonstrates that a loss event has occurred after the initial recognition of the asset, and that the loss event has an impact on the future cash flows on the asset that can be estimated reliably.

The Group considers evidence of impairment at both a specific asset and collective level. All individually significant financial assets are assessed for specific impairment. All significant assets found not to be specifically impaired are then collectively assessed for any impairment that has been incurred but not yet identified. Assets that are not individually significant are then collectively assessed for impairment by grouping together financial assets (carried at amortised cost) with similar risk characteristics.

Objective evidence that financial assets (including equity securities) are impaired can include default or delinquency by a borrower, restructuring of a loan or advance by the Group on terms that the

Group would not otherwise consider, indications that a borrower or issuer will enter bankruptcy, the disappearance of an active market for a security, or other observable data relating to a group of assets such as adverse changes in the payment status of borrowers or issuers in the group, or economic conditions that correlate with defaults in the group.

In assessing collective impairment the Group uses statistical modelling of historical trends of the probability of default, timing of recoveries and the amount of loss incurred, adjusted for management's judgement as to whether current economic and credit conditions are such that the actual losses are likely to be greater or less than suggested by historical modelling. Default rates, loss rates and the expected timing of future recoveries are regularly benchmarked against actual outcomes to ensure that they remain appropriate.

Impairment losses on assets carried at amortised cost are measured as the difference between the carrying amount of the financial assets and the present value of estimated cash flows discounted at the assets' original effective interest rate. Losses are recognised in profit or loss and reflected in an allowance account against loans and advances. Interest on the impaired asset continues to be recognised through the unwinding of the discount.

When a subsequent event causes the amount of impairment loss to decrease, the impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss.

Impairment losses on available-for-sale investment securities are recognised by transferring the difference between the amortised acquisition cost and current fair value out of equity to profit or loss. When a subsequent event causes the amount of impairment loss on an available-for-sale debt security to decrease, the impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss.

However, any subsequent recovery in the fair value of an impaired available-for-sale equity security is recognised directly in equity. Changes in impairment provisions attributable to time value are reflected as a component of interest income.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 31 january 2010

#### **I INTEREST INCOME**

Advances to customers
Other - deposits with banks
- related party (note 26.1)

#### **2 INTEREST EXPENSE**

Overdraft facilities and term loans Related party (note 26.1 and note 26.2) Foreign exchange (gain) / loss

#### **3 FEE AND COMMISSION INCOME**

Administration fees - legal expense insurance agency Administration fees - lending Arrangement fees from related party (note 26.1) Credit life insurance commission (note 18.3 and note 26.8) Credit life administration fees (note 18.3 and note 26.8)

Note: The administration fees from the legal expenses insurance agency arise from Letshego Guard (Pty) Ltd. This subsidiary was sold on 31 January 2010 (see note 26.5)

#### **4 OTHER OPERATING INCOME**

Profit on sale of LG & LGICL (note 26.5)
Profit share from legal expenses insurance agency
Profit on disposal of property, plant and equipment
Management fees from related parties (note 26.1)
Guarantee fees from related parties (note 26.1)
Dividend from related party (note 26.1)
Sundry income

000         P'000         P'000         P'000           0,698         396,439         -         -           0,138         1,872         5,732         212           1,872         118,151         96,323	
1,872 5,732 212 - 118,151 96,323	2010 P'000
836 398,311 123,883 96,535	582,698 6,138 -
	588,836
<del>9,857</del> 22,508 7,503 13,672	41,770 19,857 (10,692)
935 72,196 8,701 36,131	50,935
	18,004 92,700 - 3,595 4,145
444 87,827 - 1,692	118,444
2,290     3,420     -     -     -       I     -     I     -       -     -     30,763     21,088       -     -     5,759     6,771       -     -     102,109     256,748	42,568 2,290 I - - - 1,976
	46,835

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 31 january 2010 Continued

#### **5 STAFF COSTS**

Salaries and wages Staff incentive (note 18.2) Staff pension fund contribution Directors' remuneration - for management services (executive) Long term incentive plan

#### **6 OTHER OPERATING COSTS**

Accounting and secretarial fees Advertising

Audit fees - current year

- prior year under provision

- other fees paid to auditors

Bank charges

Computer expenses

Consultancy fees

Depreciation - Computer equipment (note 15)

- Office furniture and equipment (note 15)
- Motor vehicles (note 15)

Amortisation of intangible assets (note 16)

Directors' fees - non executive

Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment

Operating lease rentals - property

Other operating expenses

Payroll administration costs

Professional fees

Telephone and postage

Travel

GROU	JP		COMPANY
2010	2009	2010	2009
P'000	P'000	P'000	P'000
40,434	30,995	10,604	8,929
14,875	8,671	6,679	4,045
3,636	2,407	877	733
6,307	5,784	6,307	5,784
15,014	6,665	11,063	5.250
80,266	54,522	35,530	24,741
530	592	207	429
8,787	7,707	132	280
1,325	1,058	251	159
192	100	-	-
238	197	-	36 319
2,749	2,466	695	319
2,525	2,059	1,778	1,503
2,296	550	816	86
1,448	817	575	180
1,451	1,580	397	496
292	102	-	-
312	763	312	735
1,627	1,182	1,648	1,182
48	4.000	-	-
7,175	4,060	1,017	919
16,622	12,836	8,041	3,415
8,320 2,169	1,622 925	-	-
2,823	2,306	- 384	324
6,588	5,008	2,011	1,914
67,517	45,930	18,264	11,977
,	,		11,011

for the year ended 31 january 2010

Continued

	GRO	OUP	c	OMPANY
	2010 P'000	2009 P'000	2010 P'000	2009 P'000
7 INCOME TAX				
Company taxation - Basic taxation - Additional company taxation - Under provision from prior year - Withholding tax on dividends paid - Withholding tax on dividends received	86,923 33,659 3,068 (5,793)	49,036 24,234 3,214 (1,964)	15,697 6,803 - (5,793) 14,700	9,762 3,502 102 (1,964) 38,512
<ul> <li>Deferred taxation movement</li> <li>Capital gains tax arising on sale of subsidiaries</li> <li>Other taxes</li> </ul>	117,857 (1,534) 7,727 1,156 125,206	74,520 (4,971) - 77 <b>69,626</b>	31,407 1,395 7,727 503 <b>41,032</b>	49,914 (1,787) - 18 <b>48,145</b>
7.I Additional company taxation (Botswana) available to be offs against withholding tax on dividends	et			
Balance at the beginning of the period Arising in the current period Withholding tax on dividends paid Balance at the end of the year			38,522 6,803 (5,793) <b>39,532</b>	36,984 3,502 (1,964) <b>38,522</b>
All cumulative Additional Company Tax falls away on 30 June 2010 if not utilised.				
7.2 Deferred taxation Balance at the beginning of the period	(11,338)	(6,367)	(3,103)	(1,316)
Current year movement  Balance at the end of the period	(1,534) (12,872)	(4,971) (11,338)	1,395 <b>(1,708)</b>	(1,787) (3,103)

for the year ended 31 january 2010

Continued

	GRO	UP		COMPANY
	2010 P'000	2009 P'000	2010 P'000	2009 P'000
7 INCOME TAX (Continued)				
7.2 Deferred taxation				
Deferred taxation arises from temporary differences on the following items: Property, plant and equipment Share based payment provision Staff incentive provision General impairment provision Taxation losses Deferred rent provision Leave Pay Income received in advance	(127) 3,376 115 6,979 233 (26) 74 2,248	690 1,968 1,652 6,841 55 132	164   1,4      115   -   -   18   -	180 1,314 1,609 - - - -
7.3 Reconciliation of current taxation	12,872	11,338	1,708	3,103
Income before taxation	505,206	288,690	254,897	309,985
Tax calculated at relevant tax rates	120,582	73,270	30,226	13,265
Under provision from prior period	3,068	3,214	-	102
Expenses and revenues not deductible for tax purposes	7,349	(4,894)	1,899	(1,770)
Withholding tax on dividends paid	(5,793)	(1,964)	(5,793)	(1,964)
Withholding tax on dividends received	-	-	14,700	38,512
	125,206	69,626	41,032	48,145

#### **8 EARNINGS PER SHARE**

The calculation of basic earnings per share is based on after taxation earnings of P380 000 000 (2009 - P219,064,000) and the weighted average number of shares in issue during the period of 179.2 (2009: 151.5 million). The number of dilutive potential ordinary shares at the end of the period arising from unvested long term incentive share awards is 4.7 million (2009: 3.3 million). The calculation of diluted earnings per share is based on profit for the period of P380 000 000 (2009:219,064,000) and shares amounting to 187.1 million (2009:154.8 million).

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 31 january 2010 Continued

#### 9 DIVIDENDS PER SHARE

Final dividends are not accounted for until they have been ratified at the Annual General Meeting. At a board of directors meeting held on 12 April 2010, a first and final dividend in respect of the year ended 31 January 2010 of P0.30 per share prior to a share split of 10 for 1 (i.e post share split this became P0.03 per share) (2009: first and final dividend of P0.30 per share) amounting to total of P55.2 million (2009: final dividend of P54.7 million) was proposed. The financial statements for the year ended 31 January 2010 do not reflect this resolution, which will be accounted for in shareholders equity as an appropriation of retained earnings in the year ending 31 January 2011. The withholding tax of P5.6 million arising on the first and final dividend (2009: withholding tax on first and final dividend of P5.8 million) has not been recognised in the financial statements and will be available for set off against the income tax charge for the year ended 31 January 2011. No interim dividend was declared in respect of 2010 (2009: Nil).

#### **10 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS**

Cash at bank and in hand Short term bank deposits

The short term bank deposits are held as security for borrowings. Refer to Note 19.

#### **II ADVANCES TO CUSTOMERS**

Gross advances to customers Less: impairment provisions Net advances to customers

Certain advances to customers are pledged as security for borrowings as set out in note 19.

#### Maturity analysis of advances to customers

Maturity within I year Maturity after I year but within 2 years Maturity after 2 years but before 5 years

#### **Provision for impairment**

Balance at the beginning of the period Impairment adjustment

Balance at the end of the period

	GROUP	COMPANY	
2010	2009	2010	2009
P'000	P'000	P'000	P'000
54,462	5,165	475	22
50,000 <b>104,462</b>	5,165	50,000 <b>50,475</b>	22
1,712,903	1,365,833	-	-
(30,646)	(23,276)	-	
1,682,257	1,342,557	-	-
217.725	77.07/		
217,725 296,972	77,976 118,666	1	
1,167,560	1,145,915	]	_
1682,257	1,342,557		-
23,276	13,524		
7,370	9,752		_
30,646	23,276		-

## for the year ended 31 january 2010

Continued

#### **II ADVANCES TO CUSTOMERS (Continued)**

#### Charges to the income statement

Amounts written off Recoveries during the period Impairment adjustment

#### 12 OTHER RECEIVABLES

Accounts receivable from subsidiaries
Deposits and prepayments
Administration fees receivable
Due from Botswana Insurance Holdings Limited (note 26.4)
Other receivables

### Maturity analysis of other receivables Non-current portion

Deposits and prepayments

#### **Current portion**

Accounts receivable from subsidiaries

Administration fees receivable

Due from Botswana Insurance Holdings Limited (note 26.4)

Other receivables

	GROU	СОМРА		
	2010 P'000	2009 P'000	2010 P'000	2009 P'000
	F 000	F 000	F 000	F 000
_				
	65,592	32,385	-	-
	(22,771) 7,370	(12,716) 9,752	-	
	50,191	29,421	-	-
				. 700
	- 1,854	2,125	- 580	1,790
	12,954	3,791	-	-
	56,668	-	56,668	-
	3,044	2,537	2,194	1,503
_	74,520	8,453	59,442	3,293
	1,854	2,125	580	_
_	1,051	2,123	500	
				1 700
	- 12,954	- 3,791	-	1,790
	56,668	3,771	56,668	
	3,044	2,537	2,194	1,503
	72,666	6,328	58,862	3,293
	74,520	8,453	59,442	3,293
	,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	,	

for the year ended 31 january 2010

Continued

#### **13 LONG TERM RECEIVABLES**

#### Kumwe Investments (Pty) Ltd

The loan is denominated in Namibian Dollars and bears interest at Namibian prime interest rate. Kumwe Investment Holdings Limited have ceeded their shares in Letshego Financial Services (Namibia)(Pty) Ltd as security for the loan from Letshego Holdings Limited. Kumwe Investment Holding Limited owns 15% of Letshego Financial Services (Namibia) (Pty) Limited

#### **14 INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES**

#### **Company**

Letshego Financial Services Botswana (Proprietary) Limited - ordinary shares at cost

Letshego Financial Services Zambia (Proprietary) Limited - ordinary shares and preference shares at cost

Letshego Guard Insurance Company Limited - shares at cost

Letshego Life Insurance Limited - shares at cost

Letshego Tanzania Limited (Formerly Micro Provident Tanzania Ltd) - Ordinary shares and preferance shares at cost

Letshego Financial Services Namibia (Proprietary) Limited - shares at cost

Micro Provident Swaziland (Proprietary) Limited - shares at cost

Micro Provident Uganda Limited - ordinary shares and preferance shares at cost

Micro Provident Mozambique, SA - shares at cost

Micro Provident Swaziland (Proprietary) Limited - term loan

Micro Provident Uganda Limited - current account

Letshego Financial Services Botswana (Proprietary) Limited - term loan

Letshego Guard Insurance Company Limited - current account

Letshego Life Insurance Limited - current account

Letshego Financial Services Namibia (Proprietary) Limited - term loan

Letshego Tanzania Limited (Formerly Micro Provident Tanzania Ltd) - current account

Letshego Tanzania Limited (Formerly Micro Provident Tanzania Ltd) - term loan

Letshego Financial Services (Proprietary) Limited - current account (Zambia)

Letshego Financial Services (Proprietary) Limited - term loan (Zambia)

Letshego Financial Services Mozambique, SA - current account

PANY	СОМ	GROUP	
2009 P'000	2010 P'000	2009 P'000	2010 P'000
-	8,387	-	8,387
30,000	30,000	_	_
5,856	18,960	_	
2,000	· -	_	_
2,000	-	-	
650	68,911	-	-
33,058	68,385	-	-
1	1	-	-
1,000	31,000	-	-
_	1,575	-	-
74,565	218,832	-	-
120,862	62,563	-	_
(411	(14)	-	-
582,470	765,342	-	-
(1,999	-	-	-
(1,999	-	-	-
	94,771	-	-
-	13,402	-	-
32,582	-	-	-
	1,292	-	-
8,053		-	-
	3,612	-	-
739,558	940,968	-	
814,123	1,159,800	-	-

for the year ended 31 january 2010

Continued

#### **14 INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES (Continued)**

The nature of the businesses of the subsidiary companies and the ownership details are provided below:

	Country of		
Subsidiary company	incorporation	Nature of business	% holding
Landana Firm sial Comition (Namibia) (Danamianana) Limited	Namibia	11	05 (2000-100)
Letshego Financial Services (Namibia) (Proprietary) Limited		Unsecured consumer lending	85 (2009:100)
Letshego Financial Services (Proprietary) Limited	Botswana	Unsecured consumer lending	100
Letshego Financial Services Limited	Zambia	Unsecured consumer lending	100
Micro Provident Uganda Limited	Uganda	Unsecured consumer lending	100
Micro Provident Swaziland (Proprietary) Limited	Swaziland	Unsecured consumer lending	85
Letshego Tanzania Limited	Tanzania	Unsecured consumer lending	85
Micro Provident Ghana Limited	Ghana	Dormant	100
Micro Provident Malawi Limited	Malawi	Dormant	100

#### Micro Provident Swaziland (Proprietary) Limited - term loan

The loan is denominated in South African Rand (ZAR), bears interest at Swaziland prime plus 4% per annum, is unsecured and has a term of 10 years.

The Swazi Emalengeni (SEL) and the ZAR are both members of the Common Currency Area and have the same effective exchange rate and interest rates.

#### Letshego Financial Services (Proprietary) Limited (LFSB) - term loan

The loan is denominated in BW Pula, bears interest at Botswana prime plus 2% per annum, is unsecured and has a term of 10 years.

The loan to LFSB is held as security for borrowings as set out in note 19.

#### Letshego Financial Services Namibia (Proprietary) Limited - term Ioan

The loan is denominated in Namibian Dollars, bears interest at Namibian prime plus 2% per annum, is unsecured and has a term of 10 years. The Namibian dollar is also a member of the Common Currency Area.

#### Letshego Tanzania Limited

The loan was converted to preferance shares during the period.

#### Letshego Financial Services Limited (Zambia)

The loan was converted to preference shares during the period.

#### Current accounts

The current accounts are denominated in Pula, interest free and are settled on a quarterly basis.

## for the year ended 31 january 2010

Continued

#### 15 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

GK	O	U	r
----	---	---	---

Cost

Balance at 1 February 2009 Additions Disposals

Balance at 31 January 2010

**Accumulated Depreciation** 

Balance at 1 February 2009
Depreciation charge for the period
Disposals

Balance at 31 January 2010

Net Book Value at 31 January 2010

31 January 2009

#### **COMPANY**

#### Cost

Balance at 1 February 2009 Additions Disposals Balance at 31 January 2010

#### **Accumulated Depreciation**

Balance at 1 February 2009
Depreciation charge for the period
Disposals
Balance at 31 January 2010

Net Book Value at 31 January 2010

31 January 2009

Motor	Commutar	Office furniture	
vehicles	Computer		Total
P'000	equipment P'000	& equipment P'000	P'000
601	5,209	6,820	12,630
515	1,122	1,542	3,179
-	(405)	(921)	(1,326)
1,116	5,926	7,441	14,483
106	1,971	3,401	5,478
292	1,448	1,451	3,191
	(294)	(502)	(796)
398	3,125	4,350	7,873
718	2,801	3,091	6,610
495	3,238	3,419	7,152

Office furniture & equipment	Computer equipment	Motor vehicles P'000
		. 000
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
-		-
2,263	2,187	-
1,447	466	-
397	575	-
-	(15)	
1,844	1,026	-
419	1,161	
731	1,372	-
	furniture & equipment P'000 2,178 85 - 2,263 1,447 397 - 1,844	Computer equipment & equipment P'000 P'000  1,838 2,178 379 85 (30) - 2,187 2,263  466 1,447 575 397 (15) - 1,026 1,844

for the year ended 31 january 2010

Continued

#### **16 INTANGIBLE ASSETS**

Computer software Additions Amortisation

#### Net Book Value at 31 January

Intangible assets with a cost of P367,000 and amortisation of P367,000 were sold during the year.

#### 17 GOODWILL

Carry value of goodwill

Goodwill arose from the aquisition of Letshego Financial Services (Namibia) (Pty) Ltd.

#### Fair value of assets and liabilities

Property, plant and equipment Investments
Trade and other receivables
Borrowings
Other financial liabilities
Advances to customers
Cash and cash equivalents
Provision
Deferred taxation
Income taxation
Irade and other payables
Foreign currency translation
Net assets acquired

#### Net cash outflow on aquisition

Cash consideration paid Cash acquired

Cash Consideration paid:

100% of the issued share capital of Letshego Financial Services (Namibia) (Pty) Ltd, a private company incorporated and operating in Namibia since 2002, was aquired on 1 August 2008.

The goodwill arising on acquisition was initially measured in terms of IFRS and the fair value of assets and liabilities approximated closely their carrying value at year end date. The carrying value of goodwill was reassessed and no objective impairment indicators were noted.

On I August 2009, 15% of Letshego Financial Services (Namibia) (Pty) Ltd was sold to Kumwe Investment Holdings Limited as set out in note 13.

GROUP		COMPANY		
	010	2009	2010	2009
	000	P'000	P'000	P'000
	3,026	3,025	3,026	2,658
	269	368	269	368
	2,742)	(2,797)	(2,742)	(2,430)
	553	596	553	596

25,760	25,760
-	2,038
-	1
-	125
-	(20,909)
-	(11,542) 42,303
	1,078
	(1,540)
-	(1)
-	(690)
-	(1,694)
	(1,694) (1,871) <b>7,298</b>
-	7,298
	(33,058)
_	25,760
	23,700
-	33,058
	(1,078)
	31,980

## for the year ended 31 january 2010

Continued

#### **18 TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES**

Trade and other payables Staff incentive provision (note 18.2) Deferred income (note 18.3) Related party payables (note 26.5)

## 18.1 Maturity analysis of trade and other payables Non-current portion

Deferred income

#### **Current portion**

Deferred income Staff incentive provision Trade and other payables Related party payables (note 26.5)

#### Total trade and other payables

#### 18.2 Movement in staff incentive provision

Balance at the beginning of the period Current period charge (note 5) Paid during the period Balance at the end of the period

#### 18.3 Movement in deferred income

Balance at the beginning of the period Raised / transfer during the period Credit life insurance commission (note 3) Credit life administration fees (note 3) Balance at the end of the period

GROUP		COMPANY	
2010 P'000	2009 P'000	2010 P'000	2009 P'000
32,776	38,676	7,319	11,206
19,591	14,899	13,939	10,273
63,663	26,539	-	0.040
13,668	-	13,668	8,068
129,698	80,114	34,926	29,547
37,760	20,106	-	-
37,760	20,106	-	-
25,903	6,433	_	_
19,591	14,899	13,939	10,273
32,776	38,676	7,319	11,206
13,668	-	13,668	8,068
91,938	60,008	34,926	29,547
129,698	80,114	34,926	29,547
14,899	6,228	10,273	6,228
14,875	8,671	6,679	4,045
(10,183)	´ -	(3,013)	
19,591	14,899	13,939	10,273
26,539	16,318	-	
44,864	18,497	-	-
(3,595)	(5,274)	-	-
(4,145)	(3,002)	-	-
63,663	26,539	•	-

## for the year ended 31 january 2010

### Continued

#### 19 BORROWINGS

#### Long term borrowings

African Alliance Botswana Liquidity Fund
Barclays Bank of Botswana Limited
First National Bank of Botswana Limited
International Finance Corporation
Investec Asset Management Botswana (Proprietary) Limited
Netherlands Development Finance Company (FMO)

#### **Short term borrowings**

African Banking Corporation of Botswana Limited
Barclays Bank of Botswana Limited
BIFM Capital Investment Fund Two (Proprietary) Limited
Botswana Building Society
First National Bank of Botswana Limited
First National Bank of Swaziland Limited
Investec Asset Management Botswana (Proprietary) Limited
Standard Bank of Namibia Limited
Standard Chartered Bank of Botswana Limited
Standard Chartered Bank Tanzania Limited
Standard Chartered Bank Uganda Limited
Standard Chartered Bank Zambia Limited

#### **Total borrowings**

PANY	СОМ	OUP	GF
2009	2010	2009	2010
P'000	P'000	P'000	P'000
25,000	15,000	25,000	15,000
70,000	39,519	70,000	39,519
15,080	-	15,080	-
54,266	55,135	113,069	112,442
	-	-	55,000
		55,597	30,552
164,346	109,654	278,746	252,513
	-	29,982	-
54,183	37,827	54,183	37,827
-	-	45,000	45,000
-	-	50,000	-
12,357	-	12,357	-
	-	13,195	-
	-	55,000	-
-	-	19,133	-
1,082	-	27,167	8,920
	2,773	24,910	3,047
	-	31,767	30,331
-	-	2,945	-
67,622	40,600	365,639	125,125
231,968	150,254	644,385	377,638

## for the year ended 31 january 2010

Continued

#### 19 BORROWINGS (Continued)

#### **LONG TERM BORROWINGS**

#### First National Bank of Botswana Limited

The 3 year term loan from FNB attracted interest at a fixed rate of 12.75% per annum and had the option to be repaid or converted to an overdraft facility at the end of its term in March 2009. The loan was dominated in BW Pula. The loan was repaid in full after it expired in March 2009.

The loan shared the same security as the overdraft facility - refer to note under short term borrowings.

#### African Alliance Botswana Liquidity Fund

P10 000 000 of the P25 000 000 12 month promissory note facility was repaid on its expiry in March 2009. The remaining P15 000 000 promissory note facility expired in December 2009 and was renewed for a further 12 month period with a fixed interest rate of 11% per annum. The promissory notes are unsecured and denominated in BWP.

#### **Netherlands Development Finance Company (FMO)**

The term loan from FMO is used exclusively for Letshego Tanzania Limited and is denominated in Tanzanian Shillings.

The loan bears interest at the 12 month average 182 day Tanzanian treasury bill rate plus 1.65% per annum.

The loan is repayable in six equal semi annual installments, commencing I Ápril 2009. Interest is paid semi annually in April and September each year.

The loan is secured by a corporate guarantee from Letshego Holdings Limited.

#### **International Finance Corporation (IFC)**

The term loan from IFC has been allocated to Letshego Holdings Limited, Micro Provident Swaziland (Proprietary) Limited and Letshego Financial Services Limited (Zambia). The loan to Letshego Holdings Limited and Micro Provident Swaziland Limited are denominated in South African Rand (ZAR) and the loan to Letshego Financial Services Limited (Zambia) is dominated in Zambian Kwacha.

The loans bear interest rates as follows:

- Letshego Holdings Limited 3 months JIBAR rate plus 1.8% - Micro Provident Swaziland (Pty) Limited 3 months IIBAR rate plus 2.3%
- Letshego Financial Services Limited (Zambia) 364 day Zambian treasury bill rate plus 4%

The loans are repayable in 10 equal semi annual instalments commencing on 15 December 2009. Interest is paid quarterly.

The loans are secured by:

- an unlimited pari passu cession of the loan and advances book of Letshego Financial Services(Proprietary) Limited (Botswana)
- an unlimited pari passu cession of the loan between Letshego Holdings Limited and Letshego Financial Sérvices (Proprietary) Limited (Botswana)

#### **Barclays Bank of Botswana Limited**

The term loan from Barclays Bank of Botswana Limited attracts interest at prime less 1.5% per annum and is repayable in fourteen equal monthly installments commencing on June 2009. The loan is denominated in BWP. The loan shares the same security as the overdraft facility. Refer to note under short term borrowings.

#### Investec Asset Management Botswana (Propreitary) Limited

The term loan from investec Asset Management Botswana (Proprietary) Limited bears interest at 13.25% per annum which is fixed for the duration of the loan. The loan is repayable in one payment in June 2014. The loan is dominated in BWP and is secured by a corporate guarantee from Letshego Holdings Limited.

#### **SHORT TERM BORROWINGS**

#### **Barclays Bank of Botswana Limited**

The Botswana Pula 70 million overdraft facility attracts interest at Botswana prime less 1.25% per annum and is repayable on demand.

The overdraft facility is secured by a pari passu cession of the loan to Letshego Financial Services (Pty) Limited (Botswana) and by a pari passu cession of the loan book of Letshego Financial Services (Pty) Limited (Botswana).

#### First National Bank of Botswana Limited

The BWP15 million overdraft facility attracts interst at prime less 1.25% per annum and is repayable on demand.

The overdraft facilities are secured by a pari passu cession of the loan to Letshego Financial Services (Pty) Limited (Botswana) and by a pari passu cession of the loan book of Letshego Financial Services (Pty) Limited (Botswana).

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 31 january 2010

#### 19 BORROWINGS (Continued)

Standard Chartered Banks - term loan

The Group has term loans with Standard Chartered Bank which have been allocated and bear interest as follows:

Company Letshego Tanzania I

Letshego Tanzania Limited Micro Provident Uganda Limited Letshego Financial Services Limited (Zambia) Amount
BWP 50 million
BWP 30 million
BWP 15 million
BWP 95 million

Interest Rate
Prime less 1%
Uganda Base Rate less 0.50%
Zambia Base Rate plus 1.50%

Bank

Standard Chartered Bank of Tanzania Limited Standard Chartered Bank of Uganda Limited Standard Chartered Bank of Zambia Limited

The term loans are due for repayment on 31 October 2010 and are denominated in the respective local currency

#### Standard Chartered Bank - overdraft facility

The group has overdraft facilities with Standard Chartered Bank Botswana which have been allocated and bear interest as follows:

Letshego Holdings Limited Letshego Tanzania Limited Micro Provident Uganda Limited Letshego Financial Services Limited (Zambia) Amount
BWP 9 million
BWP 23 million
BWP 15 million
BWP 8 million
BWP 55 million

Interest Rate
Botswana Prime less 1%
Tanzania Prime less 1.50%
Uganda Base Rate less 0.50%
Zambia Base Rate plus 1%

Standard Chartered Bank of Botswana Limited

Standard Chartered Bank of Tanzania Limited Standard Chartered Bank of Uganda Limited Standard Chartered Bank of Uganda Limited Standard Chartered Bank of Zambia Limited

Each of the facilities is denominated in the respective local currency and is repayable on demand.

The term loan and the overdraft facilities are secured by:

- an unlimited pari passu cession of the loan and advances book of Letshego Financial Services (Proprietary) Limited (Botswana)
- an unlimited pari passu cession of the loan between Letshego Holdings Limited and Letshego Financial Sérvices (Proprietary) Limited (Botswana)
- a lien over BWP 50 million being held on deposit with Standard Chartered Bank of Botswana Limited

#### **BIFM Capital Investment Fund Two (Proprietary) Limited**

The 90 day promissory notes have a maximum face value of BWP45 million, attracts interest at the 91 day Bank of Botswana Treasury Bill rate plus 2.8% and are secured by a corporate guarantee from Letshego Holdings Limited.

#### First National Bank of Swaziland Limited

The overdraft facility of SEL 25 million dedicated to Micro Provident Swaziland (Proprietary) Limited attracts interest a Swaziland prime less 1%, is repayable on demand, denominated in Swaziland Emalangeni and is secured by:

- guarantee of SEL 10 million from Letshego Holdings Limited
- unlimited letter of suretyship from Letshego Holdings Limited
- cession of Micro Provident Swaziland (Proprietary) Limited advances to customers book

#### **African Banking Corporation Botswana Limited**

A cash advance facility of BWP 30 million which attracted interest at Botswana Prime minus 2% and was secured by a corporate guarantee from Letshego Holdings Limited. The facility was denominated in BWP. The facility was repaid during the period.

#### **Botswana Building Society**

The 90 day promissory notes have a maximum face value of Botswana Pula 50 million and attract interest at the 91 day Bank of Botswana Treasury Bill rate plus 1%. The promissory notes are secured by a corporate guarantee from Letshego Holdings Limited. The promisory notes were repaid during the period.

#### **Investec Asset Management (Pty) Limited**

The 90 day promissory notes attracted interest at the 91 day Bank of Botswana Treasury Bill plus 1%, were secured by a corporate guarantee by Letshego Holdings limited. The promissory notes were converted into a 5 year term loan in June 2009.

#### **Standard Bank of Namibia Limited**

The overdraft facility of NAD 25 million dedicated to Letshego Financial Services (Namibia) (Proprietary) Limited attracts interest at Namibia prime less 1% is repayable on demand is denominated in Namibian Dollars and is secured by:

- unlimited letter of surety ship from letshego Holdings Limited
- cession of Letshego Financial Services (Namibia) (Proprietary) Limited advances to customers book.

#### First National Bank of Namibia Limited

The overdraft facility of NAD 33 million dedicated to Letshego Financial Services (Namibia) (Proprietary) Limited which attracts interest at Namibia prime less 1% repayable on demand is denominated in Namibian Dollars and is secured by a guarantee for NAD 33 million by Letshego Holdings Limited

Continued

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 31 january 2010

2009

P'000

1.515

600

29.700

3,937

1.069

(1,729)

33.577

35,092

**GROUP** 

2010

P'000

362,442

600

29,700

3,937

1.069

(1,729)

33.577

396,019

Continued

2009

P'000

1,515

600

29,700

3,937

1.069

(1,729)

33,577

35.092

**COMPANY** 

2010

P'000

362,442

600

29,700

3,937

1.069

(1,729)

33,577

396,019

STA			

Issued: 182,475,236 ordinary shares of no par value (2009: 151,544,881)

During the period 930 355 new ordinary shares were issued as part of the group long term incentive plan Refer to note 21. On 6 March 2009, 30 million new ordinary shares were issued as part of an offer for subscription.

#### **Share premium**

Arising on the private issue of 100 ordinary shares of P0.01 each at a premium of P5,999.00 per share Arising on the public issue of 30,000,000 ordinary shares of P0.01 each at a premium of P0.99 per share Arising on the issue of 1,214,992 ordinary shares of P0.01 each at a premium of P3.24 per share Arising on the issue of 329,889 ordinary shares of P0.01 each at a premium of P3.24 per share Less: cost of issue - listing expenses

Total share premium

#### Total stated capital

All shares in issue of P0.01 par value each prior to the commencement of the Botswana Companies Act 2003 have been converted into shares of no par value. Such conversion does not affect the rights and obligations attached to the shares. With the commencement of the Botswana Companies Act 2003 on 3 July 2007 the stated capital comprises all the called up, issued and fully paid share capital and the associated share premium account.

#### 21 SHARE INCENTIVE SCHEME

The group operates an equity settled conditional Long Term Incentive Plan (LTIP), which was approved by shareholders at an Extraordinary General Meeting which was held on 20 December 2005. Under the plan, conditional awards are granted to management and key employees of the group. The number of vesting awards is subject to achievement of certain market and non-market conditions. Share granted in terms of the plan may not exceed 10% of the issued ordinary shares of the company. The maximum number of shares which can be allocated to any individual participant under the scheme is 1% of the issued ordinary shares of the company. Shares awards under the plan have been made annually since 2005. The vesting period of the awards is generally three years.

Outstanding at the beginning of the period Granted during the period Exercised during the period Forfeited during the period Outstanding at the end of the period

Weighted average exercise price Weight average vesting period

GROUP		COMPANY		
2010	2010 2009		2009	
<b>AWARDS</b>	<b>AWARDS</b>	<b>AWARDS</b>	<b>AWARDS</b>	
<b>'000</b>	<b>'000</b>	<b>'000</b>	<b>'000</b>	
3,299	2,016	2,457	1,469	
2,685	1,516	1,710	1,022	
(930)	-	(930)	-	
(426)	(233)	(152)	(34)	
4,628	3,299	3,085	2,457	

 2007 Awards
 2008 Awards
 2009 Awards

 P8.35
 P14.80
 P10.45

 Zero months
 12 months
 24 months

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 january 2010

Continued

### 21 SHARE INCENTIVE SCHEME (Continued)

The fair value of services received using the Monte Carlo valuation model as follows: Outstanding at the beginning of the period Granted during the period Exercised during the period

### 22 CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATIONS

Operating income before taxation

Adjustments for:

- -Amortisation of intangible assets (note 16)
- -Depreciation (note 15)
- -Impairment provision movement (note I I)
- -Deferred income credit life commission (note 18.3)
- -Deferred income credit life administration fees (note 18.3)
- -Loss/(profit) on disposal of property plant and equipment
- -Profit on sale of subsidiaries
- -Long term incentive plan provision
- -Unrealised foreign currency translation gains
- -Dividend from subsidiaries

Changes in working capital:

Movement in advances to customers

Movement in other receivables

Movement in trade and other payables

Cash generated from/(utilised in) operations

### 23 CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

### Authorised by the directors:

-Not contracted for

The capital expenditure will be financed from the Group's existing resources

MPANY	CC	GROUP	
2009	2010	2009	2010
FAIR VALUE	FAIR VALUE P'000	FAIR VALUE P'000	FAIR VALUE P'000
2,854	8,104	3,923	10,588
5,250	11,063 (5.420)	6,665	15,014 (7,315)
8,104	(5,420) 13,747	10,588	18,287
DMPANY	C	GROUP	
2009 P'000	2010 P'000	2009 P'000	2010 P'000
309,985	254,897	288,690	505,206
735	312	763	312
676	972	2,499	3,421
-	-	9,752	7,370
	-	(5,274)	(3,595)
	-	(3,002)	(4,145)
	(1)	-	47
	(54,876)	-	(42,568)
5,250	5,643	6,665	7,699
		4,015	(3,613)
(256,748	(102,109)	-	-
-	_	(520,453)	(347,070)
961	(64,535)	(3,240)	(74,453)
7,989	` 5,378 <sup>′</sup>	33,540	`49,584´
68,848	45,681	(186,045)	98,195
9,012	6,322	15,500	10,555

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 january 2010

Continued

### **24 MINORITY INTEREST**

Opening balance Share of current period profit after tax Share of foreign currency translation reserve Dividends paid to minority

### **25 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT**

(a) Introduction and overview

The Group has exposure to the following risks from financial instruments:

- credit risk
- interest rate risk
- liquidity risk
- market risks
- operational risks

This note presents information about the Group's exposure to each of the above risks and the Group's objectives, policies and processes for measuring and managing risk.

### **Risk Management Framework**

The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Group's risk management framework.

The Board has established the Group Audit and Risk Committee (GARC), Remunaration Committee (Remco), Investment Committee, Group Executive Committee ("Exco"), Group Operations Committee and Subsidiary Companies Advisory Committees which are responsible for developing and monitoring Group risk management policies in their respective areas. All Board committees have both executive and non-executive members, apart from Group Exco which comprises of executive directors and senior management and report regularly to the Board of Directors and its subcommittees on its activities.

The Group's Enterprise Risk Management framework is established to identify and analyse the risks faced by the Group, to set appropriate risk limits and controls, and to monitor risks and adherences to limits. Risk management policies and systems are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions, products and services offered. The Group, through its training and management standards and procedures, aims to develop a disciplined and constructive control environment, in which all employees understand their roles and obligations.

### (b) Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Group if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations and arises principally from the Group's loans and advances to customers. For risk management reporting purposes, the Group considers and consolidates all elements of credit risk exposure such as individual obligor default risk, country and sector risk.

The provision of unsecured loans to formally employed individuals is the main aspect of the Group's business. As such, exposure to credit risk and the management of this risk is a key consideration for the Board.

The model that the Group uses to mitigate this risk is arrangements with the respective employers of Letshego customers to allow the employer to deduct the monthly loan repayment directly from the employee's (the Letshego customer) salary. This salary deduction code model is used throughout the Group.

### Management of credit risk

As set out above, the main activity of the Group is the provision of unsecured loans to formally employed individuals. The Board of Directors has delegated responsibility for the oversight of credit risk to its respective CEO's and credit departments of each subsidiary. However, this must be viewed in light of the overall framework of the exclusive use of 'salary deduction codes' as the loan repayment collection mechanism.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 31 january 2010 Continued

### 25 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

### Management of credit risk (Continued)

It is the responsibility of each CEO to ensure that the Group's policies regarding credit risk, affordability levels, minimum take home pay and adherence to Group limits and local legislation regarding take home pay is complied with at all times.

Each subsidiary ensures these procedures are performed as part of the loan application and disbursement process. Thereafter, the performance of the loan book is monitored by the in-country credit department which is assisted by head office via the finance department. Each credit department, reporting to the local CEO and supported by the finance department, is responsible for management of the Group's credit risk.

### Loan application process

Clients are employees of participating employers. Where an employer is not a participating employer, Letshego engages with the employer and obtains a deduction authorisation to enable deductions of the loan repayments from the employee's monthly salary.

All loans / services provided are repayable in equal monthly installments that are collected through a salary deduction authorisation (Salary Deduction Code) granted by the employer. The participating employer does not guarantee loans advanced to employees and is only obligated to deduct the monthly installments payable from the employee's salary prior to the salary being paid into the employee's bank account. The deductions are subsequently paid directly to Letshego on a monthly basis, by the participating employer. Loan proceeds are electronically transferred to the employee's bank account to eliminate the risk of carrying cash.

Loans are only granted to employees who are able to present their last two months original salary advice (this differs by country) and have an active bank account. This is a prerequisite as loans are not disbursed in cash. The main criteria considered by the company is the loan applicant's ability to meet his/her financial commitments and to remain with sufficient funds to fund household needs. The company applies this criteria for all customers and this complimentary to any regulatory requirements.

Letshego offers life insurance products to all its clients in Botswana and Namibia, which cover the repayment of the outstanding capital balances on the loan to Letshego in the event of death or permanent disability of the customer. This saves Letshego having to pursue the deceased's estate to recover any outstanding balance or having any claim against the loan holder's employment benefits. In the countries where no such cover is in place, then this risk is addressed through pricing and provisioning policies.

### **Monitoring of monthly collections**

In the event that a customer does not have sufficient funds from their net salary to meet their monthly loan installment the reasons for this are immediately established. If the customer is no longer employed then the loan is written off and recoveries efforts are commenced.

If the customer has changed employment to an employer with which the Group does not have a salary deduction code, then the use of pre-authorised direct debt mandates are utilised to recover loan repayments from the bank account of the customer.

If the customer is on a reduced salary, for example when taking study or maternity leave, then loan repayments are rescheduled to recommence full payments once the customer returns to a full salary.

### Follow up action on non performing loans

For loans that are written off, the credit departments follow set procedures to recover repayments. This involves, in certain instances, the appointment of legal attorneys or collection agents to secure debt judgements.

### Approval of new employers

All new employers are subject to a set assessment criteria prior to entering into salary deduction code agreements. This approval is made by the Group Exco.

### No cash transactions

Loan disbursments are processed electronically and funds are directly deposited into a customer's bank accounts. This reduces cash holding risk. Due to this methodology only customers with bank accounts can be assisted.

Regular audit of business units and credit processes are undertaken by the Risk and Compliance Department.

### **Impaired loans**

Impaired loans and securities are loans and advances on which the Group determines that it is probable that it will be unable to collect all principle and interest due according to the contractual terms of the loan.

### Past due but not impaired

Past due but not impaired loans are those for where contractual repayments are past due dates but the Group believes that impairment is not appropriate on the basis of the specific case e.g. the customer may be on a reduced salary due to taking study leave.

### 25 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

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### Loan with renegotiated terms

This applies in cases where the employer does not make a loan deduction and this is not the fault of the customer. In such cases these loans are rescheduled so as not to penalise the customer. The number and value of these loans was not significant during the financial period.

### Allowances for impairment

The Group establishes an allowance for impairment losses on assets carried at amortised costs that represent its estimate of incurred losses in its loan portfolio. The main components of this allowance are a specific loss component that relates to individually significant exposures, and a collective loan loss allowance established for groups of homogeneous assets in respect of losses that have been incurred but have not been identified on loans that are considered individually insignificant as well as individually significant exposures that were subject to individual assessment for impairment but not found to be individually impaired.

### Write-off policy

The Group writes off a loan balance, and any related allowances for impairment losses, when Group Credit determines that the loan is uncollectible. This determination is reached after considering information such as the occurance of significant changes in the borrower's financial position such that the borrower can no longer pay the obligation.

Maximum exposure to credit risk at 31 January 2010	Gross	Security	Specific	Portfolio	Net Advances
	Advances	held	<b>Provision</b>	<b>Provision</b>	
	P'000	P'000	P'000	P'000	P'000
Botswana	1,154,467	-	13,211	6,681	1,134,575
Swaziland	148,974	-	596	1,123	147,255
Tanzania	144,402	-	2,589	778	141,035
Uganda	64,454	-	1,378	376	62,700
Zambia	37,034	-	493	995	35,546
Namibia	163,572	-	510	1,916	161,146
Total at 31 January 2010	1,712,903		18,777	11,869	1,682,257
Maximum exposure to credit risk at 31 January 2009	Gross Advances	Security held	Specific Provision	Portfolio Provision	Net Advances
Maximum exposure to credit risk at 31 January 2009	Advances	held	Provision	<b>Provision</b>	
	Advances P'000	•	Provision P'000	Provision P'000	P'000
Maximum exposure to credit risk at 31 January 2009  Botswana Swaziland	Advances	held	Provision	<b>Provision P'000</b> 5,335	<b>P'000</b> 915,053
Botswana	Advances <u>P'000</u> 930,936	held	Provision P'000	Provision P'000	P'000
Botswana Swaziland Tanzania	Advances P'000 930,936 193,398	held P'000 - -	<b>Provision P'000</b> 10,548	Provision P'000 5,335 1,403	<b>P'000</b> 915,053 191,995
Botswana Swaziland	Advances P'000 930,936 193,398 134,556	held P'000 - -	Provision P'000 10,548 2,957	<b>Provision P'000</b> 5,335 1,403 1,073	<b>P'000</b> 915,053 191,995 130,526
Botswana Swaziland Tanzania Uganda	Advances P'000 930,936 193,398 134,556 33,247	held P'000 - -	Provision P'000 10,548 - 2,957 528	Provision P'000 5,335 1,403 1,073 174	<b>P'000</b> 915,053 191,995 130,526 32,545
Botswana Swaziland Tanzania Uganda Zambia	Advances P'000 930,936 193,398 134,556 33,247 30,533	held P'000 - - - - -	Provision P'000 10,548 - 2,957 528 71	Provision P'000 5,335 1,403 1,073 174	<b>P'000</b> 915,053 191,995 130,526 32,545 30,093

### 25 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

Continued

Advances to customers that are past due or impaired - 31 January 2010	Botswana	Swaziland	Tanzania	Uganda	Zambia	Namibia	Total
	P'000	P'000	P'000	P'000	P'000	P'000	P'000
Neither past due or impaired Past due but not impaired Impaired	1,117,981 36,486 -	148,483 491 -	133,669 10,733	62,798 1,656 -	35,401 1,633 -	162,941 631 -	1,661,273 51,630
Total gross advances to customers Less: impairment provision  Net advances to customers at 31 January 2010  =	1,154,467	148,974	144,402	64,454	37,034	163,572	1,712,903
	19,892	1,719	3,367	1,754	1,488	2,426	30,646
	1,134,575	<b>147,255</b>	<b>141,035</b>	<b>62,700</b>	<b>35,546</b>	<b>161,146</b>	<b>1,682,257</b>
Advances to customers that are past due or impaired - 31 January 2009	Botswana	Swaziland	Tanzania	Uganda	Zambia	Namibia	Total
	P'000	P'000	P'000	P'000	P'000	P'000	P'000
Neither past due or impaired Past due but not impaired Impaired	910,958 19,978 -	192,610 788 -	128,642 5,914	32,628 619 -	30,462 71 -	39,527 1,999 1,637	1,334.827 29,369 1,637
Total gross advances to customers Less: impairment provision Net advances to customers at 31 January 2009	930,936	193,398	134,556	33,247	30,533	43,163	1,365,833
	15,883	1,403	4,030	702	440	818	23,276
	<b>915,053</b>	<b>191,995</b>	<b>130,526</b>	<b>32,545</b>	<b>30,093</b>	<b>42,345</b>	<b>1,342,557</b>

Refer also to note 30, Significant Accounting Estimates and Judgments and the related sensitivity analysis.

Other exposures to credit risk	Group	Group	Company	Company
	2010	2009	2010	2009
	P'000	P'000	P'000	P'000
Cash and cash equivalents	104,462	5,165	50,475	22
Other receivables	82,907	8,453	67,829	3,293
Income tax Investment in subsidiaries	- 107.2/0	-	1,159,800	2,626 814,123
	187,369	13,618	1,278,104	820,064

### **Cash and Cash Equivalents**

All cash at banks is held with reputable financial institutions with good credit history and are regulated by the relevant national regulatory authority. As a result, the probability of a loss due to credit risk is assessed as low.

Income tax is due from the Botswana Unified Revenue Services, a department of the Government of the Republic of Botswana and therefore the probability of loss due to credit risk is assessed as low.

### Investment in subsidiaries

All subsidiaries are under the control of the parent company, which includes overall management and control of cash flows. All subsidiary companies are assessed for impairment and general credit risk on a regular basis, and no assessment of increased levels of credit risk was noted at the financial year end.

(c) Interest rate risk
There is an exposure to interest rate risk associated with the effects of fluctuations in the prevailing levels of the market rates on the financial position and cash flows. The cash is managed to ensure surplus funds are invested in a manner to achieve maximum returns while minimising risks. Generally, interest on advances to customers is fixed, whereas interest on borrowings is floating. The table below summarises the exposure to interest rate risk through grouping assets and liabilities into repricing categories, determined to be the earlier of the contractual repricing date or maturity.

### 25 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

Continued

Interest rate risk GROUP						
31 January 2010	up to I month	From I to I2 months	From I year to 3 years	From 3 years and above	Non Interest bearing	Total
	P'000	P'000	P'000	P'000	P'000	P'000
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents Advances to customers	104,462 22,000	225,504	326,591	1,108,162	-	104,462 1,682,257
Other receivables (including long term receivables)	22,000	225,504	326,371	8,387	74,520	82,907
Property, plant and equipment	-	-		-	6,610	6,610
Intangible assets	-	-	-	-	553	553
Goodwill	-	-	-	-	25,760	25,760
Deferred taxation	126,462	225,504	326,591	1,116,549	12,872 120,315	12,872
	126,462	225,504	326,371	1,116,349	120,313	1,715,421
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES						
Trade and other payables	-	-	-	-	129,698	129,698
Borrowings	124,702	21,800	53,208	177,928		377,638
Income tax	-	-	-	-	38,769 1,369,316	38,769 1,369,316
Shareholders' equity	124,702	21,800	53,208	177,928	1,537,783	1,369,316
		21,000	33,200	177,720	1,557,765	1,713,121
Net assets /(liabilities)	1,760	203,704	273,383	938,621	(1,417,468)	
31 January 2009	up to I month	From I to I2 months	From I year to 3 years	From 3 years and above	Non Interest bearing	Total
	P'000	P'000	P'000	P'000	P'000	P'000
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	5,165	_	_	_		5,165
Advances to customers	7,918	70,058	118,666	1,145,915	-	1,342,557
Other receivables	-	-	-	-	8,453	8,453
Property, plant and equipment Intangible assets	-	-	-	-	7,152 596	7,152 596
Goodwill			-		25,760	25,760
Deferred taxation		_			11.338	11,338
	13.083	70,058	118.666	1.145.915	53,299	1,401,021
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES Trade and other payables					80,114	80,114
Borrowings	366,392	68,893	51,364	157,736	-	644,385
Income tax	-	-		-	5,042	5,042
		_	_	_	671.480	671.480
Shareholders' equity						
Shareholders' equity	366,392	68,893	51,364	157,736	756,636	1,401,021

### 25 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

Continued

### FINANCIAL RISK (CONTINUED) COMPANY

Proof   Proo
Cash and cash equivalents
Other receivables       -       -       -       8,387       59,442         Investment in subsidiaries       18,292       -       -       922,676       218,832       1,1         Property, plant and equipment       -       -       -       -       -       1,580         Intangible assets       -       -       -       -       -       553         Deferred taxation       -       -       -       931,063       282,115       1,20         EQUITY AND LIABILITIES         Trade and other payables       -       -       -       -       931,063       282,115       1,2         Income tax       -       -       -       -       -       -       34,926         Borrowings       51,254       57,000       36,000       6,000       -       -       -
Property, plant and equipment
Comparison   Com
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES  Trade and other payables Income tax Borrowings  51,254  57,000  36,000  6,000  - I
Trade and other payables       -       -       -       -       -       34,926         Income tax       -       -       -       -       -       6,722         Borrowings       51,254       57,000       36,000       6,000       -       I
Income tax ' 6,722 Borrowings 51,254 57,000 36,000 6,000 - I
51,254 57,000 36,000 6,000 1,131,691 1,2
Net assets / (liabilities) 17,513 (57,000) (36,000) 925,063 (849,576)
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents 22
Other receivables 3,293
Investment in subsidiaries         -         -         -         -         739,558         74,565         8           Property, plant and equipment         -         -         -         -         -         2,103
Intangible assets         -         -         -         -         -         596           Income tax         -         -         -         -         -         2,626
Deferred taxation
27 _ 739 558 96 286 98
22 739,558 86,286 8
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES Trade and other payables  29,547
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES  Trade and other payables  29,547  Borrowings 67,972 45,551 21,888 96,557 - 2  Shareholders' equity 564,351 5
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES Trade and other payables  29,547

### 25 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

The previous table shows the undiscounted cash flows on the Group's financial liabilities and unrecognised loan commitments on the basis of their earliest possible contractual maturity. The Group's expected cash flows of these instruments may vary from this analysis. For example, regular meetings and updates are provided to the Group's financiers so as to ensure that facilities and lines of credit remain open and unrecognised loan commitments are not all expected to be drawn down immediately.

Sensitivity to changes to interest rates on borrowings

The majority of the Group's borrowings are linked to variable interest rates

	Group	Group	Company	Company
	2010	2009	2010	2009
The average cost of borrowings in percentage was (including the impact of foreign exchange gains or losses)	9.96%	15.18%	4.55%	17.44%
The impact of a 1% increase in leanding rates on interest expense would be adverse	5,065,515	4,749.000	1,897,254	2,077,000
The impact of a 1% decrease in leanding rates on interest expense would be favourable	5,065,515	4,762.000	1,897,245	2,067,000

### (d) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that operations cannot be funded and financial commitments cannot be met timeously and cost effectively. The risk arises from both the difference between the magnitude of assets and liabilities and the disproportion in their maturities. Liquidity risk management deals with the overall profile of the balance sheet, the funding requirements of the Group and cash flows. In quantifying the liquidity risk, future cash flow projections are simulated and necessary arrangements are put in place in order to ensure that all future cash flow commitments are met from the working capital generated by the Group and also from available financial institutions facilities.

### (e) Market risks

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as interest rates and foreign exchange rates will affect the fair value or future cashflows of a financial instrument. Market risk arises from open positions in interest rates and foreign currencies, both which are exposed to general and specific market movements and changes in the level of volatility. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimising the return on risk.

### Management of market risks

Overall responsibility for managing market risk rests with the Group Audit and Risk Committee. Management is responsible for the development of detailed risk management policies (subject to review by the Group Audit and Risk committee) and for the day to day implementation of those policies.

### **Currency risk**

The result of foreign exchange positions on the Group's net investments in subsidiaries is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income.

The Group does not have any exposure to US Dollar, Sterling or Euro denominated liabilities. Assets and liabilities in each local currency are matched to a large extent. The Group has borrowings in Rand, but these are matched with assets in Swaziland and Namibia, which are part of the common currency area with South Africa.

### Continued

### 25 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

The Group does not maintain significant open current positions. The Group has the following currency exposures (Pula equivalent) at the balance sheet date.

31 January 2010	SA Rand P'000	Swaziland Emalangeni P'000	Tanzanian Shillings P'000	Ugandan Shillings P'000	Zambian Kwacha P'000	Namibian Dollar P'000	Mozambique Meticash P'000	Botswana Pula P'000	Total <u>P'000</u>
Cash and cash equivalents Advances to customers Other receivables (including long term receivables)		12,390 147,255 -	769 141,035 298	20 62,700 236	2.089 35,546 398	37.328 161,146 21,714	1,391 - 166	50,475 1,134,575 60,095	104,462 1,682,257 82,907
Total assets		159.645	142,102	62,956	38,033	220,188	1,557	1,245,145	1,869,626
Borrowings Trade and other payable	55,135	44,330 2,068	33,599 4,044	30,331 638	12,976 1,159	- 35,125	- 198	201,267 86,466	377,638 129,698
Total liabilities	55,135	46,398	37,643	30,969	14,135	35,125	198	287,733	507,336
Net exposure	(55,135)	113,247	104,459	31,987	23,898	185,063	1,359	957,412	1,362,290
Exchange rates at 31 January 2010 - assets BWP 1.00= Exchange rates at 31 January 2010 - liabilities BWP 1.00=	1.10 1.14	1.10 1.14	192.34 196.94	286,82 286.31	671,59 681.21	1.10 1.14	3831.57 3853.98	1.00 1.00	
31 January 2009									
Cash and cash equivalents Advances to customers Other receivables	- - -	2 191,995 -	145 130,526 580	17 32,545 448	212 30,093 91	2,478 42,345 113	<u> </u>	2,311 915,053 7,221	5,165 1,342,557 <u>8,453</u>
Total assets		191,997	131,251	33,010	30,396	44,936	-	924,585	1,356,175
Borrowings Trade and other payable	54,266	56,942 1,979	80,507 1,989	31,767 670	18,002 445	19,133 14,486	-	383,768 60,545	644,385 80,114
Total liabilities	54,266	58,921	82,496	32,437	18,447	33,619	-	444,313	724,449
Net exposure	(54,266)	133,076	48,755	573	11,949	11,317	-	480,272	631,676
Exchange rates at 31 January 2010 - assets BWP 1.00= Exchange rates at 31 January 2010 - liabilities BWP 1.00=	1.24 1.29	1.24 1.29	161.41 168.87	206,86 213.40	648,77 671.45	1.24 1.29	0.00 0.00	1.00 1.00	

### 25 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

Set out below is the impact of a 10% appreciation of the BW Pula

31 January 2010	SA Rand P'000	Swaziland Emalangeni P'000	Tanzanian Shillings P'000	Ugandan Shillings P'000	Zambian Kwacha P'000	Namibian Dollar P'000	Mozambique Meticash P'000	Botswana Pula P'000	Total if Pula appreciated by 10% P'000	Actual at year end P'000
Cash and cash equivalents Advances to customers Other receivables (including long term receivables) Total assets		11,264 138,625 - 149,889	701 128,214 403 129,318	19 56,999 281 57,299	1,994 33,452 378 35,824	33.935 146,496 20,010 200,441	1,263 - 151 1,414	50,475 1,134,575 60,095 1,245,145	99,651 1,638,361 81,318 1,819,330	104,462 1,682,257 82,907 1,869,626
Borrowings Trade and other payable	49,105	38,917 1,815	30,545 15,989	27,574 621	11,968 2,263	31,933	180	201,267 86,466	359,376 139,267	377,638 129,698
Total liabilities	49,105	40,732	46,534	28,195	14,231	31,933	180	287,733	498,643	507,336
Net exposure - if 10% appreciation in BWP	(49,105)	109,157	82,784	29,104	21,593	168,508	1,234	957,412	1,320,687	1,362,290
Net exposure - at year end rates	(55,135)	113,247	104,459	31,987	23,898	185,063	1,359	957,412	1,362,290	
Impact of 10% appreciation of BWP	6,030	(4,090)	(21,675)	(2,883)	(2,305)	(16,555)	(125)	-	(41,603)	
31 January 2009	SA Rand P'000	Swaziland Emalangeni P'000	Tanzanian Shillings P'000	Ugandan Shillings P'000	Zambian Kwacha P'000	Namibian Dollar P'000	Mozambique Meticash P'000	Botswana Pula P'000	Total if Pula appreciated by 10% P'000	Actual at year end P'000
Cash and cash equivalents Advances to customers Other receivables	-	l 182,065 -	132 118,659 527	16 29,587 829	192 27,357 83	2,210 37,032 217	- - -	2,311 915.053 7,221	4,862 1,309.753 8,877	5,165 1,342,557 8,453
Total assets	_	182,066	119,318	30,432	27,632	39,459	-	924,585	1,323.492	1,356,175
Borrowings Trade and other payable	47,902 -	49,626 1,725	71,172 3,844	28,879 645	15,963 816	17,179 2,951	:	383,768 60.545	614,489 70,526	644,385 80,114
Total liabilities	47,902	51,351	75,016	29,524	16,779	20,130	-	444,313	685,015	724,499
Net exposure - if 10% appreciation in BWP	(47,902)	130,715	44,302	908	10,853	19,329	-	480,272	638,477	631,676
Net exposure - at year end rates	(54,266)	133,076	48,755	573	11,949	11,317	-	480,272	631,676	
Impact of 10% appreciation of BWP	6,364	(2,361)	(4,453)	335	(1,096)	8,012	-		6,801	

### 25 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

Continued

### (f) Operational Risk

Operational risk is the risk of direct or indirect loss arising from a wide variety of causes associated with the Group's processes, personnel, technology and infrastructure and from external factors other than credit, market and liquidity risks such as those arising from legal and regulatory requirements and generally accepted standards of corporate behaviour.

The Group's objective is to manage operational risk so as to balance the avoidance of financial losses and damage to the Group's reputation with overall cost effectiveness and to avoid control procedures that restrict initiative and creativity.

The primary responsibility for the development and implimentation of controls to address operational risk is assigned to senior management within each business unit. This responsibility is supported by the development of overall Group standards for the management of operational risk in the following areas:

- requirements for appropriate segregation of duties, including the independent authorisation of transactions
- requirements for the reconcilliation and monitoring of transactions
- compliance with regulatory and other legal requirements
- documentation of controls and procedures
- requirements for the periodic assessment of operational risks exposure and the adequacy of controls and procedures to address the risks identified
- requirements for the reporting of operational losses and proposed remedial action
- development of contigency plans
- training and professional development
- ethical and business standards
- risk mitigation including insurance where this is effective

Compliance with Group standards is supported by a programme of perodic reviews undertaken by the Risk and Compliance Department. The results of reviews are dscussed with the management of the business unit to which they relate, with summaries submitted by the Group Audit and Risk Committee and senior management of the Group.

### (h) Financial assets and liabilities

Accounting classifications and fair values

The table below sets out the carrying amounts and fair values of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities.

	receivables	amortised cost	amount	Fair value
	P'000	P'000	P'000	P'000
31 January 2010 Cash and cash equivalents Advances to customers Other receivables	1,682,257 - 1,682,257	104,462 - 74,520 178,982	104,462 1,682,257 74,520 1,861,239	104,462 1,682,257 74,520 1,861,239
Trading liabilities		129,698	129,698	129,698
Trade and other payables		38,769	38,769	38,769
Income tax		377,638	377,638	377,638
Borrowings		546,105	545,105	545,105

### 25 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

	Loans and receivables P'000	Other amortised cost P'000	Total carrying amount P'000	Fair value P'000
31 January 2009 Cash and cash equivalents Advances to customers Other receivables	-	5,165	5,165	5,165
	1,342,557	-	1,342,557	1,342,557
	-	8,453	8,453	8,453
	1,342,557	13,618	1,356,175	1,356,175
Trading liabilities		80,114	80,114	80,114
Trade and other payables		5,042	5,042	5,042
Income tax		644,385	644,385	644,385
Borrowings		729,541	729,541	729,541

### **26 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS**

The company is listed on the Botswana Stock Exchange and has transactions with certain shareholders. PAIP-PCAP-FMO Letshego Limited (PPFLL) (of which Netherlands Development Finance Company (FMO) is a shareholder), International Finance Corporation (IFC) and Botswana Insurance Holdings Limited are shareholders of Letshego Holdings Limited. Refer to page 89 for details of their shareholding.

PPFLL has two directors nominated by Kingdom Zephyr Africa Management (Proprietary) Limited (KZAMPL). BIHL also has two nominated directors.

The following transactions were carried out with related parties:-

		Gr	Group		ompany
		2010	2009	2010	2009
		P'000	P'000	P'000	P'000
26.1	Income received from subsidiary companies				
	- Interest income (note I)	-	-	118,151	96,323
	- Management fees (note 4)	-	-	30,763	21,088
	- Guarantee fee (note 4)	-	-	5,759	6,771
	- Arrangement fee (note 3)	-	-	-	1,692
	- Dividend (note 4)		-	102,109	256,748
			-	256,782	382,622
	Expenses paid to subsidiaries				
	- Interest (note 2)		-	1,532	2,722

	Gr	oup	Coi	mpany
	2010	2009	2010	2009
	P'000	P'000	P'000	P'000
26.2 Expenses paid to related parties				
Kingdom Zephyr Africa Management (Proprietary) Limited	<u> </u>			
- Directors' fees	522	342	522	342
International Finance Corporation				
- Interest (note 2)	14,337	14,561	5,971	10,950
Netherlands Development Finance Company				
- Interest (note 2)	5,520	7,947	_	
Botswana Insurance Holdings Limited				
- Directors' fees	99			

Transactions were carried out on commercial terms and conditions and at market rates.

### **26 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Continued)**

**26.3** Key management personnel remuneration(including executive directors)

Paid during the period

- For management services (note 5)
- As performance incentive bonuses
- Pension fund contribution
- Long term incentive plan

	Group		Company
2010 P'000	2009 P'000	2010 P'000	2009 P'000
12.400	4 220	7.041	F 400
13,480 5,557	6,220 1,615	7,941 3,984	5,488 1,365
781	42	380	26
7,171	1,617	5,858	1,448
26,989	9,494	18,163	8,327

### 26.4 Year end balances from transactions with related parties Receivable from related parties (note 12)

Botswana Insurance Holdings Limited

56,668 - 56,668

### 26.5 Year end balances from transactions with related parties Payable to related parties (note 18)

Letshego Guard (Proprietary) Limited and LGICL

13,668	13,668	8,068
13,000	 13,000	0,000

Letshego Guard (Proprietary) Limited and Letshego Guard Insurance Limited were sold to Botswana Insurance Holdings Limited as at 31 January 2010. The profit on disposal is shown in note 4.

### 26.6 Borrowings from related parties - Refer note 19

### 26.7 Loans to subsidiary companies - Refer note 14

### 26.8 Credit Life Insurance

During the financial year under review Letshego Financial Services (Proprietary) Limited transferred its credit life insurance policy from Regent Insurance Botswana Limited to Botswana Life Insurance Limited, a subsidiary of BIHL under commercial terms and at arms length.

### 27 OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENTS

Where a group company is the lessee, the future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable building operating leases are as follows:

No later than I year Later than I year and no later than 5 years  $\,$ 

7,643	14,321	4,709	4,504
5,434	9,635	3,858	3,721
2,209	4,686	851	783

### 28 POST BALANCE SHEET EVENTS

On 16 April 2010, the stated capital of Letshego Holdings Limited was subdivided by a fraction of 10 shares for each share in issue, this resulted in the stated capital of the company amounting to 1 824 724 360 shares from 182 475 236 shares.

312

3,179

763

5,276

### 29 SEGMENT INFORMATION

Amortisation of intangible assets 312

Capital expenditure

The main business segments of the Group are as follows:

Lending - Provision of short to medium term unsecured loans to employees of the public, quasi-public and private sectors.

Legal expense insurance agency - Marketing and administration of insurance products. This subsidiary was sold on 31 January 2010.

The Group operates in seven geographical regions, namely Botswana, Namiba, Swaziland, Tanzania, Uganda, Zambia and Mozambique.

Geographical segments																		
		tswana		aziland		anzania		ganda		ambia	Nan		Mozan		Elimina			nsolidated
	2010	2009	2010	2009	2010	2009	2010	2009	2010	2009	2010	2009	2010	2009	2010	2009	2010	2009
•	P'000	P'000	P'000	P'000	P'000	P'000	P'000	P'000	P'000	P'000	P'000	P'000	P'000	P'000	P'000	P'000	P'000	P'000
Operating income	496,630	324,522	57,798	32,724	60,199	38,400	13,969	8,705	16,201	6,571	58,293	7,642	90	-			703,180	418,563
Profit /(loss) before tax	384,912	239,011	47,998	22,967	37,756	22,026	1,207	1,515	6,566	196	29,344	2,975	(2,577)				505,206	288,690
Income tax expense Profit for the period																	(125,206) 380,000	(69,626) 219,064
Segment assets	1,627,960	1,138,393	160,199	192,517	144,303	132,768	63,685	33,480	38,945	31,438	216,443	48,913	2,539	-	(338,654)	(176,488)	1.915.421	1.401.021
Segment liabilities	363.061	501.837	94.110	180,549	130,190	116,066	45,856	32,932	31,270	31,963	214,888	42,682	5,384	- (	(338,654)	(176,488)	546,105	729,541
Depreciation	1.607	1.371	158	132	440	389	196	172	215	206	763	228	42	_	_	_	3,421	2,498

118

423

2,132

468

Business segments						
8	Len	ding	Insurance a	agency	Conso	lidated
	2010	2009	2010	2009	2010	2009
	P'000	P'000	P'000	P'000	P'000	P'000
Profit before tax	490,517	273,839	14,689	14,687	505,206	288,690
Segment assets	1,915,421	1,396,007	-	5,014	1,915,421	1,401,021
Segment liabilities	546,105	725,314	-	4,227	546,105	729,541
Depreciation	3,190	1,739	231	759	3,421	2,498
Amortisation of intangible assets	312	763	-	-	312	763
Capital expenditure	3,179	5,214	-	62	3,179	5,276

763

2,122

3,179

### 30 USE OF ESTIMATES AND JUDGMENTS

### 30.1 Impairment

The Group makes estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year. Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. The Group regularly reviews it's loan portfolio and makes judgements in determining whether an impairment loss should be recognised in respect of observable data that may impact on future estimated cash flows. The methodology and assumptions used for estimating both the amount and timing of future cash flows are reviewed regularly to reduce and differences between loss estimates and actual loss experience.

Sensitivity analysis on impairment charges is s	hown as fol	lows 31 Janu	uary 2010	3	l January 2009	1
	Specific Provision P'000	Portfolio Provision P'000	Total 2010 P'000	Specific Provision P'000	Portfolio Provision P'000	Total 2009 P'000
<b>Botswana</b> Impact on change to emergence period - from 3 months to 4 months - increase in provision	-	1,878	1,878	-	1,778	1,778
Impact on change to loss ratio - 2.2% to 3.2% (2009: 1:73% to 2.73%) - increase in provision	-	2,884	2,884	-	1,018	1,018
<b>Swaziland</b> Impact on change to emergence period - from 3 months to 4 months - increase in provision	-	410	410	-	483	483
Impact on change to loss ratio - 3.3% to 4.3% (2009: 2.91% to 3.91%) - increase in provision	-	375	375			
<b>Tanzania</b> Impact on change to emergence period - from 5 months to 6 months - increase in provision	-	259	259		215	215
Impact on change to loss ratio - 2.3% to 3.3% (2009: 2.0% to 3.0%) - increase in provision	-	336	336	-	537	537
Uganda Impact on change to emergence period - from 4 months to 5 months - increase in provision	-	126	126	-	43	43
Impact on change to loss ratio - 2.3% to 3.3% (2009: 1.55% to 2.55%) - increase in provision	-	158	158	-	112	112
<b>Zambia</b> Impact on change to emergence period - from 5 months to 6 months - increase in provision	-	76	76		79	79
Impact on change to loss ratio - 11.2% to 12.2% (2009: 2.91% to 3.91%) - increase in provision	-	123	123		127	127
Namibia Impact on change to expected loss from 50% of impaired to 75% - increase in provision	assets -	981	981	409		409
Overall total	-	7,606	7,606	409	4,392	4,801

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 31 january 2010 Continued

### **USE OF ESTIMATES AND JUDGMENTS (Continued)**

### 30.2 Share-based payment transactions

The Group operates an equity-settled conditional Long Term Incentive Plan (LTIP). The market and non-market based performance conditions are determined by the Remuneration Committee. For market related performance conditions, the estimated grant fair value of awards to vest are determined using the Monte Carlo pricing model. For non-market related performance conditions, the number of awards to vest are assessed and adjusted for the attrition in participants as well as the extent of achievement of those conditions at the reporting dates.

### 30.3 Goodwill

The judgements and assumptions made on the initial recognition were that the carrying amounts of net assets.

### IFRS AND IFRIC INTERPRETATIONS NOT YET EFFECTIVE

At the date of authorisation of the financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 January 2010, the following Standards and Interpretations were in issue but not yet effective:

Standard	'Interpretation	Effective date
IFRIC 17	Distribution of Non-Cash Assets to Owners	Annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2009
IAS 27 amendment	Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements	Annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2009
IAS 39 amendment	Eligible Hedged Items	Annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2009
There are 15 individual amendments to 12 standards.	Improvements to International Financial Reporting Standards 2009	Amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2010, or for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2009
IFRS I amendment	First-time adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards	Annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2010
IFRS I (revised)	First-time adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards	Annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2009
IFRS 3	Business Combinations	Annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2009
Improvements IFRS 5	Improvements to IFRSs 2008 – Amendments to IFRS 5 Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations	Annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2009
IFRS I amendment	Additional Exemptions for First-time Adopters	Annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2010
IFRS 2 amendment	Group Cash-settled Share-based Payment	Annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2010
IFRIC 19	Extinguishing Financial Liabilities with Equity Instruments	Annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2010
IFRIC 14 amendment	Prepayments of a Minimum Funding Requirement	Annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2011
IAS 24 (AC 126) (revised)	Related Party Disclosures	Annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2011
IFRS 9 (AC 146)	Financial Instruments	Annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013

### 31. IFRS AND IFRIC INTERPRETATIONS NOT YET EFFECTIVE (Continued)

The following of the above Standards and Interpretations are not applicable to the Group and will therefore have no impact on future financial statements.

IFRIC 17 – distribution of non-cash assets to owners;

IAS 39 amendments - eligible hedged items;

IFRS I amendment and revised - first-time adoption of IFRS;

IFRS 5 - non-current assets held for sale:

IFRS 2 – group cash-settled share based payments;

IFRIC 19 - extinguishing financial liabilities with equity instruments;

IFRIC 14 - prepayments of a minimum funding requirement.

The directors are of the opinion that the impact of the application of the remaining Standards and Interpretations will be as follows:

### IAS 24 (revised)

IAS 24 (revised) will be adopted by the Group for the first time for its financial reporting period ending 31 Jan uary 2012. The standard will be applied retrospectively. IAS 24 (revised) addresses the disclosure requirements in respect of related parties, with the main changes relating to the definition of a related party and disclosure requirements by government related entities. Under IAS 24 (revised) the definition of a related party has been amended with the result that a number of new related party relationships have been identified.

### IAS 27 amendments

IAS 27 will be adopted by the entity for the first time for its financial reporting period ending 31 January 2011. In accordance with IAS 27 amendments, acquisitions of additional non-controlling equity interests in subsidiaries have to be accounted for as equity transactions. Disposals of equity interests while retaining control are also accounted for as equity transactions. When control of an investee is lost, the resulting gain or loss relating to the transaction will be recognised in profit and loss. It has always been the Group's accounting policy to treat all acquisitions of additional interests in subsidiaries, as well as disposals of interests in subsidiaries as equity transactions. The Group will, however, change its accounting policy relating to the loss of control when an equity interest is retained. In future, when control is lost, through sale or otherwise, the resulting gain or loss recognised in profit and loss will include any re-measurement to fair value of the retained equity interest. All cash flows relating to acquisition and sale of interests in subsidiaries currently form part of the cash flows from investing activities. In future, changes in the equity holding in a subsidiary that do not result in loss of control will form part of cash flow from financing activities on the basis that these transactions are equity transactions. The amendments to IAS 27 lave resulted in consequential amendments being made to IAS 28 Investments in Associates and IAS 31 Interests in loint Ventures.

### IFRS 3

The revised IFRS 3 will be adopted by the entity for the first time for its financial reporting period ending 31 January 2011. IFRS 3 applies to all new business combinations that are occur after 1 July 2009. For these future business combinations, the Group will change its accounting policies to be in line with the revised IFRS 3. In future all transaction costs will be expensed and contingent purchase consideration will be recognised at fair value at acquisition date. For successive share purchases, any gain or loss for the difference between the fair value and the carrying amount of the previously held equity interest in the acquiree will be recognised in profit and loss.

### IFRS 9

IFRS 9 will be adopted by the entity for the first time for its financial reporting period ending 31 Jan uary 2014. The standard will be applied retrospectively, subject to transitional provisions. IFRS 9 addresses the initial measurement and classification of financial assets and will replace the relevant sections of IAS 39. Under IFRS 9 there are two options in respect of classification of financial assets measured at amortised cost or at fair value. Financial assets are measured at amortised cost when the business model is to hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and when they give rise to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal outstanding. All other financial assets are measured at fair value. Embedded derivatives are no longer separated from hybrid contracts that have a financial asset host. The impact on the financial statements for the entity is not estimated to be significant as its most material financial instruments are loans and advances to customers and term bor rowings, both of which are currently recognised and measured on the amortised cost

### FIVE YEAR FINANCIAL HISTORY

BALANCE SHEETS/STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION	2010 P'000	2009 P'000	2008 P'000	2006 P'000	2005 P'000
Assets	104.462	F 1/F	9.201	4,276	5.496
Cash and cash equivalents Advances to customers - gross	104,462 1,682,257	5,165 1,342,557	787.926	430,543	3,476 317.951
Other receivables	82.907	8.453	3.050	2.965	1.693
Property, plant and equipment	6,610	7,152	4,384	3,874	2,196
Intangible assets -	553	596	991	1,611	184
Goodwill	25,760	25,760	-	-	-
Deferred taxation	12,872	11,338	6,367	1,730	503
Total assets	1,915,421	1,401,021	811,919	444,999	328,023
Liabilities					
Trade and other payables	129,698	80,114	31,109	19,345	17,006
Taxation	38,769	5,042	12,818	4,161	351
Borrowings Total liabilities	377,638 <b>546,105</b>	644,385	306,725 <b>350,652</b>	97,929 121,435	69,007
Total liabilities	340,103	729,541	350,032	121,435	86,364
Shareholders' equity					
Share capital	396,019	35,092	35,092	1,500	1,500
Share premium				28,571	28,571
Foreign currency translation reserve	827	4,439	(1,449)	(2,576)	-
Share based payment reserve	18,287 932,365	10,588 616,948	3,923 422,107	4,900 291,169	211,588
Retained earnings Total equity attributable to equity holders of the company	1,347,498	667,067	459,673	323,564	241,659
Minority interest	21.818	4,413	1.594	-	
Total equity	1,915,421	1,401,021	811,919	444,999	328,023
INCOME STATEMENTS/STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INC	СОМЕ				
Interest income	588,836	398,311	278,357	170,352	135,001
Interest expense	(50,935)	(72,196)	(34,485)	(11,986)	(7,306)
Net interest income	537,901	326,115	243,872	158,366	127,695
Fee and commission income	118,444	87,827	64,788	22,725	10,981
Other operating income	44,835	4,621	5,655	4,300	2,047
Total income	703,180	418,563	314,315	185,391	140,723
Operating expenses					
Staff costs	(80,266)	(54,522)	(44,037)	(21,024)	(14,437)
Other operating costs	(67,517)	(45,930)	(37,170)	(22,372)	(11,401)
Operating income before impairment	555,397	318,111	233,108	141,995	114,885
Impairment (loss)/write-back	(50,191)	(29,421)	(15,666)	(3,262)	5,155
Operating income before taxation	505,206	288,690	217,442	138,733	120,040
Taxation Net income for the period	(125,206) <b>380,000</b>	(69,626) <b>219,064</b>	(48,481) 1 <b>68,961</b>	(32,072) 1 <b>06,66</b> 1	(24,806) <b>95,234</b>
Net income for the period	300,000	217,004	100,701	100,001	73,234
Appropriations Dividends	(54,743)	(21,216)	(36,291)	(27.000)	(18,000)
Retained income	325,257	197,848	132,670	79,66 i	77,234
nesumed income	323,237	177,040	132,070	77,001	77,234
Attributable to :		014.5==		104 ==:	
Equity holders of the parent company	370,160 9.840	216,057 3.007	167,229 1,732	106,581 80	95,234
Minority interest	380,000	219,064	1,/32 168,961	106,661	95,234
	300,000	217,004	100,701	100,001	73,234

**NOTE:** 2008 is for a fifteen month period. All other periods are twelve months.

### **VALUE ADDED STATEMENTS** for the year ended 31 january 2010

### Value added

Value added is the wealth the company has created by providing loans to clients

### Interest income

Cost of services Value added services Fee and commission income Other operating income Other operating costs Impairment provision

### Value allocated

### To employees

Staff costs

### To expansion and growth

Retained income Depreciation Amortisation Deferred tax Other taxes

### **To Government**

Taxation

### **To providers of capital** Dividends to shareholders

### Summary

Employees<sup>\*</sup> Expansion and growth Government Providers of capital

			/
	GROUP		COMPANY
2010	2009	2010	2009
P'000	P'000	P'000	P'000
588,836	398,311	123,883	96,535
(50,935)	(72,196)	(8,701)	(36,131)
537,901	326,115	115,182	60,404
118,444 46,835	87,827 4,261	193,509	1,692 284.607
(63,783)	(42,668)	(17,868)	(10,566)
(50,191)		(17,000)	(10,366)
(50,171)	(27,721)		<u> </u>
589,206	346,474	290,823	336,137
80,266	54,522	35,530	24,741
00,200	34,322	33,330	27,771
325,258	197,848	159,123	240,624
3,421	2,499	310	676
312	763	87	735
(1,534)	(4,971)	1,395	(1,787)
8,883	<del>-</del>	8,231	
336,340	196,139	169,146	240,248
117,857	74,597	31,404	49,932
	74,577	31,707	77,732
54,743	21,216	54,743	21,216
500.007	244 474	200 022	224 127
589,206	346,474	290,823	336,137
%	%	%	%
13.6	15.7	12.2	7.4
57.1	56.6	58.2	71.5
20.0	21.5	10.8	14.9
9.2	6.2	18.7	6.2
100	100	100	100
100	100	100	100

## SHAREHOLDER'S ANALYSIS as at 31 january 2010

Top ten shareholders	2010 Shares held ('000) Number	%	2009 Shares held ('000) Number	%
<ul> <li>PAIP-PCAP-FMO Letshego Limited</li> <li>Botswana Life Insurance Ltd</li> <li>Stanbic Nominees Botswana (Pty) Ltd - Botswana Public Officers Pension Fund (BIFM)</li> <li>Barclays Botswana Nominees (Pty) Ltd - Investec Asset Management - 030/14</li> <li>Stanbic Nominees Botswana (Pty) Ltd - Botswana Insurance Fund Management Limited International Finance Corporation</li> <li>Barclays Botswana Nominees (Pty) Ltd - Investec Asset Management - SSB 001/1</li> <li>Barclays Botswana Nominees (Pty) Ltd - Flemings Asset Managements - 3582376</li> <li>Barclays Botswana Nominees (Pty) Ltd - State Street Bank (USA) - 001/111</li> <li>Barclays Botswana Nominees (Pty) Ltd - Stanbic Investment Management Services - 21</li> <li>Barclays Botswana Nominees (Pty) Ltd - SSB - 001/110</li> </ul>	15,070 12,671 10,609 6,862 6,708 3,830	22.9 13.6 10.3 8.3 6.9 5.8 3.8 3.7 2.1	41,741 19,833 5,585 18,209 4,326 10,609 12,487 2,819 2,476 2,507	27.5 13.1 3.7 12.0 2.9 7.0 8.2 1.9 1.6 1.7
Other corporate entities, nominees and trusts and individuals	144,142 38,333	79.0 21.0	120,592 30,953	79.6 20.4
Total	182,475	100.0	151,545	100.0
Directors' shareholdings	2010 Shares held Number ('000) Total	%	2009 Shares held Number ('000) Total	%
<ul><li>C M Lekaukau</li><li>J A Claassen</li><li>D Ndebele</li></ul>	483 580 281	0.3 0.3 0.1	483 209 101	0.3 0.1 0.1
	1,344	0.7	793	0.5

### NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

Notice is hereby given that the 11th Annual General Meeting of the shareholders of Letshego Holdings Limited will be held at Gaborone Sun Hotel on Wednesday 28th July 2010 at 4.30 p.m, with registration to commence at 4.00.p.m, for the following purposes:

### **ORDINARY BUSINESS**

To consider and adopt the following ordinary resolutions:

### I. Resolution I

To receive, consider and adopt the annual financial statements for the year ended 31 January 2010 together with the directors and auditor's reports thereon.

### 2. Resolution 2

To ratify the dividends declared and/or paid during the period:

First and final dividend of P55,242,688 (3 thebe per share post the 10 for 1 share split finalised on 16 April 2010) paid to shareholders on or about 7 May 2010.

### 3. Resolution 3

To confirm the following appointments of directors:

Messrs C.M. Lekaukau, J.K. Bucknor and P.Voutyritsas, who retire in accordance with Article 19.9 of the Constitution and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election

### 4. Resolution 4

To approve the remuneration of the directors for the past financial period.

### 5. Resolution 5

To approve the remuneration of the auditors for the past financial period.

### 6. Resolution 6

To appoint KPMG as auditors for the ensuing year.

### 7. To transact other business which may be transacted at an Annual General Meeting.

### **Proxies**

A shareholder entitled to attend and vote is entitled to appoint a proxy to attend, speak and vote in his/her stead. The person so appointed need not be a shareholder. Proxy forms should be deposited at Letshego Holdings Limited, Plot 169, Queens Road, Shri Ram House, First Floor, The Mall, P.O. Box 381, Gaborone, not less than 48 hours before the meeting.

By order of the board

By order of the board D. Ndebele Secretary

2 July 2010

# FORM OF PROXY

# LETSHEGO HOLDINGS LIMITED



Date of Incorporation: 4 March 1998 Registration Number: Co. 98/442 Republic of Botswana

# For completion by holders of ordinary shares (PLEASE READ THE NOTES OVERLEAF BEFORE COMPLETING THIS FORM) FORM OF PROXY

For use at the Annual General Meeting of ordinary shareholders of the Company to be held at The Gaborone Sun Hotel on Wednesday 28 July 2010 at 4.30 p.m. Registration commences at 4.00 p.m.

I/We
(name/s in block letters) of (address)
being a member of Letshego Holdings Limited hereby appoint (see note 2)
Appoint (see note 2):
2. or failing him/her,
3. The Chairman of the meeting, as which will be held for the purpose of considering, and if deemed fit, as my/our proxy to act for me/us at the Annual General Meeting which will be held for the purpose of considering, and if deemed fit, passing with or without modification, the resolutions to be proposed thereat and at each adjournment thereof, and to vote for or against the resolutions and/or abstain from voting in respect of the ordinary shares registered in my/our name in accordance with the following instructions (see note 2):

		Number of Ordinary Shares	hares
	For	Against	Abstain
Ordinary resolution number I			
Ordinary resolution number 2			
Ordinary resolution number 3			
Ordinary resolution number 4			
Ordinary resolution number 5			
Ordinary resolution number 6			
Signed aton		2010	

# **LETSHEGO HOLDINGS LIMITED**

**ANNUAL REPORT 2010** 

# FORM OF PROXY Continued

- A shareholder may insert the names of two alternative proxies of the shareholder's choice in the space provided, with or without deleting "the Chairman of the Annual General Meeting ". The person whose name appears first on the form of proxy and whose name has not been deleted will be entitled to act as proxy to the exclusion of those whose names follow. \_:
- shareholder in the appropriate space provided. Failure to comply herewith will be deemed to authorise the proxy to vote at the Annual General Meeting as he/she deems fit in respect of the shareholder's votes exercisable thereat, but where the proxy is the shareholder's instructions to the proxy must be indicated by the insertion of the relevant number of votes exercisable by the Chairman, failure to comply will be deemed to authorise the proxy to vote in favour of the resolution. A shareholder or his/her proxy is obliged to use all the votes exercisable by the shareholder or by his/her proxy. 'n
- Forms of proxy must be lodged at or posted to The Secretary, Letshego Holdings Limited, Shri Ram House, First Floor, Plot 169 Queens Road, The Mall, P O Box 381, Gaborone to be received not less than 48 hours before the Annual General Meeting (i.e. not later than 5.00 p.m. Monday 26 July 2010) m.
- The completion and lodging of this form will not preclude the relevant shareholder from attending the Annual General Meeting and speaking and voting in person thereat to the exclusion of any proxy appointed in terms hereof should such shareholder wish 4.
- than in accordance with these notes provided that he is satisfied as to the manner in which the shareholder concerned wishes The Chairman of the Annual General Meeting may reject or accept any form of proxy not completed and/or received other δ.
- An instrument of proxy shall be valid for the Annual General Meeting as well as for any adjournment thereof, unless the contrary is stated thereon. ø.
- shareholder, or revocation of the proxy, or of the authority under which the proxy was executed, or the transfer of the ordinary shares in respect of which the proxy is given, provided that no intimation in writing of such death, insanity or revocation shall have been received by the Company not less than one hour before the commencement of the Annual General Meeting or A vote given in accordance with the terms of a proxy shall be valid, notwithstanding the previous death or insanity of the adjourned Annual General Meeting at which the proxy is to be used.

Κ.

- The authority of a person signing the form of proxy under a power of attorney or on behalf of a company must be attached t the form of proxy, unless the authority or full power of attorney has already been registered by the Company or the Transfer  $\infty$
- 9. Where ordinary shares are held jointly, all joint shareholders must sign.
- A minor must be assisted by his/her guardian, unless the relevant documents establishing his/her legal capacity are produced or have been registered by the Company. 0

### NOTES



### NOTES



### NOTES



























