





ANNUAL REPORT 2009 LETSHEGO HOLDINGS LIMITED



















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BACKGROUND AND NATURE OF BUSINESS

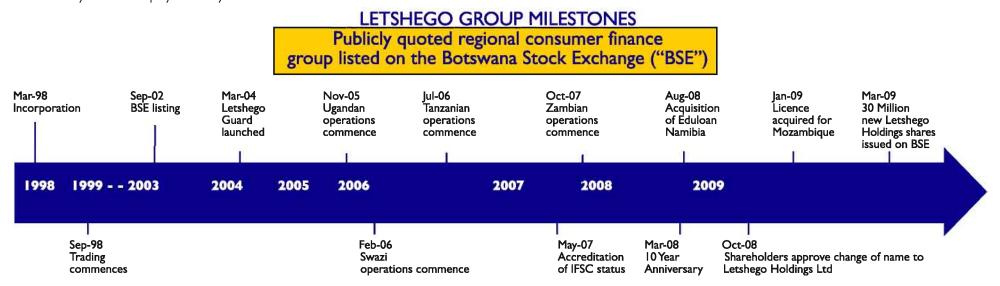
Letshego Holdings Limited (formerly Micro Provident Botswana Limited) is a regional consumer financial services provider in sub-Saharan Africa and is listed on the Botswana Stock Exchange and is a Botswana International Financial Services Centre accredited company.

Letshego Holdings Limited (formerly Micro Provident Botswana Limited), also known as Letshego, is a regional consumer financial services provider in sub-Saharan Africa and is listed on the Botswana Stock Exchange and is a Botswana International Financial Services Centre accredited company. Letshego was incorporated in Botswana in March 1998 and started trading in Botswana in September of the same year.

The Group's main activity is to extend short to medium term, personal, unsecured loans to formally employed individuals. Its customers are individuals that are formally employed by government, parastatals and the private sector. Loan repayments are deducted at source through the payroll systems of participating employers. Under this deduction system the participating employer grants a code that allows Letshego to deduct repayments due on loans directly from an employee's salary.

The monthly loan repayment is deducted by the participating employer of the borrower's monthly salary and paid directly to Letshego and its subsidiaries. Based on the same payroll based deduction business model, a pan African expansion plan was adopted to ensure continued growth and geographic diversification.

The Company has expanded into six other countries, namely Tanzania, Swaziland, Uganda, Zambia, and Namibia (Mozambique is expected commence in 2009) between 2005 and 2008. Letshego Guard, a wholly-owned subsidiary, markets and administers legal expense insurance products in Botswana.



GROUP CORPORATE INFORMATION



Letshego is a Setswana term for 'support' (verb) and 'tripod stand' (noun). The traditional tripod stand is used to support pots when cooking food, or heating water over a fire, etc.

In the same way, Letshego loans are designed to support our customers for a variety of purposes – general consumption, education, home improvements, general household assets, and thus improving the standard of living of our customers.

VISION:

"A typical African tripod"

To be a pan African leader of affordable, appropriate and high quality financial services

OUR VALUES

Professionalism

• We pledge to treat all who come in contact with us with professionalism

Integrity

We will conduct all our business dealings with integrity

Teamwork

•We believe in working together, as teamwork is valuable to us

Respect

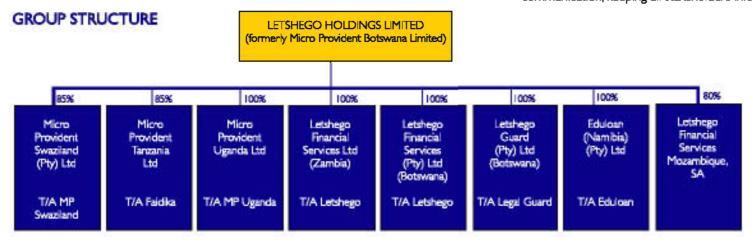
•Our teamwork is founded on mutual respect for those with whom we come in contact

Customer Service

•Our customer's are important to us. We promise superior customer service.

Selflessness and Excellent Communication

•We pleadge to be courteous in the nature of our service and provide effective and open communication, keeping all stakeholders informed.



Non Trading Subsidiaries: Letshego Life Insurance Limited (100%) Letshego Guard Insurance Company Limited (100%) Micro Provident Malawi Limited (100%) Micro Provident Ghana Limited (100%)

GROUP CORPORATE INFORMATION

Continues

Incorporated in the Republic of Botswana Registration number: Co. 98/442 Date of incorporation: 4 March 1998 A publicly listed commercial entity whose liability is limited by shares

Company Secretary and Registered Office D. Ndebele Plot 5037 | Fairground Office Park Gaborone



Independent External Auditors KPMG Certified Public Accountants Plot 67977 Fairground Office Park Gaborone



Transfer Secretaries
PricewaterhouseCoopers (Proprietary) Limited
Plot 5037 |
Fairground Office Park
Gaborone



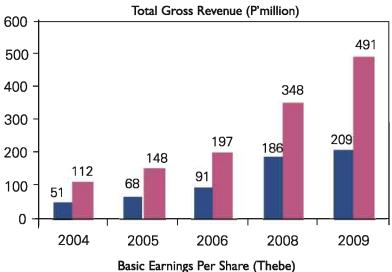
ATTORNEYS NOTARIES & CONVEYANCERS

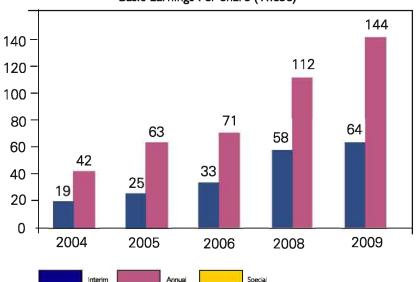
Attorneys / Legal Advisors
Armstrongs
5th Floor, Barclays House
Khama Crescent
Gaborone

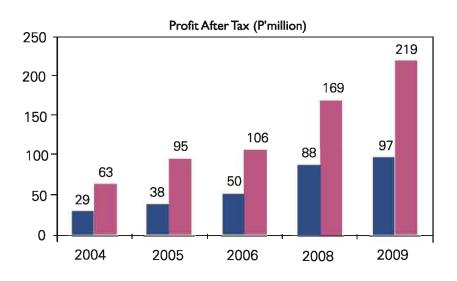
Bankers

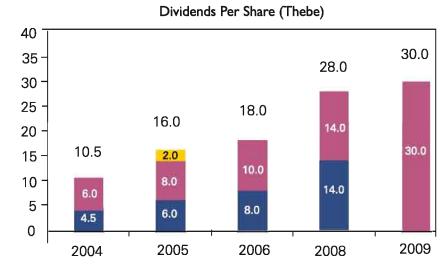
Barclays Bank of Botswana Limited First National Bank of Botswana Limited First National Bank of Swaziland Limited Standard Chartered Bank Botswana Limited Standard Chartered Bank Tanzania Limited Standard Chartered Bank Uganda Limited Standard Chartered Bank Zambia Limited Standard Bank Namibia Limited

GROUP FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS



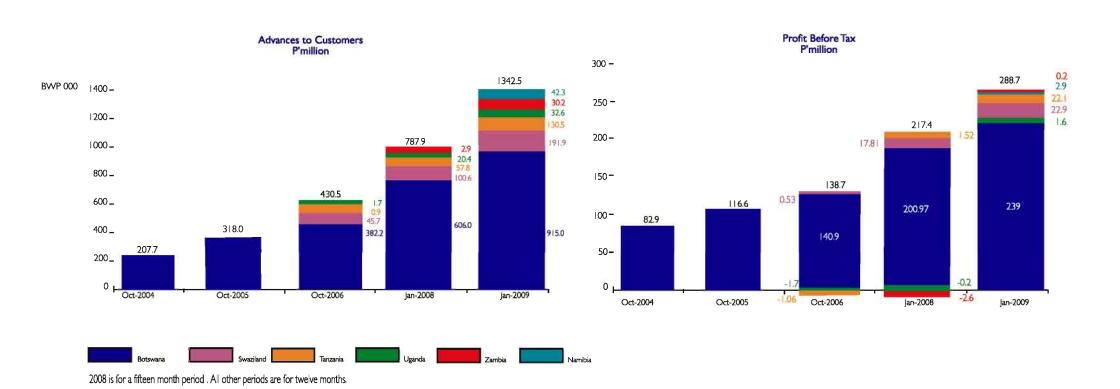






2008 is for a fifteen month period (interim: nine months). All other period are for twelve months (interim: six months)

GROUP FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS Continues



Chairman of the Board of Directors



Cuthbert Moshe Lekaukau

Nationality Botswana

Residence Gaborone, Botswana

Years as a Director

Shareholding 483,000 shares

Mr Lekaukau, who has been the Chairman of Letshego Holdings Limited since 2002 has served the Government of Botswana previously as a Senior Public Officer in various capacities from 1973 to 1996. 12 of those years he served as Permanent Secretary in the Ministries of Works, Transport and Communications and Mineral Resources and Water Affairs as well as Agriculture.

He was awarded a Presidential Order of Honour in 1996 in recognition of his efficient and devoted services to the country. In December 1996, he was appointed to start Botswana Telecommunications Authority as the founding Executive Chairman and served thereat until December, 2006. He is currently the Director General of the Government Implementation Coordination Office in the Office of the President, having been recalled back into Public Service in May 2007 to oversee and coordinate the implementation of projects and timely delivering of services in the country.

Mr Lekaukau has served various corporate institutions. These include, as Chairman of Turnstar Holdings Limited; former Chairman of: Botswana Telecommunications Authority, Botswana Telecommunications Corporation, Botswana Diamond Valuing Company (Proprietary) Limited, Water Utilities Corporation, Air Botswana Corporation, Botswana Railways Corporation, Botswana Vaccine Institute, Botswana Agricultural Resources Board, Botswana Power Corporation and Governing Council of Botswana College of Agriculture. Mr Lekaukau has served as Vice Chairman of Botswana Meat Commission, Debswana Diamond Company (Proprietary) Limited and Soda Ash Botswana (Proprietary) Limited.

Mr Lekaukau has been a Director of Botswana Development Corporation Limited, De Beers Centenary AG, De Beers Consolidated Mines Limited, Diamond Trading Company (Proprietary) Limited, BMC (UK) Holdings Limited, Table Bay Cold Storage (Proprietary) Limited (RSA), National Development Bank Limited and member of the Council of the University of Botswana. Mr Lekaukau who is an Attorney at law holds an LLB (UBLS in association with Edinburgh University), LLM (Columbia University, NYC) and a Commonwealth Certificate in Legislative Drafting.

Independent Non Executive Director

John Alexander Burbidge

Nationality UK Age 58

Residence George, RSA Years as a Director 7

Shareholding None



Mr Burbidge qualified as a chartered accountant in the UK and was part of the African Life Group in various senior management and board positions over a 27 year period. These included the role of managing director, executive director, chief financial officer and company secretary during his career with Botswana Life and the African Life Group. Some of the highlights of this career include the involvement in the listing of African Life on the JSE in 1990 and playing a leading role in the acquisition of a controlling stake in Botswana Insurance Holdings by African Life Group.

In 1999, Mr Burbidge was appointed to the African Life Group board responsible for the development and management of the African expansion which included operations in Botswana, Lesotho, Namibia, Kenya, Zambia, Ghana and Tanzania, a position he held until his retirement from African Life in 2007. Mr Burbidge is currently a director of Funeral Services Group Limited, a group that recently listed on the Botswana Stock Exchange.

Mr Burbidge has been a director of Letshego Holdings Limited since 2002 and is the current Chairman of the Group Audit and Risk Committee and the Investment Committee.

Mr Burbidge is a Chartered Accountant and a member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of England and Wales.

Continues

Independent Non Executive Director

Non Executive Director



Dr Hassy H B Kitine Nationality Tanzania

Residence Dar Es Salaam, Tanzania Years as a Director 2

Shareholding None

Kofi Jude Bucknor
Nationality Ghana
Age 53
Residence Accra, Ghana
Years as a Director
Shareholding None



Dr Kitine was a member of parliament of the United Republic of Tanzania and he is a member of SADC parliamentary forum. He was a Minister of State from 1997-1998, responsible for governance at the president's office, and from 1996 to 1997 he acted as regional commissioner. Dr Kitine further held positions as university lecturer/instructor at University of Dar es Salaam and various international institutes and worked for the Tanzanian intelligence and security services as well as its army. Dr Kitine is a member of various national and international economic societies.

Dr Kitine joined the Letshego board in January 2007 and is also a shareholder and the Chairman of Micro Provident Tanzania Limited.

Mr Bucknor is the Managing Partner of Kingdom Zephyr Africa Management with extensive financial institutions experience. He began his professional career at Chemical Bank in New York in 1979 after obtaining an MBA (Finance) degree from Columbia University in New York. He also holds a BSc (Administration) degree from the University of Ghana, Legon. Mr Bucknor was a former Treasurer of the African Development Bank, Executive Director of Lehman Brothers and Managing Director of CAL Merchant Bank in Ghana.

He has served and still serves on several boards including: Ashanti Goldfields Corporation (Ghana), Normandy Mining (Australia), Pep Stores (Ghana), Newmont Mining Corporation (Ghana), TA Holdings Limited (Zimbabwe), Ecobank Transnational Corporation (Togo), Asset & Resource Management (Nigeria), CNIA Assurance (Morocco) and Chirano Gold Mines (Ghana). He also served as Chairman of the Council of the Ghana Stock Exchange and the Council of the University of Education, Winneba, Ghana.

Mr Bucknor was first appointed to the board during 2005 and more recently again in January 2008 and is currently the Chairman of the Group Remuneration Committee and also serves on the Group Audit and Risk Committee. Kofi is also a board member of Letshego Financial Services Limited (Zambia).

Continues

Non Executive Director



Panos Voutyritsas Nationality Greece Age 32

Residence Johannesburg, RSA

Years as a Director | Shareholding None

MrVoutyritsas is a Partner at Kingdom Zephyr Africa Management, a pan African private equity company sponsored by Kingdom Holdings, the private investment vehicle of HRH Prince Alwaleed of Saudi Arabia and Zephyr Management LP, a New York based asset manager with Kindom Zephyr's US\$450 million of committed capital as of 2008. MrVoutyritsas has completed a number of private equity investments in Africa, and has been with Kingdom Zephyr since the company's inception in 2003.

Mr Voutyritsas joined Kingdom Zephyr in 2003 and is based in Johannesburg. Previously he worked in investment banking and leveraged finance at Solomon Smith Barney in New York, and was part of the founding team of Soros Real Estate Partners, Greece and South Eastern Europe. He has extensive experience in investment banking and private equity.

MrVoutyritsas has a BSc Degree in Operations Research and Industrial Engineering from Cornell University(USA).

Mr Voutyritsas has been on the Board since January 2008 and is also a member of the Remuneration Committee and the Investment Committee. He also serves on the Board of Micro Provident Tanzania Limited.



Continues

Group Managing Director

Director of Risk and Compliance



Jan Abraham Claassen
Nationality RSA
Age 57
Years with Letshego 6

Residence Gaborone, Botswana Shareholding 209,354 shares Dumisani Ndebele
Nationality Botswana
Age 43
Years with Letshego 10

Residence Gaborone, Botswana
Shareholding 101,081 shares



Mr Claassen has been Managing Director of Letshego Holdings Limited since July 2003. Prior to joining Letshego, he spent 7 years at First National Bank of Namibia as Deputy Managing Director. He spent the first twenty years of his career at First National Bank of South Africa in Johannesburg and has also worked in Malawi for two years on secondment from the FNB Group.

Mr Claassen holds a BCom, LLB and has completed an Advanced Executive Programme with UNISA.

In his time as Managing Director of Letshego, the group has grown from having one company in Botswana employing 30 people with four branches, to the current group comprising seven operating subsidiaries with over 350 employees, in six countries with a branch network exceeding 100 branches in number:

Mr Ndebele joined Letshego in February 1999 as the finance and administration manager. He became the Finance Director in 2002 and moved to his current role of Director of Risk and Compliance in August 2006.

Mr Ndebele's previous experience includes roles at PricewaterhouseCoopers Zimbabwe and Botswana, Cash Bazaar Holdings Botswana, Anglo American Botswana and De Beers Botswana. He trained with PricewaterhouseCoopers in Zimbabwe for his articles under the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Zimbabwe.

Mr Ndebele is a member of the Chartered Institute of Management Accountants (UK) as well as being a Fellow Certified Public Accountant (Botswana). He is a member of the Institute of Directors (IoD – RSA) the Information Systems Audit and Control Association (ISACA) as well as the Institute of Internal Auditors. He also holds a Bachelor of Accountancy Honours Degree and a Masters in Business Administration (MBA) from the University of Derby (UK).

Continues











COLM PATTERSON

LYDIA ANDRIES

Nationality Botswana Age 36

Group Strategic Planning Position Residence Gaborone, Botswana

Years with Letshego

Qualifications BSc Actuarial Science & MSc Actuarial Science

SHAWN BRUWER

Nationality Namibia Age

Position Group Information, Communication and Technology

Residence Gaborone, Botswana

Years with Letshego

Oualifications BCom, CIMA, Various Certificates in Banking and Credit Management

PORTIA KETSHABILE

Nationality Botswana Age

Position HR Operations Manager Residence Gaborone, Botswana

Years with Letshego

Qualifications AAT, Diploma in Personnel and Training Management, Management

Development Program

JACOB MOTLHABANE

Nationality Botswana Age

Position Group Business Development Manager

Residence Gaborone, Botswana

Years with Letshego

BCom Oualifications

COLM PATTERSON

Nationality Ireland Age

Position Group Chief Financial Officer Residence Gaborone, Botswana

Years with Letshego

Qualifications FCA (Ireland), CPA Botswana

BARATI RWELENGERA

Nationality Botswana Age Position

Manager - Risk and Compliance

Residence Gaborone, Botswana

Years with Letshego

Oualifications AAT, ACCA

FAAN BERG

Nationality Namibia Age

Position CEO, Eduloan (Namibia) (Pty) Limited

Windhoek Namibia Residence

Years with Letshego (CEO of Eduloans Namibia since 2002)

Qualifications BCom

VUSI DLAMINI

Nationality Swaziland Age

Position CEO, Micro Provident Swaziland (Pty) Limited

Residence Manzini, Swaziland

Years with Letshego

BCom, ACCA **Oualifications**

Continues









FREDERICK MMELES

GEOFFREY KITAKULE

BRIGHTON NGOMA

MARION MOORE

GEOFFREY KITAKULE

Nationality Uganda Age 38

Position CEO, Micro Provident Uganda Limited

Residence Kampala, Swaziland

Years with Letshego

Qualifications Masters of Business Administration (Finance), MSC Computer Science, Bachelor

of Statistics, Master of Laws in Information Technology and Telecommunications

FREDERICK MMELESI

Nationality Botswana

Age 40
Position CEO, Letshego Financial Services (Pty) Limited (Botswana)

Residence Gaborone, Botswana

Years with Letshego

Qualifications AAT, Masters of Business Administration (MBA), Management Development

Program

MARION MOORE

Nationality RSA Age 55

Position CEO, Micro Provident Tanzania Limited

Residence Dar És Salaam, Tanzania

Years with Letshego

Qualifications CPA, CIS

BRIGHTON NGOMA

Nationality Zambia

Age 45

Position CEO, Letshego Financial Services Limited (Zambia)

Residence Lusaka, Zambia

Years with Letshego

Qualifications Bachelor of Arts in Economics and Business Administration, CIMA

CHAIRMAN'S REPORT

The Group continued to grow the business with 6 new main and 41 new satellite branches opened during the year bringing the total branch number to 111 (2008: 56) across the continent. The staff complement increased by 42% to 389 employees (2008: 273) while number of customers increased by 52% (including the acquisition of Eduloan Namibia) to 95,322 (2008: 62,560).

I have great pleasure in presenting my report to the shareholders of Letshego Holdings Limited for the financial year ended 3 I January 2009.

The highlights for the financial reporting period include:

- •Loans and advances to customers have grown to over P1.3 billion (2008: P787 million), an increase of 70% over the prior period
- Profit before tax has increased by 66% on an annualised basis
- •Increase in annualised dividend per share of 33%
- •Increase in earnings per share of 62%
- Cost to income ratio reduced from 25.8% to 24.0%
- •Impairment expense on loans and advances to customers remains constant at 2% which is a very competitive industry benchmark
- P49.7 million profit before tax, representing 7% of the group profit before tax, was generated outside of Botswana

The Group now has a presence in six countries and all subsidiaries are contributing to Group profitability.

DEVELOPMENTS DURING THE YEAR

A number of developments took place during the financial period:

- Adoption of Letshego Holdings Limited as the name of the holding company
- A new Constitution was adopted in line with the Botswana Companies Act. 2003
- Approval by shareholders for debt raising initiatives through the use of debt instruments
- Acquisition of Eduloan (Namibia) (Pty) Limited for a final consideration of N\$41.6 million
- Approval by Shareholders to proceed with an 'Offer for Subscription' for 30 million new ordinary shares and to raise P360 million from this offer before expenses

The Group continued to grow the business with 6 new main and 41 new satellite branches opened during the year bringing the total branch number to 111 (2008:56) across the continent. The staff complement increased by 42% to 389 employees (2008:273) while customer numbers increased by 52% (including the acquisition of Eduloan Namibia) to 95,322 (2008:62,560).



His Excellency, the Vice President of the Republic of Botswana, Lt General Mompati Merafhe along with the Chairman and Managing Director of Letshego Holdings celebrating Letshego's 10th anniversary at an event held in Gaborone on 10 October 2008

CHAIRMAN'S REPORT

Continues

FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

Botswana remains a key market for Letshego as it accounts for 68% (2008:77%) of the year end loan book and 83% (2008:93%) of the Group's profit before tax. However, operations outside of Botswana continue to gain critical mass as follows:

Country	Loans to Customers At 31 Jan 2009 P'million	% Increase	Profit Before Tax Year to 31 Jan 2009 P'million	% Increase
Botswana Swaziland Tanzania Uganda Zambia Namibia	P915 P191 P130 P 33 P 31 P 42	51% 91% 128% 160% N/a N/a	P239.0 P 22.9 P 22.1 P 1.6 P 0.2 P 2.9	49% 56% N/a N/a N/a N/a
Total	PI,342	70%	P288.7	66%

While some of these figures are from a low base, the Group now has a loan book of P427 million (32%) outside of Botswana which has contributed P49.7 million (17%) to Group profit before tax. This trend is expected to continue in the future.

NEW MARKETS

The purchase of Eduloan (Namibia) was the first acquisition that the Group has undertaken. Prior to this all new subsidiaries were established on a 'green field' basis. The Directors believe that this business has excellent potential to add to the Letshego Group profile and profitability over time. An exercise to integrate policies and practices and to rebrand the business, to more closely align it with that of Letshego, is underway.

The Group has acquired a Government salary deduction code in Mozambique. The licensing and registration process has been completed and premises are being renovated with an expected start date for business of late in 2009. A Portuguese speaking team has been put in place to facilitate entry into the Mozambique market.

New start-up operations and targeted acquisitions continue to be pursued and developed by the Group. This is in line with the next phase of the pan African expansion strategy.

REGULATORY ENVIRONMENT

In Botswana the Non Bank Financial Institutions Regulatory Authority ("NBFIRA") has commenced dialogue with participants in the industry and the Directors welcome the role that NBFIRA will play in the regulatory and formalisation of the consumer lending industry in Botswana going forward.

To date, based on discussions and interaction with NBFIRA, the Directors believe that the Group practices in Botswana are well positioned to comply with the proposed new initiatives that NBFIRA wish to introduce to the industry.

In the other territories that the Group operates, it is evident that there will be an introduction of regulation or more enforcement of regulations in the industry over time. This is good for consumers, their employers, the industry and Letshego will continue to fully support these initiatives and is also well positioned in this regard.

An example of this are the recent developments in Swaziland whereby the Government of the Kingdom of Swaziland took steps to ensure compliance with the Employment Act which stipulates minimum take home pay requirements. This has resulted in steps being taken to introduce a central register similar to Botswana and Namibia.

The central register is responsible for ensuring that loan affordability levels are adhered to and that there is only one non statutory deduction appearing on the payslip. Similar initiatives, albeit at a less advanced stage, are also being pursed in Zambia. The Directors believe that the introduction of Central Registers is a very important development and is complementary to the payroll deduction model that the Group uses.

OFFER FOR SUBSCRIPTION

In March 2009, after the financial year-end 30 million new shares, which raised P360 million, before expenses, were issued and listed on the Botswana Stock Exchange.

FUNDING

At the year-end date, total borrowings were P644.3 million (2008: P306.7 million) representing a debt to equity ratio of 96% and falling to 62% after the completion of the Offer for Subscription in March 2009 (2008: 67%). During the year a number of new short term facilities were negotiated and all existing facilities were renewed. Post the financial year-end there has been no significant change to this position.

CHAIRMAN'S REPORT Continues

Efforts continue to identify new lines of credit and the Group is exploring a number of different opportunities locally, regionally and internationally. Given international financial markets, it is evident that it will be more challenging to source funding and if available, this may come at a premium.

The Group's dividend policy will also be reassessed in light of the Group's ongoing funding requirements.

COMMUNICATION

During the year the group's web site was formally launched and more improvements are planned to be made to the web site over time. The web site allows information about the Group, and all communications to shareholders to be available via this forum.

An internal newsletter, the African Tripod, was also launched during the year as a quarterly communication medium and to keep all staff aware of developments within the Group.

HUMAN RESOURCES

The most important competitive advantage of the Group rests in its people who need to be motivated and incentivised to excel. The Group performs regular benchmarking exercises to ensure remuneration policies and practices are in line with best practice. The Group has a long term incentive plan in place for key management and this aligns their goals with the shareholders.

During the 2007/2008 financial period a defined contribution staff pension fund was established for staff in Botswana and a similar defined contribution staff pension fund was introduced for staff in Swaziland during the 2009 financial year as both Botswana and Swaziland do not have national social pension funds in place whereas these are in place in Tanzania, Uganda and Zambia.

Also during the 2009 financial year, medical aid benefits were put in place for staff in Swaziland, Tanzania, Uganda and Zambia to more align them with the Group's policies and best practice.

Internal and external training and development are priorities and significant resources are allocated to this area.

The Group is committed to ensuring that a sufficient number of talented people are employed from which senior management can be replenished if and when required. During the last two financial periods a number of new positions have been created and filled. These include, Group Chief Financial Officer, Group HR Manager, Group Information, Communications and Technology, Risk and Compliance Manager, Group Strategic Planning and a Group Business Development Manager. All of these positions are based at the Group's head office in Gaborone. In addition, CEO's have been appointed to the Group's subsidiaries in Botswana, Swaziland, Tanzania, Uganda and Zambia.

ENTERPRISE RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group established an Internal Enterprise Risk Management (ERM) department during the 2008 financial period. This department has overall responsibility for implementing the Enterprise Risk Management Framework of the Group and has performed internal reviews of all operating areas since its establishment.

SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

The Group continues to support the principle of social responsibility, believing it to be one of the core pillars of good corporate citizenship. Beneficiaries of our broad-based corporate social investments included, amongst others, Childline Botswana, Lifeline Botswana, Cancer Association and the Lady Khama Charitable Trust.

The total value of donations, sponsorships and corporate social responsibility initiatives were as follows:

	2009	2008	2009	2008
	Group	Group	Company	Company
	P'000	P'000	P'000	P'000
Donations	3	101	-	5
Sponsorships	535	649	-	49
CSR	465	223	130	-
	1,031	973	130	54

Going forward, the board has approved a policy that 1% of the Group's profit after tax be set aside for corporate social responsibility programs and initiatives.

FUTURE OUTLOOK AND DEVELOPMENTS

Given the current economic environment it is evident that the next twelve months will be challenging. However, the fundamentals of the Group remain very well positioned. These include:

- •Sound business model using 'deduction code' facilities and historical low impairment charges •Solid customer base over 95% of customers are employees of the Governments of the respective countries in which the Group operates
- Access to credit, for those who previously had no access, remains a critical area of demand and still represents a largely untapped market across the continent

While the economic future remains uncertain public sector employment is expected to be less volatile than the private sector.

CHAIRMAN'S REPORT

Continues

GROUP DIRECTORS' REPORT AND RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT

While the 31 January 2009 financial year performance was an exceptional one, the Directors believe that the 31 January 2010 financial year will be one of consolidation. The Directors expect slower rates of growth in Botswana and Swaziland and continued growth in Namibia, Uganda, Zambia and Tanzania while delivering consistent profitability.

CHANGE IN DIRECTORS

Mr M C Letshwiti resigned from the board during the period under review having served on the Letshego board and subcommittees since 2002. Mr Letshwiti's invaluable contribution to the Group is recognised and appreciated.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The combined support of all stakeholders is fundamental to the welfare of the constituent parts that make up the Letshego Holdings Limited Group. In conclusion, therefore, I wish to thank our shareholders, board of directors, management and staff, customers and those Government Departments and Staff Associations who have assisted us with their advice and contributions to the continuing success of the Group over the past financial year.

C.M. LEKAUKAU CHAIRMAN 22 April 2009 The directors have pleasure in submitting to the shareholders their report and the audited financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 January 2009.

NATURE OF BUSINESS

The Group is engaged in the provision of short to medium-term unsecured loans and the marketing and administration of insurance products to employees of the public, quasi-public and private sectors.

STATED CAPITAL

There were no changes to the stated capital during the year. After the financial year end, on 6th March 2009, 30 million new shares were issued at P12.00 per share in terms of an offer for subscription. This changed the stated capital from P35 million at 31 January 2009 to P388 million.

During the year, no shares were issued in terms of the Group's LongTerm Incentive Plan. This was due to the change of the financial year end from 31 October to 31 January. The next shares are expected to vest in May 2009.

SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES

One new subsidiary company, Eduloan (Namibia) (Proprietary) Limited was acquired with effect from 1st August 2008. Details of the acquisition are given in note 16 of the financial statements.

Post year end, Letshego Financial Services Mozambique SA was incorporated and licensed with the Central Bank of Mozambique. It has not yet commenced operations.

DIVIDENDS

Current period

No interim dividend was declared for the half year ended 31 July 2008. A first and final dividend of P54.7 million (30 thebe per share gross of withholding tax) has been proposed and will be paid to shareholders on or about 22 May 2009.

The Directors have considered the changing economic environment but believe that it is still appropriate to declare a final dividend for the year. However, going forward, the dividend policy will be reassessed, in light of the Group's funding requirements, and any changes will be communicated to shareholders.

GROUP DIRECTORS' REPORT AND RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT

Continues

PRIOR YEAR

An interim dividend amounting to P21.1 million (14 thebe per share gross of withholding tax) for the nine month period ended 31 July 2007 was paid to shareholders on 2 November 2007. A final dividend of P21.2 million (14 thebe per share gross of withholding tax) for the six month period ended 31 January 2008 was paid to shareholders on 9 May 2008.

DIRECTORS

The following persons were directors of the company during the period under review:

* C.M. Lekaukau (Chairman)

* J.K. Bucknor²

* J.A. Burbidge 3

J.A. Claassen ⁴ (Managing Director)

* Dr Hassy H Kitine 5

* M.C. Letshwiti (Resigned 31 July 2008)

D. Ndebele

* P. Voutyritsas 6

* Non-executive Botswana ²Ghana ³UK ⁴RSA ⁵Tanzania ⁶Greece

DIRECTORS' SHAREHOLDINGS

The aggregate number of shares held directly by directors is 793,435 (2008: 8 | 3,435). Full details of this shareholding are available at the registered office of the company or at the office of the transfer secretaries.

LONG TERM INCENTIVE PLAN

The Group operates an equity-settled conditional Long Term Incentive Plan (LTIP), which was approved by shareholders at the Extraordinary General Meeting held on 20 December 2005. Under the plan, conditional awards are granted to management and key employees. The number of vesting awards is subject to achievement of certain market and non-market conditions. The grant date fair value of awards granted to employees is recognised as staff costs, with a corresponding increase in equity, over the performance period in which the employees become unconditionally entitled to the awards.

The amount recognised as an expense is adjusted to reflect the actual number of awards that vest.

STATEMENT OF RESPONSIBILITY

The company's directors are responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the annual financial statements, comprising the balance sheet at 31 January 2009, the income statement, the statement of changes in equity and cash flow statement for the year then ended, a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes, in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards and in the manner required by the Companies Act, 2003 (No. 32 of 2004) of Botswana. The directors' responsibility includes: designing, implementing and maintaining internal controls relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements and ensuring that they are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies; and making accounting estimates that are reasonable under the circumstances.

The directors' responsibility also includes maintaining adequate accounting records and an effective system of risk management.

The directors have made an assessment of the company's ability to continue as a going concern and have no reason to believe the business will not be a going concern in the year ahead.

The auditor is responsible for reporting on whether the annual financial statements are fairly presented in accordance with the applicable financial reporting framework.

APPROVAL OF THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The annual financial statements were approved for issue by the Board of Directors on 22 April 2009 and are signed on its behalf by:

C.M. LEKAUKAU CHAIRMAN

J.A. CLAASSEN MANAGING DIRECTOR

The ongoing maintenance of high standards of corporate governance is considered by the Group to be of the utmost importance. The Board of Directors is committed to attaining the highest standards of integrity, accountability and transparency in order to retain the support of all stakeholders.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The formal maintenance of high standards of corporate ethics in the conduct of the Group's affairs is the responsibility of the board. To this end, the Group endorses the King || code of corporate governance and the Botswana Stock Exchange's code on best practice on corporate governance and strives to operate in broad compliance with their respective recommendations. Both the board and senior management are required to constantly assess the control and risk management procedures and to ensure that implementation and regular reviews of such procedures take place.

The board comprised five non-executive and two executive directors at the end of the financial period. There are currently a number of vacant positions on the board that are expected to be filled by the end of the current financial year. The board is chaired by an independent non-executive chairman. All board members are suitably experienced and have a clear understanding of their role in corporate governance. The non-executive directors are considered to be independent of management and their role is to bring objectivity and independent judgement to board deliberations and decisions. They are also responsible for chairing key board sub-committees and have unrestricted access to management and all company records.

All directors may take independent professional advice, as is required to fulfil their duties, at the Group's expense.

The board is responsible for the maintenance of sound internal controls, risk management, the preparation and integrity of the annual financial statements, compliance with all laws and regulations and the establishment of key policies and objectives. It therefore has full and effective control of the company and is accountable and responsible for its performance to all stakeholders.

Meetings of the board take place on a quarterly basis to monitor performance against budget, to formulate and review strategies and policies and to consider those issues on which they will be requested to make decisions. Management is responsible for the provision to the board of appropriate and timely information.

All directors are subject to retirement by rotation and re-election by shareholders at least every three years and their contributions are subject to regular review.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

The Executive Committee is responsible for the implementation of strategy and managing the Group's affairs. The committee comprises the two executive directors and senior management and meets on a monthly basis. The committee has a clear mandate to implement board decisions and to manage the day to day risks and operations of the Group.

The members of the Executive Committee are:

J.A Claassen Group Managing Director and Chairman
D. Ndebele Director of Risk and Compliance and Secretary

L. Andries Group Strategic Planning

S. Bruwer Group Head of Information, Communication and Technology

P. Ketshabile HR Operations Manager

F. Mmelesi CEO, Letshego Financial Services (Pty) Limited (Botswana)

J. Mothabane Group Business Development Manager

C. Patterson
I. Ramalohlanye
B. Rwelengera
Group Chief Financial Officer
Group HR Manager
Manager – Risk and Compliance

The following attend Executive Committee meetings by invitation:

F Berg CEO, Eduloan Namibia
V Dlamini CEO, MP Swaziland
G Kitakule CEO, MP Uganda
M Moore CEO, MP Tanzania
B Ngoma CEO, LFS Zambia

GROUP AUDIT AND RISK COMMITTEE

The membership of the Group Audit and Risk Committee is as follows:

J.A. Burbidge (Chairman)

I.K. Bucknor

M.C. Letshwiti (Resigned 3 | July 2008)

Continues

The Group Managing Director, Group Chief Financial Officer and the Director of Risk and Compliance all attend Group Audit and Risk Committee ("GARC") meetings by invitation. Representatives of the Risk and Compliance Department ("RCD") and external auditors are also expected to attend Group Audit and Risk Committee meetings. On an ad hoc basis the Chairman has the right to call in any other employee of the Group. Members of the Executive Committee, the Risk and Compliance Department, the external auditors and non-executive directors have unrestricted access to the Chairman of the Group Audit and Risk Committee. The committee meets at least two times a year.

The duties and responsibilities of the Group Audit and Risk Committee include but are not limited to the following:

- review of Executive Committee ("EXCO") reports detailing the adequacy and overall effectiveness
 of the Group's risk management function and its implementation by management; and reports
 on internal control and any recommendations, and confirm that appropriate action has been
 taken.
- review of risk philosophy, strategy and policies recommended by EXCO. The GARC ensures compliance with such policies, and with the overall risk profile of the Group;
- review the controls over significant risks;
- •the procedures for identifying business risks and controlling their impact on the Group;
- •the Group's policies for preventing or detecting fraud;
- •the Group's policies for ensuring compliance with relevant regulatory and legal requirements;
- •the operational effectiveness of internal controls, policies and procedures;
- •monitoring the ethical conduct of the Group, its executives and senior officials;
- •reviewing any statements on ethical standards or requirements for the Group and assisting in developing such standards and requirements;
- compliance with the law and regulations of any other applicable statute and of controlling bodies;
 and
- environmental and social issues.

RISK AND COMPLIANCE DEPARTMENT FUNCTION

The scope of work of the Risk and Compliance Department is to determine whether the Group's network of risk management, control and governance processes, within the 'Enterprise Risk Management' framework that has been approved by the board, and designed and represented by management, is adequate and functioning in a manner to ensure that:

- risks are appropriately identified and managed;
- •interaction with the various governance groups within the Group are fully documented and occurs appropriately;
- significant financial, managerial, and operating information is accurate, reliable, and timely;

- employees' actions are in compliance with policies, standards, procedures and applicable laws and regulations:
- •resources are acquired and applied economically, used efficiently, and adequately safeguarded;
- •programmes, plans and objectives are achieved and continuously applied;
- quality and continuous improvement are fostered in the Group's control and risk management processes;
- significant legislative or regulatory issues impacting the Group are recognised and addressed appropriately and communicated throughout the Group;
- •company secretarial and Botswana Stock Exchange requirements are duly complied with;
- liaise with the external auditors to co-ordinate the internal audit programs with their requirements and standards.

Opportunities for improving management control, profitability and the Group's image may be identified during audits. These are communicated to the appropriate level of management.

On a quarterly basis, the RCD reviews the Group's strategic objectives, updating the understanding of the current risks facing the Group in achievement of these objectives. These risks are rated and the high risk areas are accordingly afforded priority in the internal audit reviews to be conducted during the period. These plans and analyses are also submitted to the Group Audit and Risk Committee on a quarterly basis for consideration and approval.

RCD communicates and liaises with the external auditors with regard to their work and findings in order to avoid duplications as well as to ensure improvement of synergy in the overall risk management framework.

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The membership of the Remuneration Committee is as follows:

I.K. Bucknor Chairman (appointed 31 July 2008)

C.M. Lekaukau

M.C. Letshwiti Chairman (Resigned 31 July 2008)

P.Voutyritsas

The Group Managing Director, Group Chief Financial Officer, Group Human Resources Manager and the Director of Risk and Compliance all attend Remuneration Committee meetings by invitation.

Continues

The responsibilities and objectives of the committee are the following:

- •monitor and review the remuneration policies of the Group;
- •ensure that executive directors and senior management are appropriately and fairly rewarded;
- •ensure that market related reward strategies are adhered to; and
- •establish performance targets for the Group's Long Term Inventive Plan.

The executive directors and senior management play no part in decisions regarding their own remuneration.

Investment Committee

The membership of the Investment Committee that was established after the financial year end is as follows:

J.A. Burbidge Chairman J.A. Claassen P.Voutyritsas

The Group Chief Financial Officer and the Director of Risk and Compliance attend the Investment Committee meetings by invitation.

The Committee's role is to assist the Board of Directors in fulfilling its oversight responsibility regarding the implementation of the Group strategic investment objectives. The Committee is responsible for:

- •critically reviewing and making recommendations to the Board regarding all new strategic investments and major funding initiatives the Group may enter into, including
- •the mechanism for investment (start up operations, mergers, acquisitions, joint ventures etc);
- selecting between priority and non-priority investments;
- deciding on appropriate funding mechanisms in the context of the overall funding strategy
 of the Group.
- •attending to such matters as the Board may determine from time to time.

The Committe meets on a needs basis.

BOARD ATTENDANCE REGISTER AND REMUNERATION - YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2009

Director A	Board Attendance	Audit Committee Attendance	Remco Committee Attendance I	Board Meetings	Audit Committee	Remuneration Committee	Subsidiary Board	Total
		Р	P	P	P	P	Р	P
C. M. Lekaukau	4/4 -	5/5	60,884	-	03,005	69,849		333,738
J. K. Bucknor	3/4	3/3	1/1	97,283	61,313	20,438		179,033
J. A. Burbidge	4/4	3/3		117,720	61,313	i e i		79,033
I.A. Claassen	4/4	3/3	5/5	-	-	-		-
Dr Hassy H B K	itine 3/4	-		97,283	-	-		97,283
M. C. Letshwiti	3/3	2/2	4/4	89,925	45,780	91,560		227,265
D. Ndebele	3/4	3/3	3/3		-	-		-
P.Voutyritsas	3/4	-	3/3	97,283	=	68,405		65,688
Total					_			1, 82,040

BOARD ATTENDANCE REGISTER AND REMUNERATION -- 15 MONTH PERIOD ENDED 31 JANUARY 2008

Director A	Board ttendance	Audit Committee Attendance	Remco Committee Attendance	Board	Audit Committee	Remuneration Committee	Total
				P	P	P	P
C. M. Lekaukau	6/6		3/3*	204,300	-	56,700	26 .000
P. S. Abrahams	[/]			40.250	8.750		59.000
R. N. Alam	3/3	2/2	5/5	108,000	37,500	93.750	239.250
van den Berg	3/3	2/2	2/2	72,250	37,500	37.500	47,750
I. K. Bucknor	1/1			18,750		-	18,750
I.A. Burbidge	4/6	3/3		91,500	56,250		47,750
J. A. Claassen	6/6	3/3	5/5	rinevalore	=33 167 F S V.	-	The state of the s
Dr Hassy H B Ki	tine 6/6	-		64,250	-	i e i	64,250
M. C. Letshwiti	6/6	3/3	9/9*	81,500	60,750	86,750	429,000
D. Ndebele	6/6	3/3	5/5	-	-	-	
J. M. C. Rammipi	5/6	1 2	32:	45,500	21	151	45,500
P.Voutyritsas	111	-	-	18,750	-	-	18,750
Total	7.5						1,631,000

^{*} Additional Remco meetings took place during the period to 3 | January 2008 and 3 | January 2009. Certain of these meetings were to:

•Short list and interview candidates for new senior positions

[•] Review the 'Long Term Share Incentive Scheme' and attend meetings with independent professional advisors

Continues

Note — Directors fees for RN Alam, J van den Berg, JK Bucknor and PVoutyritsas were paid to Kingdom Zephyr African Management Limited the organisation that they represent.

Directors' fees for JMC Rammipi were paid to Botswana Public Employees Union the organisation he represents. Directors fees for JA Burbidge were paid to African Life Limited until his retirement during 2007.

Kingdom Zephyr African Management Limited represents PAIP-PCAP-FMO Letshego Limited, a shareholder of Letshego Holdings Limited.

REMUNERATION – EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Executive directors' remuneration for the period was as follows:

Year ended 31 January 2009	For Management Services	Pension Fund Contributions	Performance Bonus	Total
11	P	P	P	Р
J. A. Claassen	2,184,404	-	1,371,915	3,556,319
D. Ndebele	1,291,500	126,000	811,125	2,228,625

15 month period ended 31 January 2008	For Management Services	Pension Fund Contributions	Performance Bonus P	Total P
J. A. Claassen	2,148,825	_	640,000	2,788,825
D. Ndebele	1,412,480	21,000	250,000	1,683,480

CLOSED PERIOD

The closed periods for trading in the holding company's shares by directors and employees is from the beginning of the months of both the interim and the year end (i.e. | July and | January) up to the date of publication of the interim and final results in the print media and on the Group's web site www.letshego.com

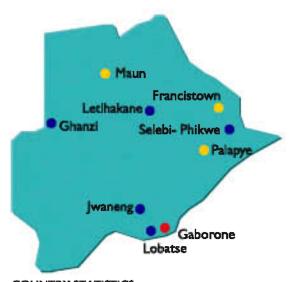
Directors and employees are prohibited from dealing in the holding company's shares during such periods in which they are privy to unpublished price-sensitive information.

C.M. LEKAUKAU CHAIRMAN J.A. CLAASSEN MANAGING DIRECTOR



Botswana

Letshego Financial Services (Pty) Limited



COUNTRY STATISTICS

Population	1,800,000
Economically active	788,000
Formally employed	539,000
Government employees	112,000

Source: 200 | National census and Management estimates

Company Statistics

• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	2009	2008
Number of branches – main	4	4
Number of branches – satellite	5	4
Number of staff	89	8

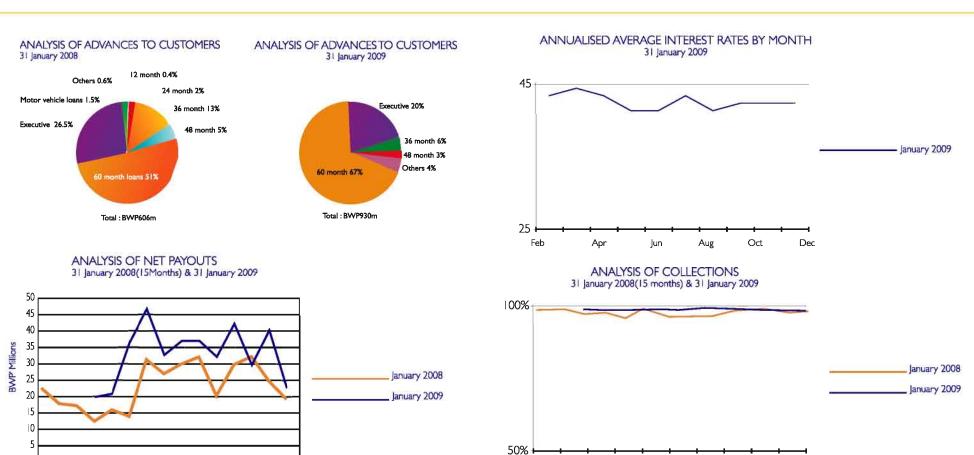
Key:
Head Office
Main Branches
Satelites

Company Statistics	2000	2000
Male Female	2009 38% 62%	2008 35% 65%
Citizen Non Citizen	100% 0%	100% 0%
Customers — employed by Government or quasi Government Customers — employed by parastatals	95%	95%
or the private sector	5%	5%
Total number of customers	35,680	35,534
Average value of loans at 31 January	P25.6k	P17.0k
Average interest yield on advances to customers at 31 January	40.7%	40.8%
% of book on payroll deduction model	99%	100%
Collections statistics – average collection rate for the period	98%	98%
Central register in place	Yes	

Regulatory Framework - Non Bank Financial Institutions Regulatory Authority

Continues





Continues



Botswana

Letshego Financial Services (Pty) Limited and Letshego Guard (Pty) Limited

BOTSWANA - Letshego Guard (Pty) Limited

Company Statistics	2009	2008
Number of branches – main Number of branches and satellite	1	1
branches shared with LFSB	9	8
Number of staff	29	31
Male	38%	35%
Female	62%	65%
Citizen Non Citizen	∣00% 0%	\00% 0%
Number of policy holders	52,879	48,579



LPSB corporate social responsibility event



Botswana staff at a wellness day in Gaborone



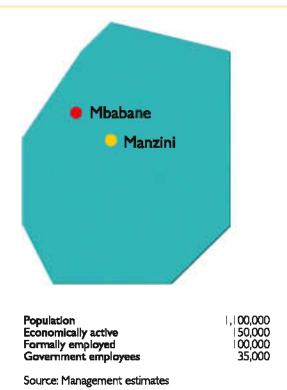
Letshego - Botswana staff at a planning workshop held in the Tuli Block, Botswana in March 2009

Continues



SWAZILAND-Micro Provident Swaziland (Pty) Limited

Company Statistics



Key:
Head Office
Main Branches

	2009	2008
Number of branches – main	2	2
Number of staff	17	15
Male Female	47% 53%	48% 52%
Citizen Non Citizen	100% 0%	100% 0%
Customers – employed by Government or quasi Government Customers – employed by parastatals or	100%	100%
the private sector	0%	0%
Total number of customers	8,97 1	7,1 93
Average value of loans at 31 January	P21.3k	P13.9k
Average interest yield on advances to customers at 3 January	36.3%	42.4%
% of book on payroll deduction model	100%	100%
Collections statistics — average collection rate for the period	99%	99%

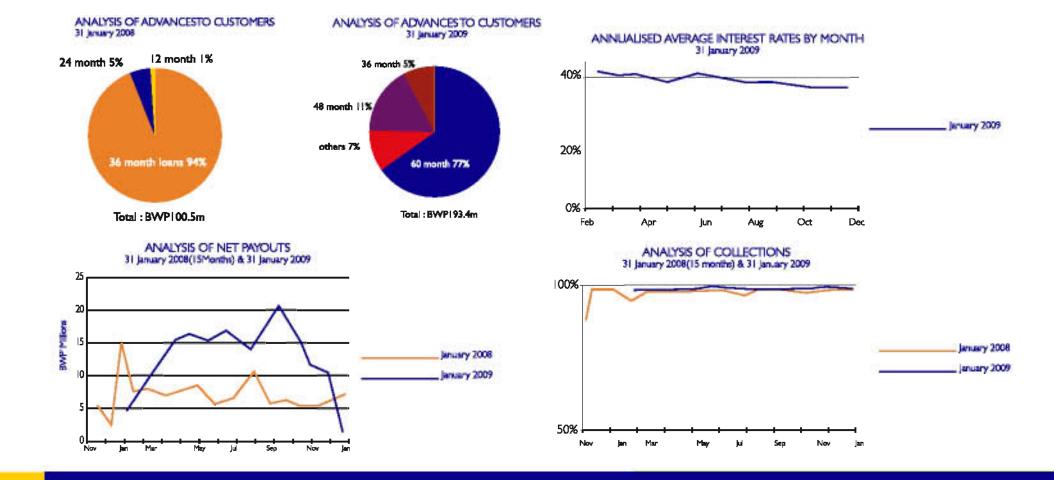
Central register in place - No - but expected during 2009

Regulatory Framework- Money Lending and Credit Financing Act and the Employment Act

Continues



SWAZILAND – Micro Provident Swaziland (Pty) Limited



Continues



SWAZILAND-Micro Provident Swaziland (Pty) Limited

Board Attendance Register and Remuneration

and the state of t				
Year ended 31 January 2009	Nationality	Board Attendance	Remuneration P	
HRH Prince Lonkhokhela(Chairman)	Swaziland	2/2	46,065	Appointed Chairman August 2008
VH Diamini (Managing Director)	Swaziland	2/2	40,483	Resigned as Chairman August 2008 Appointed as CEO August 2008
MC Letshwiti	Botswana	/	∣ , 994	Resigned 3 July 2008
JA Claassen	RSA	2/2	-	
D Ndebele	Botswana	2/2	-	

The remuneration for VH Diamini relates to his position as Chairman up until | August 2008,

15 month period ended 31 lanuary 2008	Nationality	Board Attendance	Remuneration P
VH Diamini (Chairman)	Swaziland	3/3	6,117
HRH Prince Lonkhokhela	Swaziland	3/3	4,893
JA Claassen	RSA	3/3	-
D Ndebele	Botswana	3/3	-

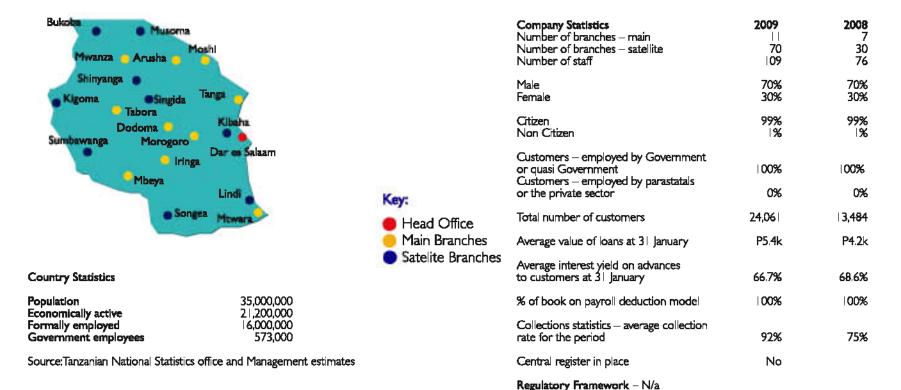


MPS Staf

Continues



TANZANIA – Micro Provident Tanzania Limited

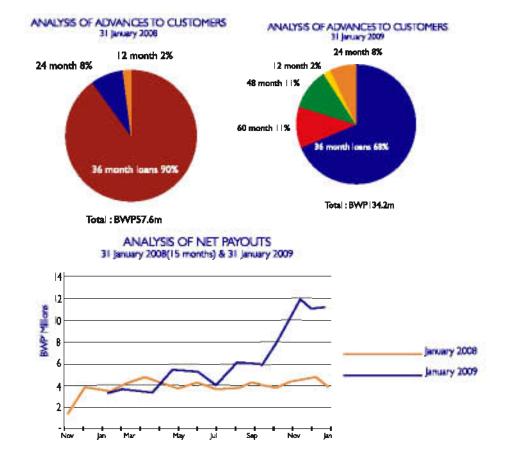


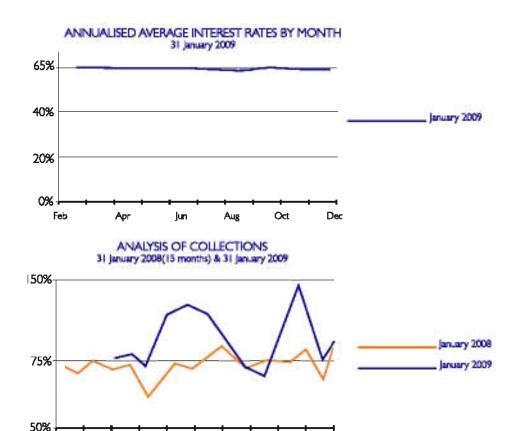
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TANZANIA – Micro Provident Tanzania Limited

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Continues



TANZANIA – Micro Provident Tanzania Limited

Board Attendance Register and Remuneration

Year ended 31 January 2009	Nationality	Board Attendance	Remuneration P
Dr Hassy HB Kitine (Chairman)	Tanzania	2/2	22,026
I Rugumyamheto	Tanzania	2/2	45,465
CM Lekáukau	Botswana	1/2	6.820
PVoutvritsas PVoutvritsas	Greece	1/2	15.899
M Moore (Managing Director)	RSA	2/2	_
JA Claassen	RSA	2/2	-
D Ndebele	Botswana	2/2	-

15 month period ended 31 January 2008	Nationality	Board Attendance	Remuneration P
Dr Hassy HB Kitine (Chairman)	Tanzania	3/3	26.375
Rugumyamheto	Tanzania		21.600
M Moore (Managing Director)	RSA	1/1	_
IA Claassen	RSA	3/3	_
D Ndebele	Botswana	3/3	-



Faldika Staff - Dar Es Salaam



Faidika Staff - Staff at a training workshop

Continues



UGANDA – Micro Provident Uganda Limited



Key:
Head Office
Main Branches
Satelite Branches

Country Statistics

Population	30,700,000
Economically active	10,200,000
Formally employed	563,000
Government employees	315,000

Source: Uganda Burea of Statistics, Ministry of Public Service and Management estimates

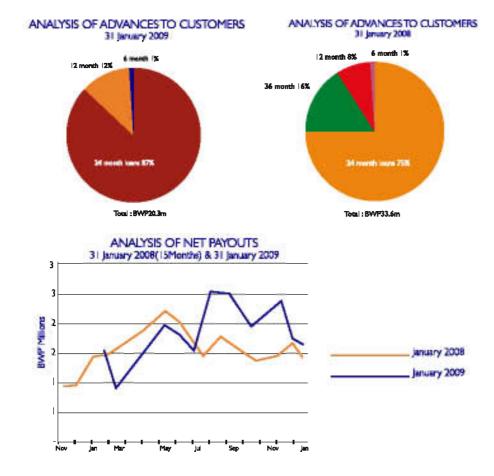
Company Statistics Number of branches — main Number of branches — satellite Number of staff	2009 6 3 6	2008 5 3 37
Male Female	49% 5⊺%	43% 57%
Citizen Non Citizen	100% 0%	100% 0%
Customers – employed by Government or quasi Government Customers – employed by parastatals or the private sector	∣00% 0%	100% 0%
Total number of customers	8,309	5,652
Average value of loans at 31 January	P 3,9 K	P3,5K
Average interest yield on advances to customers at 31 January	60.0%	60.0%
% of book on payroll deduction model	100%	100%
Collections statistics – average collection rates for the period	97%	85%
Central register in place	Nο	

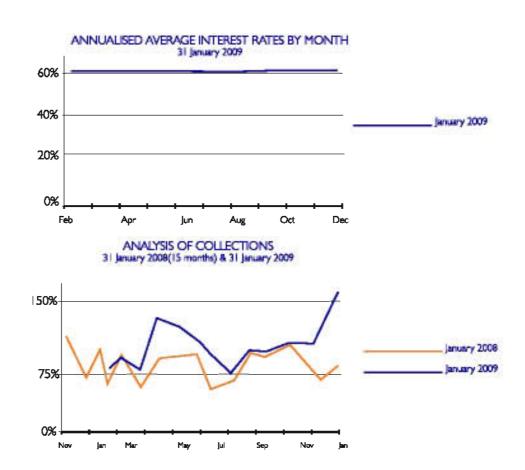
Regulatory Framework - Money Lenders Act

Continues



UGANDA – Micro Provident Uganda Limited







UGANDA – Micro Provident Uganda Limited

Board Attendance Register and Remuneration

Year ended 31 January 2009	Nationality	Board Attendance	Remuneration P	
J A Claassen (Chairman)	RSA	2/2	-	
G Kitakule (Managing Director)	Uganda	/	-	Appointed 12 January 2009
D Ndebele	Botswana	2/2	-	



MPU branch launch

Continues



ZAMBIA – Letshego Financial Services Limited



Country Statistics

Population | 2,000,000 Economically active | 4,100,000 Formally employed | 2,500,000 Government employees | 400,000

Source: Management estimates

Company Statistics	2009	2008
Number of branches — main Number of branches — satellite	2	0
Number of staff	17	12
Male Female	68% 32%	65% 35%
Citizen Non Citizen	100% 0%	84% ∣6%
Customers – employed by Government or quasi Government Customers – employed by parastat		100%
or the private sector	0%	0%
Total number of customers	4,678	697
Average value of loans at 31 January	P6,074	P4,562
Average interest yield on advances to customers at 3 January	81.1%	79.9%
% of book on payroll deduction model	100%	100%
Collections statistics – average collection rate for the period	82%	88%
Central register in place	No	

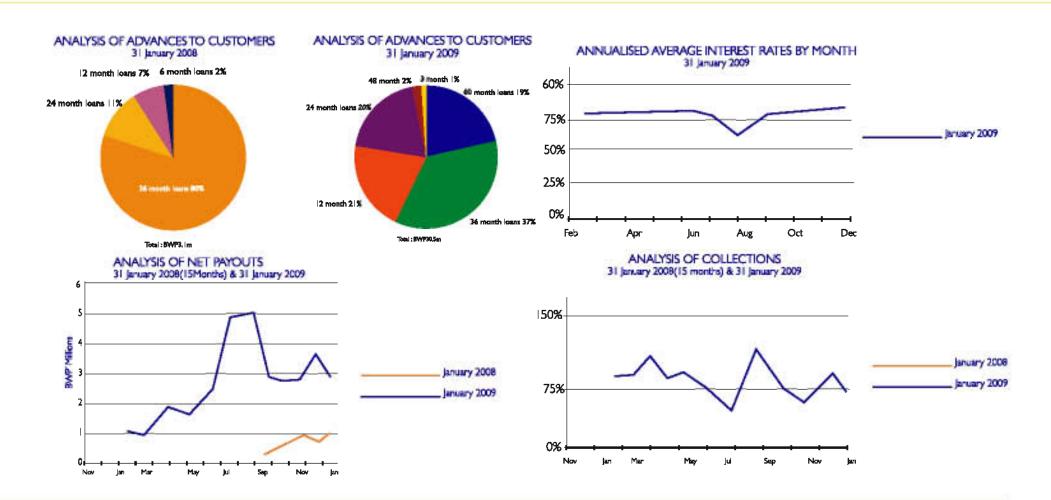
Regulatory Framework

Licensed with the Central Bank of Zambia as a non deposit taking financial institution

Continues



ZAMBIA – Letshego Financial Services Limited



Continues



ZAMBIA – Letshego Financial Services Limited

Board Attendance Register and Remuneration

Year ended 31 January 2009	Nationality	Board Attendance	Remuneration P	
AB Chikwanda (Chairman)	Zambia	2/3	97,625	
JM Chikolwa	Zambia	/	33,203	Resigned
KR Hyslop	Zimbabwe	2/3	91,098	
JK Bucknor	Ghana	2/3	19,769	
H Lens (Managing Director)	Namibia	/	-	Resigned July 2008
B Ngoma (Managing Director)	Zambia	2/2	-	Appointed July 2008
JA Claassen	RSA	3/3	-	

Period ended 31 January 2008	Nationality	Board Attendance	Remuneration P
AB Chikwanda (Chairman) JM Chikolwa KR Hyslop	Zambia Zambia Zimbabwe	3/3 3/3 3/3	61,998 21,600 21,600
H Lens (Managing Director) JA Claassen SS Bruwer	Namibia RSA Namibia	3/3 3/3 3/3	-



LFSZ staff assisting a customer

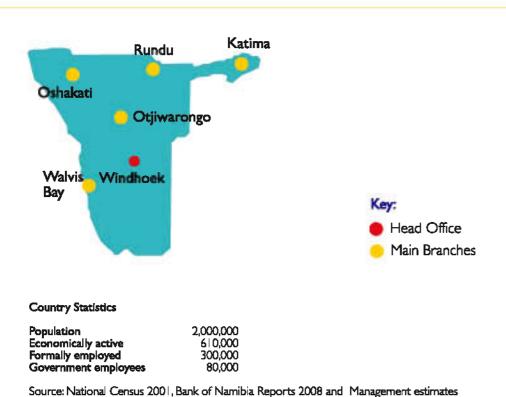


LFSZ staff with buckets and chlorine bought to donate to the Disaster Management unit of the Government of Zambia

Continues



NAMIBIA – Eduloan (Namibia) (Pty) Limited



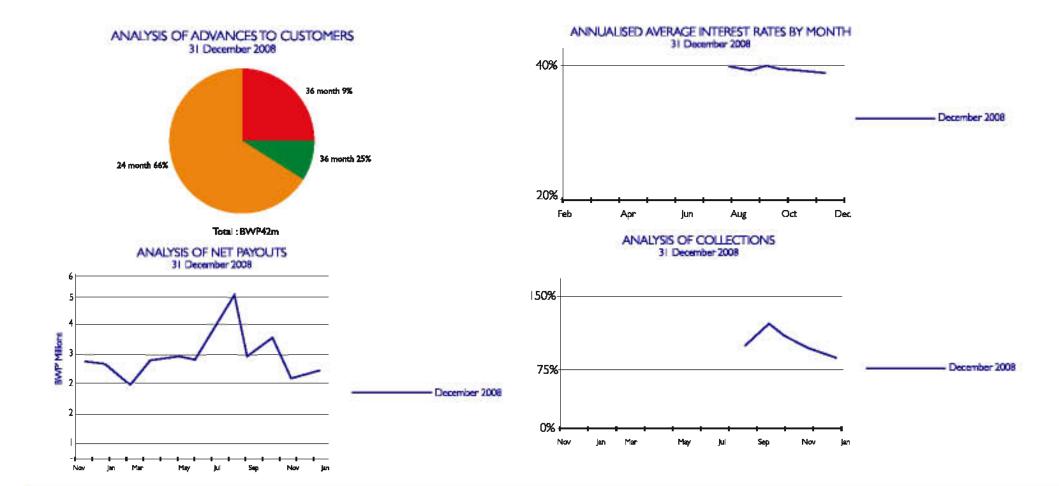
Company Statistics Number of branches — main Number of branches — mobile units	31 December 2008 6 2
Number of staff	33
Male Female	42% 5 8 %
Citizen Non Citizen	100% 0%
Customers — employed by Government or quasi Government Customers — employed by parastatals or the private sector	82% 8%
Total number of customers	13,633
Average value of loans at 31 January	P3,4K
Average interest yield on advances to customers at December 2008 % of book on payroll deduction model	39.1% 100%
Collections statistics – average for the period	od 98%

Regulatory Framework - Namibian Financial Institutions Supervisory Authority (NAMFISA)

Continues



NAMIBIA – Eduloan (Namibia) (Pty) Limited



Continues



NAMIBIA – Eduloan (Namibia) (Pty) Limited

Board Attendance Register and Remuneration

Period ended 31 December 2008	Nationality	Board Attendance	Remuneration P	
CLR Haikali (Chairman)	Namibia	1/1	3,217	Resigned 4 December 2008
S Berg (Managing Director)	Namibia	1/1	-	
]] Kitshoff	RSA	171	-	Resigned post year end
JKWasserfa	RSA	171	-	Resigned post year end
DrW Steenkamp	Namibia		-	Resigned post year end
JA Claassen	RSA		-	Appointed 4 December 2008

Eduloan (Namibia) (Pty) Limited was acquired with effect from \bot August 2008 and was consolidated for the period to $3 \bot$ December 2008.

One board meeting was held during this period. Subsequent to the year end date, certain directors representing the shareholder resigned.



Windhoek Staff



Office, Windhook

REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF LETSHEGO HOLDINGS LIMITED



KPMG Cartified Public Accountants Piot 67977, Fairground Park PO Box 1519, Gaborone, Botswana Telephone +267 391 2400 Telefax +267 397 5281 www.kpmg.com

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying consolidated and separate financial statements of Letshego Holdings Limited and its subsidiaries, set out on pages 42 to 88, which comprise the balance sheets as at 31 January 2009, and the income statements, statements of changes in equity and cash flow statements for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes.

Directors' Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The directors are responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards and in the manner required by the Companies Act, 2003 (No. 32 of 2004) of Botswana.

This responsibility includes: designing, implementing and maintaining internal controls relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies; and making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal controls relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity and it's subsidiaries internal controls. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects the financial position of Letshego Holdings Limited and its subsidiaries as of 31 January 2009, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards and in the manner required by the Companies Act 2003 (No. 32 of 2004) of Botswana.

KPMG 22 April 2009

> KPMG, a partnership established under the Botswana Business Names Act, is a member firm of KPMG international, a Swiss cooperative

AG Devlin* NP Dixon- Warren FJ Roos**
*British ** RSA
VAT Number: P003623901112

GROUP INCOME STATEMENTS for the year ended 31 january 2009

	Note	GR	OUP	COM	IPANY
		12 MONTHS ENDED 31 JANUARY 2009 P'000	15 MONTHS ENDED 31 JANUARY 2008 P'000	12 MONTHS ENDED 31 JANUARY 2009 P'000	15 MONTHS ENDED 31 JANUARY 2008 P'000
Interest income Interest expense	2	398,311 (72,196)	278,357 (34,485)	96,535 (36,131)	78,322 (24,117)
Net interest income		326,115	243,872	60,404	54,205
Fee and commission income Other operating income	3 4	87,827 4,621	64,788 5,655	1,692 284,607	,332 4,824
Operating income		418,563	314,315	346,703	70,361
Operating expenses Staff costs	5	(54,522)	(44,037)	(24,741)	(24,632)
Other operating costs	6	(45,930)	(37,170)	(11,977)	(12,103)
Net income before impairment and taxation Impairment charge	П	318,111 (29,421)	233,108 (15,666)	309,985 -	33,626 (733)
Profit before taxation		288,690	217,442	309,985	32,893
Income tax	7	(69,626)	(48,481)	(48,145)	(3,416)
Profit for the period		219,064	168,961	261,840	29,477
Attributable to : Equity holders of the parent company Minority interest		216,057 3,007	167,229 1,732	261,840 -	29,477 -
Profit for the period		219,064	168,961	261,840	29,477
Basic earnings per share $-$ (thebe)	8	144.6	111.8	172.8	19.5
Diluted earnings per share — (thebe)	8	141.5	109.9	68.	18.2
Dividends per share: interim (thebe) - paid	9	1	14.0	-	14.0
: final (thebe) - proposed	9	30.0	14.0	30.0	14.0
NAC had a second about the second		30.0	28.0	30.0	28.0
Weighted average number of shares in issue during the period (millions)	8	151.5	151.1	151.5	151.1
Dilution effect - number of shares (millions)		3.3	2.2	3.3	2.2
Number of shares in issue at the end of the period (millions)	19	151.5	151.5	151.5	151.5

GROUP BALANCE SHEETS AT 31 JANUARY 2009

	Note	GF	ROUP	COM	PANY
ASSETS		2009	2008 P'000	2009 P'000	2008
Cash and cash equivalents Advances to customers Other receivables Investment in subsidiary companies Property, plant and equipment Intangible assets Goodwill Income tax	0 2 3 4 5 6	P'000 5,165 1,342,557 8,453 - 7,152 596 25,760	9,201 787,926 3,050 - 4,384 991	22 - 3,293 814,123 2,103 596 - 2,626	P'000 6,626 - 4,254 506,478 1,144 963 - 1,690
Deferred taxation Total assets	7		6,367 811,919	3,103 825,866	522,47I
Liabilities Liabilities Trade and other payables Income tax Borrowings	17 18	80, 4 5,042 644,385	31,109 12,818 306,725	29,547 - 231,968	21,558 - 182,436
Total liabilities Shareholders' equity Stated capital Foreign currency translation reserve Share based payment reserve Retained earning Total equity attributable to equity holders of the parent company	19 20	35,092 4,439 10,588 616,948	350,652 35,092 (1,449) 3,923 422,107 459,673	35,092 - 8,104 521,155 564,351	203,994 35,092 2,854 280,531 318,477
Minority interest Total shareholders' equity Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	23	4,4 3 67 ,480 	1,594 461,267 811,919	564,35 I 825,866	318,477 522,471

GROUP STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY for the year ended 31 january 2009

GROUP Balance at February 2008 Profit for the year Foreign currency translation reserve Dividends paid to minority shareholders Allocation to long term incentive plan Dividends declared and paid: final (2008) Dividends declared and paid: interim (2009) Balance at 31 January 2009	Note 20 9	Stated Capital P'000 35,092 - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	Retained Earnings P'000 422,107 216,057 - (21,216) -	Share Based Payment Reserve P'000 3,923 6,665 10,588	Foreign Exchange Translation Reserve P'000 (1,449) - 5,888	Minority Interest P'000 1,594 3,007 280 (468)	Total P'000 461,267 219,064 6,168 (468) 6,665 (21,216)
GROUP				<u> </u>			-
Balance at November 2006 Profit for the period Allocation of additional shares and		30,07	291,169 167,229	4,900	(2,576)	- 1,732	323,564 68,96
share premium Foreign currency translation reserve Write back to equity holders of the parent	19	5,02 l -	-	(5,021)	- 1,207	(2 8)	- 989
company Allocation to long term incentive plan	20	-	-	- 4,044	(80)	80	- 4,044
Dividends declared and paid: final (2006) Dividends declared and paid: interim (2008)	9	-	(5, 2) (2 , 70)		- -	-	(5, 2) (2 , 70)
Balance at 31 January 2008		35,092	422,107	3,923	(1,449)	1,594	461,267
COMPANY Balance at February 2008 Profit for the year Allocation to long term incentive plan Dividends declared and paid: final (2008) Dividends declared and paid: interim (2009)	20 9 9	35,092 - - - - -	280,531 261,840 - (21,216)	2,854 - 5,250 - -	- - - - -	- - - - -	3 8,477 26 ,840 5,250 (2 ,2 6)
Balance at 31 January 2009		35,092	521,155	8,104	-	-	564,351
COMPANY Balance at November 2006 Profit for the period Allocation of additional shares and share premium Allocation to long term incentive plan Dividends declared and paid: final (2006) Dividends declared and paid: interim (2008)	9 20 9	30,07 - 5,02 -	287,345 29,477 - - (15,121) (21,170)	4,900 - (5,021) 2,975 -	- - - -	- - - -	322,316 29,477 - 2,975 (15,121) (21,170)
Balance at 31 January 2008	,	35,092	280,531		-		318,477

GROUP CASH FLOW STATEMENTS for the year ended 31 january 2009

	Note	G	ROUP	СОМЕ	PANY
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		12 MONTHS ENDED 31 JANUARY 2009 P'000	15 MONTHS ENDED 31 JANUARY 2008 P'000	12 MONTHS ENDED 31 JANUARY 2009 P'000	15 MONTHS ENDED 31 JANUARY 2008 P'000
Cash (utilised in) / generated from operations Income tax paid Net cash (utilised in) / generated from	21	(186,045) (77,400)	(120,603) (47,425)	68,848 (52,830)	418,053 (12,774)
operating activities		(263,445)	(168,028)	16,018	405,279
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Investment in subsidiaries Dividends received from subsidiaries Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment Purchase of property, plant and equipment Purchase of intangible assets	13 14 15	(5,276) (368)	- ,250 (4,135) (476)	(274,587) 256,748 - (1,639) (368)	(479,630) 3940 1250 (867) (428)
Acquisition of business Net cash utilised in investing activities	16	(31,980) (37624)	(3,361)	33,058 (52,904)	(475,735)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Net movement in short and long term borrowings Dividends paid - net of withholding tax Dividends paid to minority shareholders	9	316,751 (19,250) (468)	208,796 (32,482)	49,532 (19,250) -	109,449 (32,482) -
Net cash generated from financing activities		297,033	176,314	30,282	76,967
Net movement in cash and cash equivalents		(4,036)	4,925	(6,604)	6,511
Movement in cash and cash equivalents At the beginning of the period Movement during the period		9,201 (4,036)	4,276 4,925	6,626 (6,604)	5 6,5
At the end of the period	10	5,165	9,201	22	6,626

The following principal accounting policies, which are consistent with prior years, have been adopted in the preparation of these financial statements:

STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) and in the manner required by the Companies Act, 2003 (No. 32 of 2004).

BASIS OF PREPARATION

The financial statements are presented in Botswana Pula, which is the Group's reporting currency. Except where indicated, financial information presented in Pula has been rounded to the nearest thousand.

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for financial instruments which are disclosed at fair value. The financial statements incorporate the following principal accounting policies which are consistent with those of the prior year:

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results which form the basis of making the judgments about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the year in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that year, or in the year of the revision and future years if the revision affects both current and future years.

Significant judgements made by management in the application of International Financial Reporting Standards consist mainly of loans and advances impairment and share based payment calculations as disclosed in note 29.

BASIS OF CONSOLIDATION

Subsidiaries are all entities (including special purpose entities) over which the group has the power to govern the financial and operating policies generally accompanying a shareholding of more than one

half of the voting rights. The existence and effect of potential voting rights that are currently exercisable or convertible are considered when assessing whether the group controls another entity. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the group. They are deconsolidated from the date that control ceases. The purchase method of accounting is used to account for the acquisition of subsidiaries by the group. The cost of an acquisition is measured as the fair value of the assets given, equity instruments issued and liabilities incurred or assumed at the date of exchange, plus costs directly attributable to the acquisition. Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date, irrespective of the extent of any minority interest.

The excess of the cost of acquisition over the fair value of the group's share of the identifiable net assets acquired is recorded as goodwill. If the cost of acquisition is less than the fair value of the net assets of the subsidiary acquired, the difference is recognised directly in the income statement.

Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the group. Details of the subsidiary companies are set out on note 13 to the financial statements.

Intra group balances and any unrealised income and expenses arising from intra group transactions are eliminated in preparing the consolidated financial statements. Unrealised losses are eliminated in the same way as unrealised gains, but only to the extent that there is no evidence of impairment.

RECOGNITION AND DE-RECOGNITION OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

The company recognises an asset when it obtains control of a resource as a result of past events and future economic benefits are expected to flow to the company. The company derecognises a financial asset when it loses control over the contractual rights that comprise the asset and consequently transfers the substantive risks and benefits associated with the asset. A financial liability is derecognised when it is legally extinguished.

Continues

PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment in value.

Depreciation is charged to the income statement on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the plant and equipment.

Computers 3 years
Furniture and fittings 4 years
Office equipment 5 years
Motor vehicles 4 years

The residual value and useful lives of each part of plant and equipment, if not insignificant, is reassessed annually.

Gains and losses on disposal of plant and equipment items are determined by comparing proceeds with the carrying amount and included in the income statement.

FOREIGN CURRENCIES TRANSACTIONS

Transactions conducted in foreign currencies are translated to Pula at the foreign exchange rate ruling at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the balance sheet date are translated to Pula at the foreign exchange rate ruling at that date. Foreign exchange differences arising on translation are recognised in the income statement. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are stated at fair value are translated to Pula at foreign exchange rates at the dates the values were determined.

FOREIGN OPERATIONS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The assets and liabilities of foreign operations, including goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on acquisition, are translated to Botswana Pula at the rates ruling at the financial year end. The income and expenses of foreign operations are translated to Botswana Pula at rates approximating those ruling at the dates of the transactions. Foreign currency differences are recognised directly in equity in the foreign currency translation reserve. When a foreign operation is disposed of, either in part or in full, the relevant amount in the foreign currency translation reserve is transferred to profit or loss.

TRANSLATION RESERVE

The translation reserve comprises all foreign exchange differences arising from the translation of the financial statements of foreign operations as well as from the translation of liabilities that hedge the Company's net investment in foreign operations.

OPERATING LEASES

Payments made under operating leases are recognised in the income statement on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease. Lease incentives received are recognised in the income statement as an integral part of the total lease expense.

COMPUTER SOFTWARE DEVELOPMENT COSTS AND INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Software acquired by the Group is stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses.

Expenditure on internally developed software is recognised as an asset when the Group is able to demonstrate its intention and ability to complete the development and use the software in a manner that will generate future economic benefits, and can reliably measure the costs to complete the development. The capitalised costs of internally developed software include all costs directly attributable to developing the software, and are amortised over its useful life. Internally developed software is stated at capitalised cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment.

Subsequent expenditure on software assets is capitalised only when it increases the future economic benefits embodied in the specific asset to which it relates. All other expenditure is expensed as incurred.

Amortisation is recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of the software, from the date that it is available for use. The estimate useful life of software is three years.

OTHER RECEIVABLES

Other receivables comprise prepayments, deposits and other recoverables which arise during the normal course of business.

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

For the purposes of the cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, net of bank overdraft facilities subject to sweeping arrangements.

PROVISIONS

Provisions are recognised when the group has a present legal obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation can be made.

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GROUP ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Continues

INCOME TAX

Income tax on the profit or loss for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax is recognised in the income statement except to the extent that it relates to items recognised directly in equity, in which case the related income tax is also recognised in equity.

Current tax comprises tax payable calculated on the basis of the expected taxable income for the year, using tax rates enacted at the balance sheet date, and any adjustment of tax payable for previous years.

DEFERRED TAX

Deferred tax is provided using the balance sheet liability method, based on temporary differences. Temporary differences are differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and their tax base. The amount of deferred tax provided is based on the expected manner of realisation or settlement of the carrying amount of assets and liabilities using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax is charged to the income statement except to the extent that it relates to a transaction that is recognised directly in equity, or a business combination. The effect on tax of any changes in tax rates is recognised in the income statement, except to the extent that it relates to items previously charged or credited directly to equity.

A deferred tax asset is recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the associated unused tax losses and deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Deferred tax assets are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realised.

REVENUE RECOGNITION

Interest income is recognised in the income statement at amortised cost using the effective interest method. The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset or a financial liability and of allocating the interest income or interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments or receipts through the expected life of the financial instrument or, when appropriate, a shorter period to the net carrying amount of the financial asset or financial liability.

When calculating the effective interest rate, the group estimates cash flows considering all contractual terms of the financial instrument but does not consider future credit losses. The calculation includes all fees and administration charges paid or received between parties to the contract that are an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and all other premiums or discounts.

Once a financial asset or a group of similar financial assets has been written down as a result of an impairment loss, interest income is recognised using the rate of interest used to discount the future cash flows for the purpose of measuring the impairment loss.

FEE AND COMMISSION INCOME

Fees and commissions are recognised on an accrual basis when the service has been provided. Commission and fees arising from group credit life insurance scheme are recognised on a time-apportionate basis over the period the service is provided.

INTEREST FROM BANK DEPOSITS

Interest from bank deposit is earned on an accruals basis at the agreed interest rate with the respective financial institution.

OTHER INCOME

Other income comprises profit share and once-off joining fees. Profit share is recognised as profits are declared by the insurer on a notification basis. Once off joining fees are recognised in the income statement in the month a member takes insurance cover on a cash basis.

DIVIDEND INCOME

The group recognises dividends when the group's right to receive payment is established. This is on the 'last day to trade' for listed shares, and on the 'date of declaration' for unlisted shares. Dividend income includes scrip dividends, irrespective of whether there is an option to receive cash instead of shares.

STATED CAPITAL

Ordinary share capital is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received and the excess amount over the nominal value of shares issued is treated as share premium.

Continues

DIVIDENDS PAID

Dividends on ordinary shares are recognised against equity in the period in which they are approved by the company's shareholders. Dividends declared after the balance sheet dates are not recognised as a liability in the balance sheet.

BORROWINGS

Borrowings are recognised initially as the proceeds are received, net of transaction costs incurred. In subsequent periods, borrowings are stated at amortised cost using the effective yield method; any difference between the proceeds and the redemption value is recognised in the income statement over the period of the borrowings.

EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

Employee entitlements to annual leave are recognised when they accrue to employees. An accrual is made for the estimated liability for annual leave as a result of services rendered by employees up to the balance sheet date. The group operates a defined contribution retirement benefit fund.

The group also operates an employee bonus incentive scheme. The provision for employee bonus incentive is based on a predetermined group policy and is recognised in other accruals. The accrual for employee bonus incentives is expected to be settled within 12 months.

PAYROLL ADMINISTRATION COSTS

Administration costs are charged by employers for payroll deduction facilities. These costs are set-off against recoveries made from clients. Where the company is not able to recover in full such administration costs, they are recognised in the income statement as incurred.

SHARE-BASED PAYMENT TRANSACTIONS

The group operates an equity-settled conditional Long Term Incentive Plan (LTIP). Conditional awards are granted to management and key employees. The number of vesting awards is subject to achievement of certain market and non-market conditions. The grant date fair value of awards granted to employees is recognised as an employee expense, with a corresponding increase in equity, over the period in which the employees become unconditionally entitled to the awards. The amount recognised as an expense is adjusted to reflect the actual number of awards that vest.

SEGMENT REPORTING

A segment is a distinguishable component of the group that is engaged either in providing products and services (business segment), or in providing products or services within a particular economic environment (geographical segment), which is subject to risks and rewards that are different from those

of other segments. The group's primary format for segment reporting is based on geographical segments.

EARNINGS PER SHARE

The group presents basic and diluted earnings per share (EPS) data for its ordinary shares. Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders by the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period.

Diluted EPS is determined by adjusting the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares arising from the Long Term Incentive Plan (LTIP) awards.

CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The group recognises a contingent liability where, it has a possible obligation from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence of one or more uncertain events not wholly within the control of the group, or it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, or the amount of the obligation cannot be measured with sufficient reliability.

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Related parties comprise directors and key management personnel of the group and companies with common ownership and/or directors.

FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

RECOGNITION

The Group initially recognises loans and advances, deposits, debt securities issued and subordinated liabilities on the date that they are originated. All other financial assets and liabilities (including assets and liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss) are initially recognised on the trade date at which the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

DERECOGNITION

The Group derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows on the financial asset in a transaction in which substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred. Any interest in transferred financial assets that is created or retained by the Group is recognised as a separate asset or liability. The Group derecognises a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged or cancelled or expire.

Continues

The Group enters into transactions whereby it transfers assets recognised on its balance sheet, but retains either all risks and rewards of the transferred assets or a portion of them. If all or substantially all risks and rewards are retained, then the transferred assets are not derecognised from the balance sheet. Transfers of assets with retention of all or substantially all risks and rewards include, for example, securities lending and repurchase transactions.

When assets are sold to a third party with a concurrent total rate of return swap on the transferred assets, the transaction is accounted for as a secured financing transaction similar to repurchase transactions. In transactions where the Group neither retains nor transfers substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a financial asset, it derecognises the asset if control over the asset is lost.

The rights and obligations retained in the transfer are recognised separately as assets and liabilities as appropriate. In transfers where control over the asset is retained, the Group continues to recognise the asset to the extent of its continuing involvement, determined by the extent to which it is exposed to changes in the value of the transferred asset.

In certain transactions the Group retains rights to service a transferred financial asset for a fee. The transferred asset is derecognised in its entirety if it meets the derecognition criteria. An asset or liability is recognised for the servicing rights, depending on whether the servicing fee is more than adequate to cover servicing expenses (asset) or is less than adequate for performing the servicing (liability).

The Group also derecognises certain assets when it charges off balances pertaining to the assets deemed to be uncollectible.

AMORTISED COST MEASUREMENT

The amortised cost of a financial asset or liability is the amount at which the financial asset or liability is measured at initial recognition, minus principal repayments, plus or minus the cumulative amortisation using the effective interest method of any difference between the initial amount recognised and the maturity amount, minus any reduction for impairment.

FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT

The determination of fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities is based on quoted market prices or dealer price quotations for financial instruments traded in active markets. For all other financial instruments fair value is determined by using valuation techniques. Valuation techniques include net present value techniques, the discounted cash flow method, comparison to similar instruments for which market observable prices exist, and valuation models. The Group uses widely recognised valuation models for determining the fair value of common and more simple financial instruments like options

and interest rate and currency swaps. For these financial instruments, inputs into models are market observable.

For more complex instruments, the Group uses proprietary models, which usually are developed from recognised valuation models. Some or all of the inputs into these models may not be market observable, and are derived from market prices or rates or are estimated based on assumptions. When entering into a transaction, the financial instrument is recognised initially at the transaction price, which is the best indicator of fair value, although the value obtained from the valuation model may differ from the transaction price. This initial difference, usually an increase, in fair value indicated by valuation techniques is recognised in income depending upon the individual facts and circumstances of each transaction and not later than when the market data becomes observable.

The value produced by a model or other valuation technique is adjusted to allow for a number of factors as appropriate, because valuation techniques cannot appropriately reflect all factors market participants take into account when entering into a transaction. Valuation adjustments are recorded to allow for model risks, bid-ask spreads, liquidity risks, as well as other factors. Management believes that these valuation adjustments are necessary and appropriate to fairly state financial instruments carried at fair value on the balance sheet.

IDENTIFICATION AND MEASUREMENT OF IMPAIRMENT

At each balance sheet date the Group assesses whether there is objective evidence that financial assets not carried at fair value through profit or loss are impaired. Financial assets are impaired when objective evidence demonstrates that a loss event has occurred after the initial recognition of the asset, and that the loss event has an impact on the future cash flows on the asset that can be estimated reliably.

Continues

The Group considers evidence of impairment at both a specific asset and collective level. All individually significant financial assets are assessed for specific impairment. All significant assets found not to be specifically impaired are then collectively assessed for any impairment that has been incurred but not yet identified. Assets that are not individually significant are then collectively assessed for impairment by grouping together financial assets (carried at amortised cost) with similar risk characteristics.

Objective evidence that financial assets (including equity securities) are impaired can include default or delinquency by a borrower, restructuring of a loan or advance by the Group on terms that the Group would not otherwise consider, indications that a borrower or issuer will enter bankruptcy, the disappearance of an active market for a security, or other observable data relating to a group of assets such as adverse changes in the payment status of borrowers or issuers in the group, or economic conditions that correlate with defaults in the group.

In assessing collective impairment the Group uses statistical modelling of historical trends of the probability of default, timing of recoveries and the amount of loss incurred, adjusted for management's judgement as to whether current economic and credit conditions are such that the actual losses are likely to be greater or less than suggested by historical modelling. Default rates, loss rates and the expected timing of future recoveries are regularly benchmarked against actual outcomes to ensure that they remain appropriate.

Impairment losses on assets carried at amortised cost are measured as the difference between the carrying amount of the financial assets and the present value of estimated cash flows discounted at the assets' original effective interest rate. Losses are recognised in profit or loss and reflected in an allowance account against loans and advances. Interest on the impaired asset continues to be recognised through the unwinding of the discount.

When a subsequent event causes the amount of impairment loss to decrease, the impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss.

Impairment losses on available-for-sale investment securities are recognised by transferring the difference between the amortised acquisition cost and current fair value out of equity to profit or loss. When a subsequent event causes the amount of impairment loss on an available-for-sale debt security to decrease, the impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss.

However, any subsequent recovery in the fair value of an impaired available-for-sale equity security is recognised directly in equity. Changes in impairment provisions attributable to time value are reflected as a component of interest income.

	GRO	UP	COMP	ANY
	12 MONTHS ENDED 31 JANUARY 2009 P'000	15 MONTHS ENDED 31 JANUARY 2008 P'000	12 MONTHS ENDED 31 JANUARY 2009 P'000	15 MONTHS ENDED 31 JANUARY 2008 P'000
I INTEREST INCOME Advances to customer Other - deposits with banks	396,439 1,872	277,97 l 386	212	30,429
- related party (note 25.1)	398,311	278,357	96,323 96,535	47,893 78,322
2 INTEREST EXPENSE Overdraft facilities and term loans Related party (note 25.1) Foreign exchange loss / (gain) Other	69,499 - 2,697 -	36,061 (1,669) 93	32,277 2,722 I,132	22,437 1,436 265 (21)
	72,196	34,485	36,131	24, Ì l 7
3 FEE AND COMMISSION INCOME Administration fees - legal expense insurance agency Administration fees - lending Arrangement fees from related party (note 25.1) Credit life insurance commission - lending (note 17.3) Credit life administration fees - lending (note 17.3)	16,357 63,194 - 5,274 3,002 87,827	17,888 40,986 2,760 3,154 64,788	- - ,692 - 1,692	446 305 310 271
4 OTHER OPERATING INCOME Profit share from legal expense insurance agency Management fees from related parties (note 25.1) Guarantee fees from related parties (note 25.1) Dividend from related party (note 25.1) Sundry income	3,420 - - - 1,201 4,621	4,409 - - 1,246 5,655	21,088 6,771 256,748 - 284,607	10,062 798 3,940 24 14,824
5 STAFF COSTS Salaries and wage Staff incentive (note 17.2) Staff pension fund contribution (note 31) Directors' remuneration – for management services (executive Long term incentive plan	30,995 8,671 2,407 5,784 6,665 54,522	22,476 12,498 547 4,472 4,044 44,037	8,929 4,045 733 5,784 5,250 24,741	7,127 9,956 102 4,472 2,975 24,632

NOTES TO THE GROUP FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 31 january 2009 Continues

6 OPERATING EXPENSES
Accounting and secretarial fees
Advertising
Audit fees - current year
- prior year under provision
- other fees paid to auditors
Bank charges
Computer expenses
Consultancy fees
Depreciation
- Computer equipment (note 4)
- Office furniture and equipment (note 4)
- Motor vehicles (note (4)
Amortisation of intangible assets (note 15)
Directors' fees – non executive
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment
Operating lease rentals - property
Other operating expenses
Payroll administration costs
Professional fees
Telephone and postage
Travel

GRO	DUP	COM	1PANY
12 MONTHS ENDED 31 JANUARY 2009 P'000	15 MONTHS ENDED 31 JANUARY 2008 P'000	12 MONTHS ENDED 31 JANUARY 2009 P'000	15 MONTHS ENDED 31 JANUARY 2008 P'000
592 7,707 1,058	1,026 6,260 748	429 280 159	733 29 64
100 197 2,466 2,059 550	318 2,302 1,918 825	36 319 1,503 86	694 1,408 824
817 1,580	83 1,245	80 496	80 498
102 763 1,182	4 1,096 1,631 290	735 1,182	953 1,631
4,060 12,836 1,622	3,930 6,687 2,203	919 3,415	3 ,034 , 9 494
1,622 925 2,306 5,008	189 2,907 2,760	324 1,914	- 1,136 931
45,930	37,170	11,977	12,103

				Continues
	GRO	OLIP	COMP	
	12 MONTHS ENDED 31 JANUARY 2009 P'000	15 MONTHS ENDED 31 JANUARY 2008 P'000	12 MONTHS ENDED 31 JANUARY 2009 P'000	15 MONTHS ENDED 31 JANUARY 2008 P'000
7 INCOMETAX Company taxation - Basic taxation - Additional company taxation (Botswana only) - Under / (over) provision from prior periods - Withholding tax on dividends paid	49,036 24,234 3,214 (1,964)	36,440 20,901 (421) (3,809)	9,762 3,502 102 (1,964)	4,2 3 2,808 (3,809)
- Withholding tax on dividends received - Deferred taxation credit - Other taxes	74,520 (4,971) 77 69,626	53,111 (4,637) 7 48,481	38.512 49.914 (1,787) 18 48,145	3,803 (387)
7.1 Additional Company Taxation (Botswana) available to be offset against withholding tax on dividends			-	
Balance at the beginning of the period Arising in the current period Withholding tax on dividends paid	55,078 24,234 (38,774)	38,577 20,901 (44,00)	36,984 3,502 (1,964)	37,985 2,808 (3,809)
Balance at the end of the year	40,538	55,078	38,522	36,984
Additional company tax falls away after a period of five years if not utilised				
7.2 Deferred taxation Balance at the beginning of the period Current year credit	(6,367) (4,971)	(1,730) (4,637)	(,3 6) (,787)	(929) (387)
Balance at the end of the period	(11,338)	(6,367)	(3,103)	(1,316)
Deferred taxation arises from temporary differences on the following items: Property, plant and equipment Share based payment provision Staff incentive provision General impairment provision	690 1,968 1,652 6,841	344 (204) 1,558 3,253	80 ,314 ,609	265 (511) 1,558
Taxation losses Deferred rent provision	55 132 11,338	1,358 58 6,367	3,103	
72B #10 6	11,550	0,307	3,103	1,310
Income before taxation	288,690	217,442	309,985	32,893
Tax calculated at relevant tax rates Under / (over) provision from prior period Expenses and revenues not deductible / taxable for tax Dividend income not taxable Withholding tax on dividends paid	(1,964)	57,361 (421) (4,650) (3,809)	13,265 102 (1,770) 38,512 (1,964)	9,899 - (3,265) 591 (3,809) 3,416
Tax calculated at relevant tax rates Under / (over) provision from prior period Expenses and revenues not deductible / taxable for tax Dividend income not taxable	73,270 3,214 purposes (4,894)	57,361 (421) (4,650)	13,265 102 (1,770) 38,512	

Continues

8 EARNINGS PER SHARE

The calculation of basic earnings per share is based on after taxation earnings of P2 | 9,064,000 (2008 - P | 68,96 |,000) and the weighted average number of shares in issue during the period of |5|,544,88| (2008: |5|,|06,833). The number of dilutive potential ordinary shares at the end of the period arising from unvested long term incentive share awards is 3,299,376 (2008: |,982, | | 9). The calculation of diluted earnings per share is based on profit for the period of P2 | 9,064,000 (2008: |68,96|,000) and shares amounting to |54,844,257 (2008: |52,028,382).

9 DIVIDENDS PER SHARE

Final dividends are not accounted for until they have been ratified at the Annual General Meeting. At a board of directors meeting held on 22 April 2009, a first and final dividend in respect of the year ended 31 January 2009 of P0.30 per share (2008: actual final dividend of P0.14 per share) amounting to total of P54.7 million (2008: actual final dividend of P21.1 million) was proposed. The financial statements for the year ended 31 January 2009 do not reflect this resolution, which will be accounted for in shareholders' equity as an appropriation of retained earnings in the year ending 31 January 2010. The withholding tax of P5.8 million arising on the first and final dividend (2008: withholding tax on final dividend of P1.9 million) has not been recognised in the financial statements and will be available for set off against the income tax charge for the year ended 31 January 2010. No interim dividend was declared in respect of 2009 (2008: actual interim dividend of P0.14 per share amounting to P21.1 million.

10 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENT

Cash at bank and in hand

I I ADVANCES TO CUSTOMER

Gross advances to customers Less: impairment provision Net advances to customers

Certain advances to customers are pledged as security for borrowings as set out in note | 8.

Maturity analysis of advances to customers

Maturitý withín | year Maturity after | year but within 2 years Maturity after 2 years but before 5 years

Provision for impairment

Balance at the beginning of the period Impairment adjustment

Balance at the end of the period

Charge to the income statement

Amounts written off Recoveries during the period Impairment adjustment

	GROUP	COM	1PANY
2009	2008	2009	2008
P'000	P'000	P'000	P'000
5,165	9,201	22	6,626
1,365,833	801,450	-	-
(23,276) 1,342,557	(13,524) 787,926	<u> </u>	-
1,342,557	787,926	-	-
77,976 8,666 , 45,9 5 ,342,557	35,4 8 55,074 697,434 787,926	- - - -	- - - -
13,524 9,752	6,918 6,606	-	6,334 (6,334)
23,276	13,524	-	
32,385	19,387	-	2,062
(12,716) 9,752 29,421	(10,327) 6,606	-	(1,181)
9,/52	6,606 15,666	-	(148) 733
27, 4 21	13,000	-	

12 OTHER RECEIVABLES

Accounts receivables from related parties (note 25.4)
Deposits and prepayments
Administration fees receivable - legal expense insurance agency
Other receivables

Maturity analysis of other receivables Non- current portion Deposits and prepayments

Current portion
Accounts receivable from related parties (note 25.4)
Administration fees receivable
Other receivables

GROUP		COM	IPANY
2009 P'000	2008 P'000	2009 P'000	2008 P'000
2,125	706	1,790 -	4,092 620
3,79 2,537 8,453	1,724 620 3,050	- ,503 3,293	100 4,254
2,125	706	-	62
3,79 l 2,537	1,724 20	1,790 - 1,503	4,092 - 100
6,328	2,344	3,293	4,192
8,453	3,050	3293	4,254

		GROUP		COMPANY
	2009 P'000	2008 P'000	2009 P'000	2008 P'000
13 INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES				
Letshego Guard (Proprietary) Limited - shares at cost Letshego Financial Services Botswana (Proprietary) Limited - shares at cost Letshego Financial Services Zambia (Proprietary) Limited - preference share Letshego Financial Services Zambia (Proprietary) Limited - shares at cost Letshego Guard Insurance Company Limited - shares at cost Letshego Life Insurance Limited - shares at cost Micro Provident Swaziland (Proprietary) Limited - shares at cos Micro Provident Tanzania Limited - shares at cost Micro Provident Uganda Limited - shares at cost Micro Provident Ghana Limited - shares at cost Micro Provident Malawi Limited - shares at cost Letshego Financial Services Mozambique SA - shares at cost Eduloan (Namibia) (Proprietary) Limited - shares at cost	- - - - - - - - - -	- - - - - - - - - -	30,000 5,821 35 2,000 2,000 1 650 1,000	30,000 5,82 35 2,000 2,000 650 ,000
	-	- 13	74,565	41,507
Micro Provident Swaziland (Proprietary) Limited - term loan Micro Provident Uganda Limited - current account Letshego Financial Services Botswana (Proprietary) Limited - term loan Letshego Guard Insurance Company Limited - current account Letshego Life Insurance Limited - current account Micro Provident Tanzania (Proprietary) Limited - term loan Letshego Financial Services Zambia (Proprietary) Limited - term loan	-	- - - - - - -	20,862 (4) 582,470 (1,999) (1,999) 32,582 8,053	40,04 428,928 (1,999) (1,999)
	-		739,558 814,123	464,97 506,478

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Continues

13 INVESTEMENT IN SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES (continues)

The nature of the business of the subsidiary companies and the ownership detail is provided below

Subsidiary company	Country of incorporation	Nature of business	% holding
Letshego Guard (Proprietary) Limited	Botswana	Marketing and administration	100
		of short-term insurance products	
Eduloan (Namibia) (Proprietary) Limited	Namibia	Unsecured consumer lending	100
Letshego Financial Services (Proprietary) Limited	Botswana	Unsecured consumer lending	100
Letshego Financial Services Limited	Zambia	Unsecured consumer lending	100
Micro Provident Uganda Limited	Uganda	Unsecured consumer lending	100
Micro Provident Swaziland (Proprietary) Limited	Swaziland	Unsecured consumer lending	85
Micro Provident Tanzania Limited	Tanzania	Unsecured consumer lending	85
Letshego Financial Services Mozambique SA	Mozambique	Unsecured consumer lending	80
Micro Provident Ghana Limited	Ghana [']	Dormant	100
Micro Provident Malawi Limited	Malawi	Dormant	100
Letshego Guard Insurance Company Limited	Botswana	Dormant	100
Letshego Life Insurance Limited '	Botswana	Dormant	100

Micro Provident Swaziland (Proprietary) Limited - term loan

The loan is denominated in South African Rand (ZAR), bears interest at Swaziland prime plus 4% per annum, is unsecured and has a term of 10 years. The Swazi Emalengeni (SEL) and the ZAR are both members of the Common Currency Area and have the same effective exchange rate and interest rates.

Letshego Financial Services (Proprietary) Limited - term loan

The loan is denominated in Botswana Pula, bears interest at Botswana prime plus 2% per annum, is unsecured and has a term of 10 years. The loan arose from the transfer of the lending business of the holding company to LFSB in January 2007. Refer to note 32. The advances to customers of LFSB are held as security for borrowings as set out in note 18.

Micro Provident Tanzania Limited - term Ioan

The loan is denominated in Botswana Pula, bears interest at Botswana prime plus 4% per annum, is unsecured and has a term of 10 years.

Letshego Financial Services Limited - term loan

The loan is denominated in Zambia Kwacha, bears interest at Zambia prime plus 4% per annum, is unsecured and has a term of 10 years.

Current accounts

The current accounts are denominated in Botswana Pula, are interest free and are settled on a quarterly basis.

14 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

GROUP Cost Balance at February 2008 Additions Disposals Balance at 3 January 2009	Motor vehicles P'000 69 432 	Computer equipment P'000 1,928 3,296 (15) 5,209	Office furniture & equipment P'000 5,276 1,548 (4) 6,820	Total P'000 7,373 5,276 (19) 12,630
Accumulated Depreciation Balance at February 2008 Depreciation charge for the period Disposals Balance at 3 January 2009	4 102 - 106	, 64 8 7 (0) ,97	1,821 1,580 - 3,401	2,989 2,499 (10) 5,478
Net Book Value at				
31 January 2009 31 January 2008	495 165	3,238 764	3,419 3,455	7,152 4,384
COMPANY				
Cost Balance at February 2008 Additions Disposals Balance at 3 January 2009	- - -	5 8 ,320 - ,838	1,863 319 (4) 2,178	2,38 1,639 (4) 4,0 6
Accumulated Depreciation Balance at February 2008 Depreciation charge for the period Disposals Balance at 3 January 2009	- - -	286 80 - 466	95 496 - ,447	1,237 676 - 1,913
Net Book Value at				
31 January 2009		1,372	731	2,103
31 January 2008		232	912	1,144
15 INTANGIBLE ASSETS Computer software Additions Amortisation (note 6)	3,025 368 (2,797)	2,549 476 (2,034)	2,658 368 (2,430)	2,230 428 (1,695)
Net Book Value at 31 January	596	991	596	963

Continues

16 GOODWILL

Carrying value of goodwill

Goodwill arose from on the acquisition of Eduloan (Namibia) (Proprietary) Limited.

Fair value of assets and liabilities acquired

Property, plant and equipment Investments
Trade and other receivables
Borrowings
Other financial liabilities
Advances to customers
Cash and cash equivalents
Provisions
Deferred taxation
Income tax
Trade and other payables
Foreign currency translation
Net assets aquired
Consideration paid: Cash
Goodwill arising on acquisition

Net cash outflow on acquisition

Cash consideration paid Cash aquired

GRO	GROUP		NY
2009 P'000	2008 P'000	2009 P'000	2008 P'000
25,760	9.,		
2,038	_	_	_
1	_	-	_
125	-	-	-
(20,909) (11,542) 42,303 1,078	-	-	-
(11,542)	-	-	-
42,303 1 078	-	-	-
(1,540)	_	_	_
	-	_	_
(690)	<u>-</u>	-	-
(1,694)	-	-	-
(690) (1,694) (1,871) 7,298	-	-	-
(33,058)		_	_
(25,760)	-		
22.050			
33,058	-	-	-
(1,078) 31,980		<u>-</u>	
31,700			

100% of the issued share capital of Eduloan (Namibia) (Proprietary) Limited, a private company incorporated and operating in Namibia since 2002, was acquired on 1 August 2008.

Eduloan (Namibia) (Proprietary) Limited offers unsecured loans via a payroll deduction model and has six branches in Namibia. The financial year end of Eduloan (Namibia) (Proprietary) Limited was 31 December 2008 and the post acquisition results from 1 August 2008 to 31 December 2008 have been included in the Group's results for the year ended 31 January 2009. The profit after tax included in the Group results was P3.1 million. Eduloan (Namibia) (Proprietary) Limited will change its year end to 31 January in the current financial period. The impact of not consolidating the period to 31 January 2009 was not significant.

The goodwill arising on acquisition was initially measured in terms of IFRS and the fair value of assets and liabilities approximated closely to their carrying values. At the year end date, the carrying value of goodwill was reassessed and no objective impairment indicators were noted.

17 TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

Trade and other payables Staff incentive provision (note 17.2) Deferred income (note 17.3) Related party payables (note 25.5)

17.1 Maturity analysis of trade and other payables Non-current portion

Deferred income

Current portion

Deferred income Staff incentive provision Trade and other payables Related party payables (note 25.5)

Total trade and other payables

17.2 Movement in staff incentive provision

Balance at the beginning of the period Current period charge (note 5) Paid during the period

Balance at the end of the period

17.3 Movement in deferred income

Balance at the beginning of the period Raised / transferred during the period Credit life insurance commission (note 3) Credit life administration fees (note 3)

Balance at the end of the period

GROU	UP	COMPA	NY
2009 P'000	2008 P'000	2009 P'000	2008 P'000
38,676 14,899	8,563 6,228	,206 0,273	,498 6,228
26,539 -	16,318	8,068	13,832
80,114	31,109	29,547	21,558
	9.	_	
20,106 20,106	9,79 l 9,79 l		
6,433 14,899 38,676	6,527 6,228 8,563	0,273 1,206 8,068	6,228 ,498 3,832
60,008	21,318	29,547	21,558
80,114	31,109	29,547	21,558
6,228 8,67	4,557 2,498 (0,827)	6,228 4,045 -	3,736 9,956 (7,464)
14,899	6,228	10,273	6,228
6,3 8 8,497 (5,274) (3,002)	7,178 15,054 (2,760) (3,154)	: : :	7,178 (6,597) (310) (271)
26,539	16,318		-

Continues

18 Borrowings Long term borrowings

First National Bank of Botswana Limited Barclays Bank of Botswana Limited African Alliance Botswana Liquidity Fund Netherlands Development Finance Company (FMO) International Finance Corporation

Short term borrowings

Barclays Bank of Botswana Limited
First National Bank of Botswana Limited
First National Bank of Swaziland Limited
Standard Chartered Bank of Botswana Limited
Standard Chartered Bank Tanzania Limited
Standard Chartered Bank Uganda Limited
Standard Chartered Bank Zambia Limited
Standard Chartered Bank Zambia Limited
Standard Bank of Namibia Limited
BIFM Capital Investment Fund Two (Proprietary) Limited
African Banking Corporation Botswana Limited
Investec Asset Management Botswana (Proprietary) Limited
Botswana Building Society
International Finance Corporation

Total borrowings

GI	ROUP	CON	MPANY
2009 P'000	2008 P'000	2009 P'000	2008 P'000
15,080 70,000 25,000	15,000 25,000	5,080 70,000 25,000	15,000 25,000
55,597 12,720 278,397	49,836 104,561 194,397	53,917 163,997	57,864 97,864
54,183 12,357 13,195 27,167 24,910 31,767 2,945 19,133 45,000 29,982 55,000 50,000 349	42,969 4,376 - 37,227 6,119 21,637 - - - -	- 54,183 12,357 - 1,082 - - - - - - - - - - 349	42,969 4,376 - 37,227 - - - - - - -
365,988	112,328	67,971	84,572
644,385	306,725	231,968	182,436

Continues

18 BORROWINGS (continues)

Long term borrowings

First National Bank of Botswana Limited

The 3 year term loan from FNB attracts interest at a fixed rate of 12.75% per annum and can be repaid or converted to an overdraft facility at the end of its term in March 2009. The loan is denominated in Botswana Pula.

The loan shares the same security as the overdraft facility. Refer to note under short term borrowings.

African Alliance Botswana Liquidity Fund

The promissory notes have a term of 12 months and bear interest at a fixed rate of 12.75% per annum.

The promissory notes mature on 15 March 2009 (Botswana Pula 10 million) and 10 June 2009 (Botswana Pula 15 million).

The notes are unsecured and are denominated in Botswana Pula. The PIO million promissory note was repaid on 15 March 2009.

Netherlands Development Finance Company (FMO)

The term loan from FMO is used exclusively for Micro Provident Tanzania Limited and is denominated in Tanzanian Shillings.

The loan bears interest at the 12 month average 182 day Tanzanian treasury bill rate plus 1.65% per annum.

The loan is repayable in six equal semi annual installments commencing on 1 April 2009. Interest is paid semi annually in April and September each year.

The loan is secured by a corporate guarantee from Letshego Holdings Limited.

International Finance Corporation (IFC)

The term loan from IFC has been allocated to Letshego Holdings Limited, Micro Provident Swaziland (Proprietary) Limited, and Letshego Financial Services Limited (Zambia). The loan to Letshego Holdings Limited and Micro Provident Swaziland (Proprietary) Limited are denominated in South African Rand (ZAR) and the loan to Letshego Financial Services Limited (Zambia) is denominated in Zambian Kwacha.

The loans bear interest rates as follows:

-Letshego Holdings Limited 3 month JIBAR rate plus 1.8% -Micro Provident Swaziland (Pty) Limited 3 month JIBAR rate plus 2.3%

-Letshego Financial Services Limited (Zambia) 364 day Zambian treasury bill rate plus 4%

The loans are repayable in 10 equal semi annual installments commencing on 15 December 2009. Interest is paid quarterly.

The loans are secured by:

- an unlimited parri passu cession of the loan and advances book of Letshego Financial Services (Proprietary) Limited (Botswana)
- an unlimited parri passu cession of the loan between Letshego Holdings Limited and Letshego Financial Services (Proprietary) Limited (Botswana)

Barclays Bank of Botswana Limited

The term loan from Barclays Bank of Botswana Limited attracts interest at prime rate less 1.5% per annum and is repayable in fourteen equal installments commencing on June 2009. The loan is denominated in Botswana Pula.

The loan shares the same security as the overdraft facility. Refer to note under short term borrowings.

Short term borrowings

Barclays Bank of Botswana Limited

The Botswana Pula 70 million overdraft facility may be converted into a 12 month loan facility and attracts interest at Botswana prime less 1.50% per annum. The facility is repayable on demand. The overdraft facility is secured by a parri passu cession of the loan to Letshego Financial Services (Pty) Limited (Botswana) and by a parri passu cession of the advance to customers book of Letshego Financial Services (Pty) Limited (Botswana).

18 BORROWINGS (continues)
Short term borrowings (continues)

First National Bank of Botswana Limited

The Botswana Pula 30 million overdraft facility attracts interest at prime less 1.25% per annum and is repayable on demand.

The overdraft facility is secured by a parri passu cession of the loan to Letshego Financial Services (Pty) Limited and by a parri passu cession of the advances to customers book of Letshego Financial Services (Pty) Limited.

Standard Chartered Bank Botswana Limited

The Group has overdraft facilities with Standard Chartered Bank Botswana which have been allocated and bear interest as follows:

Company	Amount	Interest Rate
Letshego Holdings Limited	BWP 30 million	Botswana prime less 2%
Micro Provident Tanzania Limited	BWP 20 million	Tanzania prime less 2%
Micro Provident Uganda Limited	BWP 35 million	Ugandan prime plus 1%
Letshego Financial Services Limited (Zambia)	BWP 8 million	Zambian prime
Total	BWP 93 million	

Each of the facilities is denominated in the respective local currencies and are repayable on demand.

Each of the facilities are secured by:

- an unlimited parri passu cession of the loan and advances book of Letshego Financial Services (Proprietary) Limited (Botswana)
- an unlimited parri passu cession of the loan between Letshego Holdings Limited and Letshego Financial Sérvices (Proprietary) Limited (Botswana)

BIFM Capital Investment Fund Two (Proprietary) Limited

The 90 day promissory notes have a maximum face value of Botswana Pula 45 million and attracted interest at the 91 day Bank of Botswana Treasury Bill rate plus 2.8% and are secured by a corporate guarantee from Letshego Holdings Limited.

First National Bank of Swaziland Limited

Overdraft facility of SEL 25 million dedicated to Micro Provident Swaziland (Proprietary) Limited which attract interest at Swaziland prime less 1%.

The overdraft is repayable on demand, denominated in Swaziland Emalangeni and is secured by:

- guarantee of SEL 10 million from Letshego Holdings Limited
- unlimited letter of suretyship from Letshego Holdings Limited
- cession of Micro Provident Swaziland (Proprietary) Limited advances to customers book

African Banking Corporation Botswana Limited

A cash advance facility of Botswana Pula 30 million which attracts interest at Botswana prime minus 2% and is secured by a corporate guarantee from Letshego Holdings Limited. The facility is denominated in Botswana Pula and is renewable in July 2009.

Botswana Building Society

The 90 day promissory notes have maximum face value of Botswana Pula 50 million and attract interest at the 91 day Bank of Botswana Treasury Bill rate plus 1%. The promissory notes are secured by a corporate guarantee from Letshego Holdings Limited.

Investec Asset Management Botswana (Proprietary) Limited

The 91 day promissory notes have a maximum face value of Botswana Pula 55 million and attract interest at the 91 day Bank of Botswana Treasury Bill rate plus 1% and are secured by a corporate guarantee from Letshego Holdings Limited.

Standard Bank of Namibia Limited

Overdraft facility of Namibian Dollars 25 million dedicated to Eduloan (Namibia) (Proprietary) Limited which attract interest at Namibia prime less 1%.

The overdraft is repayable on demand, denominated in Namibian Dollars and is secured by an unlimited letter of suretyship from Letshego Holdings Limited (since April 2009).

Continues

19 STATED CAPITAL

Issued: 151,544,881 ordinary shares of no par value

(2008: |5|,544,88|)

Share premium

Arising on the private issue of 100 ordinary shares of P0.01 each at a premium of P 5,999.00 per share

Arising on the public issue of 30,000,000 ordinary shares of P0.01 each at a premium of P0.99 per share.

Arising on the issue of 1,214,992 ordinary shares of P0.01 each at a premium of P3.24 per share

Arising on the issue of 329,889 ordinary shares of P0.01 each at a premium of P3.24 per share.

Less: costs of issue - listing expenses on the Botswana Stock Exchange

Total share premium

Total stated capital

GROU	JP	COMP	ANY
2009	2008	2009	2008
P'000	P'000	P'000	P'000
1,515	1,515	1,515	1,515
600	600	600	600
29,700	29,700	29,700	29,700
3,937	3,937	3,937	3,937
1,069	1,069	1,069	1,069
(1,729)	(1,729)	(1,729)	(1,729)
33,577	33,577	33,577	33.577
35,092	35,093	35,092	35,092

During the prior period 1,544 881 new ordinary shares were issued as part of the group long term incentive plan. Refer to note 20. Post year end, on 6th March 2009, 30 million new ordinary shares were issued as part of an 'offer for subscription'. Refer to note 27.

All shares in issue of P0.01 par value each prior to the commencement of the Botswana Companies Act, 2003 have been converted into ordinary shares of no par value. Such conversion does not affect the rights and obligations attached to the shares. With the commencement of the Botswana Companies Act 2003 on 3 July 2007 the stated capital comprises all the called up, issued and fully paid share capital and the associated share premium account.

20 SHARE INCENTIVE SCHEME

The group operates an equity settled conditional LongTerm Incentive Plan (LTIP), which was approved by shareholders at an Extraordinary General Meeting which was held on 20 December 2005. Under the plan, conditional awards are granted to management and key employees of the Group. The number of vesting awards is subject to achievement of certain market and non-market conditions. Shares granted in terms of the plan may not exceed 10% of the issued ordinary shares of the company. The maximum number of shares which can be allocated to any individual participant under the scheme is 1% of the issued ordinary shares of the company. Share awards under the plan have been made annually since 2005. The vesting period of the awards is generally three years.

	GROUP		COMPANY	
Number of seconds (Change)	12 MONTHS ENDED 31 JANUARY 2009 AWARDS '000	15 MONTHS ENDED 31 JANUARY 2008 AWARDS '000	12 MONTHS ENDED 31 JANUARY 2009 AWARDS '000	15 MONTHS ENDED 31 JANUARY 2008 AWARDS '000
Number of awards (Shares) Outstanding at beginning of the period Granted during the period Exercised during the period Forfeited during the period	2,016 1,516 - (233)	3,39 2,016 (1,545) (1,846)	1,469 1,022 - (34)	3,39 ,469 (1,545) (1,846)
Outstanding at the end of the period	3,299	2,016	2,45 7	I,469
Weighted average exercise price Weighted average vesting period	2006 Awards P4.25 Zero months	2007 Awards P8.35 I 2 months	2008 Awards P14.80 24 months	
	12 MONTHS ENDED 31 JANUARY 2009 FAIR VALUE P'000	15 MONTHS ENDED 31 JANUARY 2008 FAIR VALUE P'000	12 MONTHS ENDED 31 JANUARY 2009 FAIR VALUE P'000	15 MONTHS ENDED 31 JANUARY 2008 FAIR VALUE P'000
The fair value of services received using the Monte Carlo valuation model is as follows Outstanding at the beginning of the period Granted during the period Exercised during the period - 21 December 2006 Exercised during the period - 24 December 2007	3,923 6,665 - -	4,900 4,044 (3,949) (1,072)	2,854 5,250 - -	4,900 2,975 (3,949) (1,072)
	10,588	3,923	8,104	2,854

Continues

21 CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATIONS

Profit before taxation

Adjustments for:

- Amortisation of intangible assets (note 15)

- Amortisation of intangible assets (note 15)
- Depreciation (note 14)
- Impairment provision (note 11)
- Deferred income - credit life commission (note 17.3)
- Deferred income - credit life administration fees (note 17.3)
- Loss on disposal of property plant and equipment
- Long term incentive plan provision
- Unrealised foreign currency translation losses

- Dividend from subsidiary Changes in working capital : Movement in advances to customers

Movement in other receivable

Increase in trade and other payables

Cash (utilised in) / generated from operations

22 CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

Authorised by the directors:-

- Not contracted for

The capital expenditure will be financed from the Group's existing facilities.

23 MINORITY INTEREST

Opening balance Share of current period profit after tax Share of foreign currency translation reserve Write back to equity holders of the parent company Dividends paid to minority shareholders

GROUP		COMPANY		
2009 P'000	2008 P'000	2009 P'000	2008 P'000	
288,690	217,442	309,985	32,893	
763 2,499 9,752 (5,274) (3,002) - 6,665 4,015 - (520,453)	1,096 2,080 6,607 (3,154) (2,760) 290 4,044 1,127	735 676 - - - 5,250 (256,748)	953 678 (6,334) (310) (271) 13 2,975 (3,940)	
(3,240) 33,540	(86)	961 7,989	(1,826) 4,657	
(186,045)	(120,603)	68,848	418,053	
15,500	3,700	9,012	1,275	
1,594 3,007 280 - (468)	1,732 90 (228)	: :	- - - - -	
4,413	1,594	<u> </u>		

24. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

a) Introduction and overview

The Group has exposure to the following risks from financial instruments:

- -credit risk
- interest rate risk
- liquidity risk
- market risks
- operational risks.

This note presents information about the Group's exposure to each of the above risks and the Group's objectives, policies and processes for measuring and managing risk.

Risk management framework

The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Group's risk management framework.

The Board has established the Group Audit and Risk Committee (GARC), Remuneration Committee (Remco), Investment Committee, Group Executive Committee ("Exco") and Subsidiary Companies Executive Committees which are responsible for developing and monitoring Group risk management policies in their respective areas. All Board committees have both executive and non-executive members, apart from the Group Exco which comprises of executive directors and senior management and report regularly to the Board of Directors on their activities.

The Group's Enterprise Risk Management framework is established to identify and analyse the risks faced by the Group, to set appropriate risk limits and controls, and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. Risk management policies and systems are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions, products and services offered. The Group, through its training and management standards and procedures, aims to develop a disciplined and constructive control environment, in which all employees understand their roles and obligations.

b) Credit risk

Ćredit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Group if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from the Group's loans and advances to customers. For risk management reporting purposes, the Group considers and consolidates all elements of credit risk exposure (such as individual obligor default risk, country and sector risk).

The provision of unsecured loans to formally employed individuals is the main aspect of the Group's business. As such, exposure to credit risk and the management of this risk is a key consideration for the board.

The model that the Group uses to mitigate this risk is arrangements with the respective employers of Letshego customers to allow the employer to deduct the monthly loan repayment directly from the employees' (the Letshego customer) salary. This 'salary deduction code' model is used throughout the Group.

Management of credit risk

As set out above, the main activity of the Group is the provision of unsecured loans to formally employed individuals. The Board of Directors has delegated responsibility for the oversight of credit risk to its respective CEO's and credit departments of each subsidiary. However, this must be viewed in light of the overall framework of the exclusive use of 'salary deduction codes' as the loan repayment mechanism.

It is the responsibility of each CEO to ensure that the Group's policies regarding credit risk, affordability levels, minimum take home pay and adherence to Group levels or local legislation regarding take home pay is complied with at all times.

Continues

24 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continues)

b) Credit risk(Continues)

Each subsidiary ensures these procedures are performed as part of the loan application and disbursement process. Thereafter, the performance of the loan book is monitored by the in-country credit department which is assisted by head office via the finance department. Each credit department, reporting to the local CEO and supported by Group Finance, is responsible for management of the Group's credit risk.

Loan application process

Clients are employees of participating employers. Where an employer is not a participating employer, Letshego engages with that employer and obtains a deduction authorisation to enable deductions of the installment from the employees' monthly salary.

All loans / services provided are repayable in equal monthly installments that are collected through a salary deduction authorisation (Salary Deduction Code) granted by the participating employer, i.e. deduction at source. The participating employer does not guarantee loans advanced to employees, and is only obliged to deduct the monthly installments payable, from the employee's salary prior to the salary being paid into the employee's bank account. The deductions are subsequently paid directly to Letshego on a monthly basis, by the participating employer. Loan proceeds are electronically transferred to the employee's bank accounts to eliminate the risk of carrying cash.

Loans are only granted to employees who are able to present their last two months original salary advice (this differs by country) and have an active bank account. This is a prerequisit as loans are not disbursed in cash.

The main criteria considered by the Group are the loan applicant's ability to meet his/her financial commitments and to remain with sufficient funds to fund household needs. The Group applies this criteria for all customers and this is complimentary to any regulatory requirements.

Letshego offers life insurance products to all its clients in Botswana, which cover the repayment of the outstanding capital balances on the loan to Letshego in the event of death or permanent disability of the customer. This saves Letshego having to pursue the deceased's estate to recover any outstanding balance or having any claim against the loan holder's employment benefits. In the countries where no such cover is in place, then this risk is addressed by pricing and provisioning policies.

Monitoring of monthly collections

In the event that a customer does not have sufficient funds from their net salary to meet their monthly loan installment the reasons for this are immediately established. If the customer is no longer employed then the loan is written off and recoveries efforts are commenced.

If the customer has changed employment, to an employer with which the Group does not have a 'deduction code' with, then the use of pre-authorised direct debit mandates are utilised to recover loan repayments from the bank account of the customer.

If a customer is on a reduced salary, for example when taking study or maternity leave, then loan repayments are rescheduled to recommence full repayments once the customer returns to full salary.

Follow up action on non performing loans

For loans that are written off, the credit departments follow set procedures to recover repayments. This involves, in certain instances, the appointment of legal agents to secure debt judgments.

Approval of new employers

All new employers are subject to a set assessment criteria prior to entering into deduction code agreements. The approval is made by a sub-committee of Group Exco.

No cash transactions

Loan disbursements are performed electronically and funds are directly deposited into a customers' bank accounts. This reduces cash holding risk and reduces the complexity of the process. Due to this methodology only customers with bank accounts can be assisted.

Regular audits of business units and credit processes are undertaken by the Risk and Compliance Department.

24 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

b) Credit risks(Continues)

Impaired loans

Impaired loans and securities are loans and advances on which the Group determines that it is probable that it will be unable to collect all principal and interest due according to the contractual terms of the loan.

Past due but not impaired loans

Past due but not impaired loans are those for where contractual repayments are past due date but the Group believes that impairment is not appropriate on the basis of the specific case e.g. the customer may be on a reduced salary due to taking study leave.

Loans with renegotiated terms

This applies in cases where the employer does not make a loan deduction and this was not the fault of the customer; these loans are rescheduled to reposition the loan and not to penalise the customer. The number and value of these loans was not significant during the financial year.

Allowances for impairment

The Group establishes an allowance for impairment losses on assets carried at amortised cost that represents its estimate of incurred losses in its loan portfolio. The main components of this allowance are a specific loss component that relates to individually significant exposures, and a collective loan loss allowance established for groups of homogeneous assets in respect of losses that have been incurred but have not been identified on loans that are considered individually insignificant as well as individually significant exposures that were subject to individual assessment for impairment but not found to be individually impaired.

Write-off policy

The Group writes off a loan balance, and any related allowances for impairment losses, when credit determines that the loan is uncollectible. This determination is reached after considering information such as the occurrence of significant changes in the borrower's financial position such that the borrower can no longer pay the obligation.

Maximum exposure to creat 31 January 2009	Gross Advances P'000	Security Held P'000	Specific Provision P'000	Portfolio Provision P'000	Net Advances
Botswana Swaziland Tanzania Uganda Zambia Namibia	930,936 193,398 134,556 33,247 30,533 43,163	- - - -	0,548 - 2,957 528 7 8 8	5,335 1,403 1,073 174 369	915,053 191,995 130,526 32,545 30,093 42,345
Total at 31 January 2009	1,365,833	-	14,922	8,354	1,342,557
Maximum exposure to cre	edit risk				_
at 31 January 2008	Gross Advances P'000	Security Held P'000	Specific Provision P'000	Portfolio Provision P'000	Net Advances P'000
Botswana Swaziland Tanzania Uganda Zambia	617,385 101,954 58,411 20,656 3,044		9,013 756 101 -	2,314 559 495 172	606,058 100,639 57,815 20,484 2,930
Total at 31 January 2008	801,450	-	9,870	3,654	787,926

Continues

24 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

b) Credit risks(Continues)

Advances to customers that are past due or impaired 2009	Botswana P'000	Swaziland P'000	Tanzania P'000	Uganda P'000	Zambia P'000	Namibia P'000	Total P'000
Neither past due or impaired	910,958	192,610	128,642	32,628	30,462	39,527	1,334,827
Past due but not impaired	19,978	788	5,914	619	71	1,999	29,369
Impaired							1,637
Total gross advances to customers	930,936	193,398	134,556	33,247	30,533	43,163	1,365,833
Less: impairment provision	15,883	1,403	4,030	702	440	8 8	23,276
Net advances to customers at 31 January 2009	915,053	191,995	130,526	32,545	30,093	42,345	1,342,557
Advances to customers that are past due or impaired 20 Neither past due or impaired	800	Botswana P'000 603,414	Swaziland P'000 101,198	Tanzania P'000 58,302	Uganda P'000 20,656	Zambia P'000 3,044	Total P'000 786,614
Past due but not impaired		3,97	756	109	-	-	14,836
Impaired				_	_		
Total gross advances to custo	omers	617,385	101,954	58,4	20,656	3,044	801,450
Less: impairment provision		,327	1,315	596	172	4	13,524
Net advances to customers at 31 January 2008		606,058	100,639	57,815	20,484	2,930	787,926

Refer also to note 29,' Significant accounting estimates and judgement' and the related sensitivity analysis.

24 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

b) Credit risks(Continues)

b) Gredit Hisks(Continues)	GR	OUP	COMP	PANY
Other exposures to credit risk	2009 P'000	2008 P'000	2009 P'000	2008 P'000
Cash and cash equivalents Other receivables Income tax Investment in subsidiaries	5,165 8,453 - -	9,201 3,050 - -	3,293 2,626 8 4, 23	6,626 4,254 1,690 506,478
	13,618	12,251	820,064	519,048

Cash and Cash Equivalents

All cash at banks is held with reputable institutions with good credit history and are regulated by the relevant national regulatory authority. As a result, the probability of loss due to credit risk is assessed as low.

ncome tax

Income tax is due from the Botswana Unified Revenue Services, a department of the Government of the Republic of Botswana and therefore the probability of loss due to credit risk is assessed as low.

Investment in subsidiaries

All subsidiaries are under the control of the parent company, which includes overall management and control of cash flows. All subsidiary companies are assessed for impairment and general credit risk on regular intervals, and no assessment of increased levels of credit risk were in place at the financial year end.

c) Interest rate risk

There is an exposure to interest rate risk associated with the effects of fluctuations in the prevailing levels of market rates on the financial position and cash flows. The cash is managed to ensure surplus funds are invested in a manner to achieve maximum returns while minimising risks. Generally, interest on advances to customers is fixed, whereas interest on borrowings is varied. The table below summarises the exposure to interest rate risk through grouping of assets and liabilities into repricing categories, determined to be the earlier of the contractual repricing date or maturity.

24 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued) c) Interest rate risks(Continues)

GROUP 31 January 2009	Up to 1 month P'000	From I to I2 months P'000	From I year to 2 years P'000	From 2 years and above P'000	Non interest bearing P'000	Total P'000
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Advances to customers Other receivables Property, plant and equipment Intangible assets	5,165 7,918 - - -	70,058 - - - -	- 8,666 - - -	- 45,9 5 - - -	8,453 7,152 26,356	5,165 1,342,557 8,453 7,152 26,356
Goodwill Deferred taxation	-	- 70.000	-	-	11,338	
	13,083	70,058	1 8,666	1,145,915	53,299	1,401,021
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES Trade and other payables Borrowings Income tax Shareholders' equity	366.392 - -	68,893 - -	51,36 4	- 57,736 - -	80,114 5,042 671,480	80,114 644,385 5,042 671,480
	366,392	68,893	51,364	57,736	756,636	1,401,021
Net (liabilities)/assets	(353,309)	1,165	67,302	988,179	(703,337)	-

24 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

c) Interest rate risks(Continues)

GROUP 31 January 2008	Up to I month P'000	From I to I2 months P'000	From I year to 2 years P'000	From 2 years and above P'000	Non interest bearing P'000	Total P'000
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalen	s 9,201	_	_	-	-	9,20
Advances to customers	3,287	32, 3	55,074	697,434		787,926
Other receivables	-	-	-	-	3,050	3,050
Property, plant and equip	ment -	-	-	-	4,384	4,384
ntangible assets Deferred taxation	-	-	-	-	991	991
Deferred taxation	-	-	-	-	6,367	6,367
	12,488	32, 3	55,074	697,434	14,792	811,919
QUITY AND LIABILIT	IES					
Trade and other payable	; -	_	-	-	31,109	31,109
Borrowings ' ´	159,026	40,000	15,877	91,822	-	306,725
Income tax	-	-	-	-	12,818	12,818
Shareholders' equity		-	-	-	461,267	461,267
	159,026	40,000	15,877	91,822	505,194	811,919
Net (liabilities)/assets	(146,538)	(7,869)	39,197	605,612	(490,402)	

Continues

24 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

c) Interest rate risks(Continues)

January 2009	Up to 1 month P'000	From I to I2 months P'000	From I year to 2 years P'000	From 2 years and above P'000	Non interest bearing P'000	Total P'000
SSETS						
ish and cash equivalents	22	-	-	-	2 202	22
her receivables	-	-	-	440040	3,293	3,293
estment in subsidiaries	-	-	-	468,968	345,155	8 4, 23
perty, plant and equipme	ent -	-	-	-	2,103	2,103
ngible assets	-	-	-	-	596	596
ome tax	-	-	-	-	2,626	2,626
ferred taxation		-	-	-	3,103	3,103
	22		-	468,968	356,876	825,866
UITY AND LIABILITIES	•					
de and other payables	-	_	_	_	29,5 4 7	29,547
rowings	67,972	45,55	21,888	96,557	27 ₁ 5-17	231,968
ome tax	0/,//2	۱ دوردا	21,000	/U ₁ 35/	- -	231,700
areholders' equity	_	-	-	-	564,351	564,351
	67,972	45,551	21,888	96,557	593,898	825,866
t (liabilities)/assets	(67,950)	(45,551)	(21,888)	372,411	(237,022)	-
January 2008	Up to I month	From I to I2 months	From I year to 2 years	From 2 years and above	Non interest bearing	Total
January 2008	Up to 1 month P'000	From I to 12 months P'000	From I year to 2 years P'000	From 2 years and above P'000	Non interest bearing P'000	Total P'000
SETS	P'000		From I year to 2 years P'000			P'000
SETS sh and cash equivalents			From I year to 2 years P'000		P'000 _	P'000 6,626
SETS sh and cash equivalents ner receivables	P'000		From I year to 2 years P'000 - -	P'000 - -	P'000 - 4,254	P'000 6,626 4,254
SETS sh and cash equivalents ner receivables estment in subsidiaries	P'000 6,626 -		From I year to 2 years P'000 - - -		P'000 - 4,254 37,510	P'000 6,626 4,254 506,478
SETS sh and cash equivalents her receivables estment in subsidiaries sperty, plant and equipmo	P'000 6,626 -		From I year to 2 years P'000	P'000 - -	P'000 - 4,254 37,510 1,144	P'000 6,626 4,254 506,478 1,144
SETS sh and cash equivalents her receivables estment in subsidiaries sperty, plant and equipmon angible assets	P'000 6,626 -		From I year to 2 years P'000	P'000 - -	P'000 - 4,254 37,510 1,144 963	P'000 6,626 4,254 506,478 1,144 963
SETS sh and cash equivalents her receivables estment in subsidiaries operty, plant and equipmentible assets ome tax	P'000 6,626 -		From I year to 2 years P'000	P'000 - -	P'000 - 4,254 37,510 1,144 963 1,690	P'000 6,626 4,254 506,478 1,144 963 1,690
SETS sh and cash equivalents her receivables estment in subsidiaries operty, plant and equipment angible assets ome tax	P'000 6,626 -		From I year to 2 years P'000	P'000 - -	P'000 - 4,254 37,510 1,144 963	P'000 6,626 4,254 506,478 1,144 963 1,690
SETS ish and cash equivalents ther receivables restment in subsidiaries operty, plant and equipme angible assets come tax eferred taxation	P'000 6,626 - ent - - - - - - - -		From I year to 2 years P'000	P'000 - -	P'000 - 4,254 37,510 1,144 963 1,690	P'000 6,626 4,254 506,478 1,144 963 1,690
SETS sh and cash equivalents her receivables estment in subsidiaries operty, plant and equipmonangible assets ome tax eferred taxation	P'000 6,626 - ent - - - - - - - -	P'000 - - - - - -	P'000 - - - - - -	P'000 - - 468,968 - - - -	P'000 - 4,254 37,510 1,144 963 1,690 1,316	P'000 6,626 4,254 506,478 1,144 963 1,690 1,316
SETS sh and cash equivalents her receivables estment in subsidiaries sperty, plant and equipment angible assets ome tax ferred taxation UITY AND LIABILITIES de and other payables	P'000 6,626 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	P'000	P'000 - - - - - -	P'000	P'000 - 4,254 37,510 1,144 963 1,690 1,316	P'000 6,626 4,254 506,478 1,144 963 1,690 1,316 522,471
SETS sh and cash equivalents her receivables estment in subsidiaries sperty, plant and equipmengible assets ome tax ferred taxation UITY AND LIABILITIES de and other payables ome tax	P'000 6,626 - ent - - - - - - - -	P'000 - - - - - -	P'000 - - - - - -	P'000 - - 468,968 - - - -	P'000 - 4,254 37,510 1,144 963 1,690 1,316	P'000 6,626 4,254 506,478 1,144 963 1,690 1,316 522,471
ISETS sh and cash equivalents ther receivables restment in subsidiaries operty, plant and equipment angible assets ome tax	P'000 6,626 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	P'000	P'000 - - - - - -	P'000	P'000 - 4,254 37,510 1,144 963 1,690 1,316	P'000 6,626 4,254 506,478 1,144 963 1,690 1,316 522,471
SETS sh and cash equivalents her receivables estment in subsidiaries operty, plant and equipme angible assets ome tax eferred taxation QUITY AND LIABILITIES ade and other payables ome tax rrowings	P'000 6,626 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	P'000	P'000 - - - - - -	P'000	P'000 - 4,254 37,510 1,144 963 1,690 1,316 46,877 21,558	P'000 6,626 4,254 506,478 1,144 963 1,690 1,316 522,471 21,558 182,436

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24. Financial risk management (Continues)

c) Interest rate risks(Continues)

The previous table shows the undiscounted cash flows on the Group's financial liabilities and unrecognised loan commitments on the basis of their earliest possible contractual maturity. The Group's expected cash flows on these instruments may vary from this analysis. For example, regular meetings and updates are provided to the Group's financiers so as to ensure that facilities and lines of credit remain open and unrecognised loan commitments are not all expected to be drawn down immediately.

Sensitivity to changes to interest rates on borrowings

The majority of the group's borrowings are linked to variable interest rates.

The average cost of borrowing was	GROUP 2009 15.18%	COMPANY 2009 17.44%
The impact of a 1% increase in lending rates on interest expense would be	4,749,000 adverse	2,077,000 adverse
The impact of a 1% decrease in lending rates on interest expense would be	4,762,000 favorable	2,067,000 favorable

d) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that operations cannot be funded and financial commitments cannot be met timeously and cost effectively. The risk arises from both the difference between the magnitude of assets and liabilities and the disproportion in their maturities. Liquidity risk management deals with the overall profile of the balance sheet, the funding requirements of the Group and cash flows. In quantifying the liquidity risk, future cash flow projections are simulated and necessary arrangements are put in place in order to ensure that all future cash flow commitments are met from the working capital generated by the Group and also from available financial institutions facilities.

e) Market risks

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as interest rates and foreign exchange rates will affect the fair value or future cashflows of a financial instrument. Market risk arises from open positions in interest rates and foreign currencies, both which are exposed to general and specific market movements and changes in the level of volatility. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimising the return on risk.

Management of market risks

Overall responsibility for managing market risk rests with the Group Audit and Risk Committee. Management is responsible for the development of detailed risk management policies (subject to review by the Group Audit and Risk Committee) and for the day to day implementation of those policies.

Continues

- 24. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continues)
- e) Market risks(Continues)

Currency risk

The result of foreign exchange positions on the Group's net investments in foreign subsidiaries is recognised in equity. The Group does not have any exposure to US Dollar, Sterling or Euro denominated liabilities. Assets and liabilities in each local currency are matched to a large extent. The Group does have borrowings in Rand, but these are matched with assets in Swaziland and Namibia, who are part of the common currency area with South Africa. The Group does not maintain significant open currency positions. The Group had the following currency exposures (Pula equivalent) at the balance sheet date.

31 January 2009	SA Rand P'000	Swaziland Emalangeni P'000	Tanzanian Shillings P'000	Ugandan Shillings P'000	Zambian Kwacha P'000	Namibian Dollar P'000	Botswana Pula P'000	Total P'000
Cash and cash equivalents Advances to customers Other receivables		2 191,995 -	45 130,526 580	17 32,545 448	2 2 30,093 9	2,478 42,345 113	2,311 915,053 7,221	5,165 1,342,557 8,453
Total assets		191,997	31,25	33,010	30,396	44,936	924,585	1,356,175
Borrowings Trade and other payable	53,917	56,942 1,979	80,507 1,989	31,767 670	18,002 445	9, 33 4,486	384,117 60,545	644,385 80,114
Total liabilities	53,917	58,921	82,496	32,437	8,44 7	33,619	444,662	724,499
Net exposure	(53,917)	133,076	48,755	573	11,949	11,317	479,923	631,676
Exchange rates at 3 January 2009 - assets: BWP .00 = Exchange rates at 3 January 2009	1.24	1.2 4	161.41	206.86	648.77	1.24	1.00	
- liabilities: BWP 1-00 =	1.29	1.29	68.87	213.40	671 .4 5	1.29	00.1	
31 January 2008								
Cash and cash equivalents Advances to customers Other receivables	- - -	299 100,639 -	9 57,8 5 00	3 20,484 87	279 2,930 369	- - -	8,59 606,058 2,494	9,20 787,926 3,050
Total assets		100,938	57,934	20,584	3,578	-	6 7, 43	800,177
Borrowings Trade and other payable	57,864 -	46,698 264	55,954 379	21,637 259	- 174	- -	124,572 30,033	306,725 31,109
Total liabilities	57,864	46,962	56,333	21,896	174		154,605	337,834
Net exposure	(57,864)	53,976	1,601	(1,312)	3,404	-	462,538	462,343
Exchange rates at 3 January 2008 - assets: BWP .00 = Exchange rates at 3 January 2008	1.14	1.14	186.09	270.91	605.57	-	1.00	
- liabilities: BWP 1-00 =	1.19	1.19	191.62	275.80	617.85	-	1.00	

NOTES TO THE GROUP FINANCIAL STATEMENTS forthe year ended 31 january 2009 Continues

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24. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continues) e) Market risks(Continues)

Set out below is the impact of a 10% appreciation of the BW Pula

31 January 2009	SA Rand P'000	Swaziland Emalangeni P'000	Tanzanian Shillings P'000	Ugandan Shillings P'000	Zambian Kwacha P'000	Namibian Dollar P'000	Botswana Pula P'000	Total if Pula appreciated by 10% P'000	Actual at year end P'000
Cash and cash equivalents Advances to customers Other receivables	- - -		132 18,659 527	29,587 829	192 27,357 83	2,210 37,032 217	2,311 915,053 7,221	4,862 1,309,753 8,877	5,165 1,342,557 8,453
Total assets	-	182,066	119,318	30,432	27,632	39,459	924,585	1,323,492	1,356,175
Borrowings Trade and other payable	47,902 -	49,626 ↓,725	71,172 3,844	28,879 645	15,963 816	7, 79 2,95	384,117 60,545	614,838 70,526	644,385 80,14
Total liabilities	47,902	51,351	75,016	29,524	16,779	20,130	444,662	685,364	724,499
Net exposure - if 10% appreciation in BWP	(47,902)	130,715	44,302	908	10,853	19,329	479,923	638,128	631,676
Net exposure - at year end rates	(53,917)	33,076	48,755	573	,949	1,317	479,923	631,676	
Impact of 10% appreciation of BWP	6,015	(2,361)	(4,453)	335	(1,096)	8,012	-	6,452	
31 January 2008									
Cash and cash equivalents Advances to customers Other receivables	- - -	272 95,378 -	7 52,559 , 28	2 8,43 546	259 2,950 342	- - -	8,591 606,058 2,494	9,151 775,376 4,510	9,20 787,926 3,050
Total assets	-	95,650	53,704	18,989	3,55	-	6 7, 43	789,037	800,177
Borrowings Trade and other payable	52,087 -	43,257 370	48,258 3,277	19,670 235	5,37 l 484	- -	174,407 30,033	343,050 34,399	306,725 31,10
Total liabilities	52,087	43,627	51,535	19,905	5,855	-	204,440	377,449	337,834
Net exposure - if 10% appreciation of BWP Net exposure =	(52,087)	52,023	2,169	(9 6)	(2,304)	-	412,703	411,588	462,343
- at year end rates	(57,864)	53,976	1,601	(1,312)	3,404	-	462,538	462,343	
Impact of 10% appreciation of BWP	5,777	(1,953)	568	396	(5,708)	<u>-</u>	(49,835)	(50,755)	

- 24. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continues)
 e) Market risks(Continues)

Set out below is the impact of a 10% depreciation of the BW Pula

31 January 2009								Total if Pula appreciated	Actual
	SA Rand P'000	Swaziland Emalangeni P'000	Tanzanian Shillings P'000	Ugandan ShillingsP'000	Zambian Kwacha P'000	Namibian Dollar P'000	Botswana PulaP'000	by 10% P'000	at year end P'000
Cash and cash equivalents Advances to customers Other receivables	- - -	2 222,524 0	6 45,028 644	20 36,162 1,013	235 33,436 101	2,70 45,26 265	2,311 915,053 7,221	5,430 1,397,464 9,244	5,165 1,342,557 8,453
Total assets	-	222,526	145,833	37,195	33,772	48,227	924,585	1,412,138	1,356,175
Borrowings Trade and other payable	58,547 -	60,654 2,108	86,988 4,699	35,296 788	9,5 997	20,997 3,607	384,117 60,545	666,110 72,744	644,385 80,114
Total liabilities	58,547	62,762	91,687	36,084	20,508	24,604	444,662	738,854	724,499
Net exposure - if I 0% depreciation of BWP Net exposure =	(58,547)	59,764	54,146	1,111	13,264	23,623	479,923	673,284	631,676
- at actual year end rates	(53,917)	133,076	48,755	573	11,949	,3 7	479,923	631,676	
Impact of 10% = depreciation of BWP	(4,630)	26,688	5,391	538	1,315	12,306	-	41,608	
31 January 2008									
Cash and cash equivalents Advances to customers Other receivables	- - -	332 6,574 -	2 64,239 ,378	15 22,527 667	317 3,605 418	- - -	8,59 606,058 2,494	9,276 813,003 4,957	9,201 787,926 3,050
Total assets	-	116,906	65,638	23,209	4,340	-	6 7, 43	827,236	800, 77
Borrowings Trade and other payable	63,661	52,869 453	58,982 4,005	24,04 l 287	6,56 4 591	- -	74,407 30,033	380,524 35,369	306,725 31,109
Total liabilities	63,661	53,322	62,987	24,328	7,155		204, 44 0	415,893	337,834
Net exposure - if I 0% depreciation of BWP Net exposure =	(63,661)	63,584	2,65	(1,119)	(2,815)	-	412,703	411,343	462,343
- at year end rates	(57,864)	53,976	1,601	(1,312)	3,404	-	462,538	462,343	
Impact of 10% deprecation of BWP	(5,797)	9,608	1,050	193	(6,219)	-	(49,835)	(51,000)	

24. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continues)

e) Operational risks

Operational risk is the risk of direct or indirect loss arising from a wide variety of causes associated with the Group's processes, personnel, technology and infrastructure, and from external factors other than credit, market and liquidity risks such as those arising from legal and regulatory requirements and generally accepted standards of corporate behaviour.

The Group's objective is to manage operational risk so as to balance the avoidance of financial losses and damage to the Group's reputation with overall cost effectiveness and to avoid control procedures that restrict initiative and creativity.

The primary responsibility for the development and implementation of controls to address operational risk is assigned to senior management within each business unit. This responsibility is supported by the development of overall Group standards for the management of operational risk in the following areas:

- requirements for appropriate segregation of duties, including the independent authorisation of transactions
- requirements for the reconciliation and monitoring of transactions
- compliance with regulatory and other legal requirements
- documentation of controls and procedures
- requirements for the periodic assessment of operational risks faced and the adequacy of controls and procedures to address the risks identified
- requirements for the reporting of operational losses and proposed remedial action
- development of contingency plans
- training and professional development
- ethical and business standards
- risk mitigation including insurance where this is effective.

Compliance with Group standards is supported by a programme of periodic reviews undertaken by the Risk and Compliance Department. The results of reviews are discussed with the management of the business unit to which they relate, with summaries submitted to the Group Audit and Risk Committee and senior management of the Group.

Continues

24. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continues)

f) Financial assets and liabilities
The table below sets out the accounting classifications, carrying amounts and fair values of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities:

	Loans and receivables P'000	Other amortised cost P'000	Total carrying amount P'000	Fair value P'000
31 January 2009				
Cash and cash equivalent Advances to customers Other receivables	1,342,557 -	5,165 - 8.453	5,165 1,342,557 8,453	5,165 1,342,557 8,453
	1,342,557	13,618	1,356,175	1,356,175
Trading liabilities Trade and other payables Income tax Borrowings	- - -	80,114 5,042 644,385	80,114 5,042 644,385	80,114 5,042 644,385
		729,541	729,541	729,541
21 2000	Loans and receivables P'000	Other amortised cost P'000	Total carrying amount P'000	Fair value P'000
31 January 2008 Cash and cash equivalents Advances to customers Other receivables	787,926 -	9,20 l - 3,050	9,201 787,926 3,050	9,20 787,926 3,050
	787,926		800,177	800,177
Trading liabilities Trade and other payables Income tax Borrowings	- - -	31,109 12,818 306,72	31,109 12,818 306,725	31,109 12,818 306,725
	_	350,652	350,652	350,652

25 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The company is listed on the Botswana Stock Exchange and has transactions with certain shareholders. PAIP-PCAP-FMO Letshego Limited (PPFLL) (of which Netherlands Development Finance Company (FMO) is a shareholder) and International Finance Corporation (IFC) are shareholders of Letshego Holdings Limited. Refer to page 92 for details of their shareholding. PPFLL has two directors nominated by Kingdom Zephyr Africa Management (Proprietary) Limited (KZAMPL).

The following transactions were carried out with related parties:-		GROUP	COMPANY		
	2009 P'000	2008 P'000	2009 P'000	2008 P'000	
25.1 Income received from subsidiary companies					
 Interest income (note) Management fees (note 4) Guarantee fees (note 4) Arrangement fees (note 3) Dividend (note 4)]] - - -	96,323 21,088 6,771 1,692 256,7 4 8	47,893 10,062 798 305 3,940	
			382,622	62,998	
Expenses paid to subsidiaries - Interest (note 2)			2,722_	1,436	
Transactions were carried out on commercial terms and conditions and at market rates					
25.2 Expenses paid to related parties Kingdom Zephyr Africa Management (Proprietary) Limited					
- Directors fees	345	424	345	424	
International Finance Corporation - Interest (note 2)	18,544	21	10,950	21	
Netherlands Development Finance Company - Interest (note 2)	7,947	3,482	-	-	
Directors fees - Non executive directors (note 6)	1,182	1,631	1,182	ا 63,	
Transactions were carried out on commercial terms and conditions and at market rates.					

NOTES TO THE GROUP FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 31 january 2009 Continues

25 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Continued)	CD.	2112)
	2009	OUP 2008	COMP/ 2009	AN 1 2008
25.3 Key management personnel (including executive Directors)	P'000	P'000	P'000	P'000
For management services	7,973	6,220	6,999	5,488
As performance incentive bonuses Pension fund contribution	4,609 332	1,615 42	3,983 234	1,365 26
Long term incentive plan	6,889	1,617	6, 5	1, 44 8
	19,803	9,494	17,367	8,327
25.4 Year end balances from transaction with related parties	-			
Receivable from subsidiary companies (note 2)				
Letshego Guard (Proprietary) Limited	_	-	19	719
Letshego Financial Services Limited (Zambia)	-	-	-	370
Letshego Financial Services Mozambìque, SÁ Micro Provident Swaziland (Proprietary) Limited	-	-	1,193 556	3,003
Micro Provident Tanzania Limited	-	-	22	-
<u> </u>			1,790	4,092
25.5 Year end balances from transaction with related parties				
Payable to subsidiary companies (note 7)				
Micro Provident Tanzania Limited	-	-	-	763
Micro Provident Uganda Limited	-	-	-	404
Letshego Guard (Proprietary) Limited		-	8,068	12,665
	-	- ami -	8,068	13,832
25.5 Borrowings from related parties - Refer note 8				
25.6 Loans to subsidiary companies - Refer note 3				
26 OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENTS Where a group company is the lessee, the future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable building operating leases are as follows:				
No later than I year Later than I year and no later than 5 years	4,686 9,635	1,853 2,392	783 3,72 l	1,458 1,496
	14,321	4,245	4,504	2,954
= -				

27 POST BALANCE SHEET EVENTS

On 6 March 2009, 30 million new ordinary shares were issued in terms of an Offer for Subscription that was approved by shareholders at an extraordinary general meeting on 23 January 2009. The shares were issued at P12-00 per share and increased the stated capital by P360 million before expenses.

A first and final dividend of P0.30 per share was declared on 22 April 2009. Refer to note 9.

28 SEGMENT INFORMATION

The main business segments of the Group are as follows: Lending - Provision of short to medium term unsecured loans to employees of the public, quasi-public and private sectors. Legal expense insurance agency - marketing and administration of insurance products.

The Group operates in six geographical regions, namely Botswana, Namibia, Swaziland, Tanzania, Uganda and Zambia.

Geographical segments

	2009 P'000	otswana 2008 P'000	Swa: 2009 P'000	ziland 2008 P'000	Ta 2009 P'000	nzania 2008 P'000	Ugand 2009 P'000	a 2008 P'000	Z 2009 P'000	Zambia 2008 P'000	Namibia 2009	Elim 2009	ination 2008	Con: 2009 P'000	solidated 2008 P'000
Total segment revenue	324,522	276,487	32,724	24,002	38,400	9,818	8,705	3,723	6,571	285	7,641	-	-	418,563	3 4,3 5
Segment result Taxation	239,011	200,978	22,967	7,8	22,026	1,526	1,515	(230)	196	(2,643)	2,975	=		288,690 (69,626)	2 7,442 (48,48)
Net income														219,064	168,961
Segment assets	1,138,393	674,931	192,517	101,411	132,768	59,010	33,480	21,368	31,438	5,068	48,9 3	(176,488)	(49,869)	1, 4 01,021	811,919
Segment liabilities	501,837	220,827	180,549	99,378	116,066	51,037	32,932	22,493	31,963	6,786	42,682	(176,488)	(49,869)	729,541	350,652
Depreciation	1,371	1,401	32	140	389	330	172	155	206	54	228		_	2,498	2,080
Amortisation of															
intangible assets	763	1,096	_		_	_	_		_	_	-	<u>-</u>	_	763	1,096
Capital expenditure	2,122	3,232	3	104	468	694	8	138	423	443	2,132	-	-	5,276	4,611

28 SEGMENTAL INFORMATION (Continues)

Business segments

business segments	2009	ending 2008	Insu 2009	rance agency 2008	Consolidate 2009	ed 2008
	P'000	P'000	P'000	P'000	P'000	P'000
Segment result	273,839	206,063	4,85	,379	288,690	217,442
Segment assets	1,396,007	807,271	5,014	4,648	1,401,021	811,919
Segment liabilities	725,314	347,708	4,227	2,9 44	729,541	350,652
Depreciation	ا,739	1,735	759	345	2,498	2,080
Amortisation of intangible assets	763	953	-	43	763	1,096
Capital expenditure	5,214	4,02	62	590	5,276	4,611

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29 USE OF ESTIMATES AND JUDGMENTS

29.1 Impairment

The Group makes estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year. Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. The Group regularly reviews it's loan portfolio and makes judgments in determining whether an impairment loss should be recognised in respect of observable data that may impact on future estimated cash flows. The methodology and assumptions used for estimating both the amount and timing of future cash flows are reviewed regularly to reduce any differences between loss estimates and actual loss experience.

Sensitivity analysis on impairment charges is shown as follows:

	Specific Provision 2009 P'000	Portfolio Provision 2009 P'000	Total 2009 P'000	Specific Provision 2008 P'000	Portfolio Provision 2008 P'000	Total 2008 P'000
Botswana Impact on change to emergence period - from 3 months to 4 months - increase in provision	_	I, <i>7</i> 778	1,778	-	77	771
Impact on change to loss ratio - from 1.73% to 2.73% (2008: 1.5% to 2.5%) - increase in provision		1,018	810,1	-	1,543	1,543
Swaziland Impact on change toemergence period - from 3 months to 4 months - increase in provision	-	468	468	-	207	207
Impact on change to loss ratio - from 2.91% to 3.91% (2008: 2.44% to 3.44%) - increase in provision	483	483		-	255	255
Tanzania Impact on change to emergence period - from 5 months to 6 months - increase in provision	-	215	2 5	-	97	97
Impact on change to loss ratio - from 2.0% to 3.0% (2008: 2.0% to 3.0%) - increase in provision		537	537	-	243	243
Uganda Impact on change to emergence period - from 4 months to 5 months (2008: 5 to 6 months) - increase in provision	-	43	43	-	34	34
Impact on change to loss ratio - from 1.55% to 2.55% (2008: 2.0% to 3.0%) - increase in provision		112	2	-	86	86

Continues

29 USE OF ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS(continues) 29.1 Impairment (continues)

Zambia	Specific Provision 2009 P'000	Portfolio Provision 2009 P'000	Total 2009 P'000	Specific Provision 2008 P'000	Portfolio Provision 2008 P'000	Total 2008 P'000
Impact on change to emergence period - from 5 months to 6 months - increase in provision		79	79	<u>-</u>	6	6
Impact on change to loss ratio - from 2.91% to 3.91% (2008: 2.2% to 3.2%) - increase in provision		127	127	-	14	4
Namibia Impact on change of expected loss from 50% of impaired assets to 75% - increase in provision	409	-	409			
Overall total	409	4,392	4,801		3,049	3,049

29.2 Share-based payment transactions

The Group operates an equity-settled conditional Long Term Incentive Plan (LTIP). The market and non-market based performance conditions are determined by the Remuneration Committee. For market related performance conditions, the estimated grant fair value of awards to vest are determined using the Monte Carlo pricing model. For non-market related performance conditions, the number of awards to vest are assessed and adjusted for the attrition in participants as well as the extent of achievement of those conditions at the reporting dates.

29.3 Goodwill

The judgements and assumptions made on the initial recognition were that the carrying amounts of net assets acquired closely approximated their fair values. When assessing the carrying value of goodwill at the reporting date, the present value of future cash flows were assessed based on improved payout levels and number of customers achived since acquisition.

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NOTES TO THE GROUP FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 31 january 2009

30 IFRS AND IFRIC INTERPRETATIONS NOT YET EFFECTIVE

The Group has not applied the following IFRSs and IFRIC Interpretations that have been issued and will be effective with effect from financial reporting periods beginning on or after | January 2009 (the Group financial year ending 3 | January 2010):

- IAS | Presentation of Financial Statements (amended): under this amendment, the Group will be required to present all non owner changes in equity in a single statement of comprehensive income. This revised standard will have an impact on the financial statements of the Group in terms of disclosure and presentation. Given internal information and reporting systems, management of the Group will be able to meet these disclosure requirements when they become effective.
- IAS 23 Borrowing Costs (amended) the amendment no longer allows for the optional expensing of borrowing costs related to qualifying assets. The revised standard now requires the capitalisation of all or part of the costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset as part of the cost of that asset. This revised standard is currently considered not to have an impact on the financial statements of the Group.
- IAS 32 Financial Instrument: Presentation of Puttable Financial Instruments this amendment requires certain financial instruments that would otherwise be classified as liabilities to be presented as equity. These include investments in unit trusts, shares in limited life entities and partners' interests in a partnership, all of which may have "put" options. This amendment is not expected to have a significant impact for the Group.
- IFRS 2 Share Based Payments; the amendment applies to equity settled share based payment transactions and clarifies vesting and non vesting conditions. The Group is currently in conformance with these requirements.
- IFRS 8 Operating Segments: this amendment requires explanations of the basis on which segmental information is prepared.
- IFRIC 15 Agreements for the Construction of Real Estate: an entity should consider whether an agreement for the construction of real estate meets the definition of a construction contract under IAS \mid 1. This interpretation is not expected to have an impact on the Group.

The Group has not applied the following IFRSs and IFRIC Interpretations that have been issued and will be effective with effect from financial reporting periods beginning on or after | July 2009 (the Group financial year ending 3 | January 20 | |):

IAS 27 Consolidation and Separate Financial Statements: the amendment relates to the accounting for changes in the ownership of subsidiaries, associates and jointly controlled entities. It requires that losses have to be allocated to the non controlling interest despite any deficit position arising. This amendment is not expected to have any significant impact on the Group.

IAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement: the amendment provides clarification on the existing principles that determine whether specific risks or portions of cash flows are eligible for designation on in a hedge relationship. This amendment is not expected to have any impact on the Group.

IFRS 3 Business Combinations: the amendment replaces the term 'minority interest' to 'non controlling interest' and the term 'purchase method of accounting' to the term 'acquisition method of accounting'.

31 STAFF PENSION FUND

The Group established a staff pension fund for employees of Letshego Holdings Limited, Letshego Financial Services (Pty) Limited and Letshego Guard (Pty) Limited. The respective employees contribute 5% and the respective employer 10%. The pension fund is a defined contribution pension plan. The plan was established on 1 December 2007. The pension fund is administered by Alexander Forbes Risk Services Botswana (Pty) Limited.

32 TRANSFER OF OPERATIONS

Until I January 2007 the consumer lending operations of the Botswana business, was part of Letshego Holdings Limited (LHL). On that date, the lending operations were formally transferred to Letshego Financial Services (Pty) Limited, a 100% owned subsidiary of Letshego Holdings Limited. The rationale for the transfer was to allow the lending operations to be housed in a separate legal entity as with the other non Botswana operations. This also now allows LHL to act exclusively as the holding company and provide management and operational support to all trading subsidiaries.

33 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Letshego Holdings Limited has provided corporate guarantees for certain of the subsidiary companies borrowings as set out in note 18.

34 CHANGE OF FINANCIAL YEAR END AND COMPARATIVES

The Group changed its year end from 3 | October to 3 | January in 2008. Therefore the current period is for the twelve months ended 3 | January 2009. The comparatives is for the fifteen months ended 3 | January 2008.

FIVE YEAR FINANCIAL HISTORY BALANCE SHEETS

	31 JAN 2009 P'000	31 JAN 2008 P'000	31 OCT 2006 P'000	31 OCT 2005 P'000	31 OCT 2004 P'000
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Advances to customers Other receivables Property, plant and equipment Intangible assets Goodwill Deferred taxation	5,165 1,342,557 8,453 7,152 596 25,760 11,338	9,201 787,926 3,050 4,384 991 - 6,367	4,276 430,543 2,965 3,874 1,611	5,496 317,951 1,693 2,196 184 - 503	4,079 207,707 1,362 604 - 182
Total assets	1,401,021	811,919	444,999	328,023	213,934
Liabilities Trade and other payables Taxation Borrowings Total liabilities	80,114 5,042 644,385 729,54 1	31,109 12,818 306,725 350,652	9,345 4,161 97,929 121,435	17,006 351 69,007 86,364	,282 3,075 35, 52 49,509
Shareholders' equity Share capital Share premium Foreign currency translation reserve Share based payment reserve Retained earnings	35,092 - 4,439 0,588 6 6,948	35,092 - (1,449) 3,923 422,107	,500 28,57 (2,576) 4,900 29 ,169	,500 28,57 - - 2 ,588	1,500 28,571 - - 134,354
Total equity attributable to equity holders of the company	667,067_	459,673	323,564	241,659	164,425
Minority interest	4,413	1,594	-	-	-
Total equity	1,401,021	811,919	444,999	328,023	213,934

FIVE YEAR FINANCIAL HISTORY INCOME STATEMENTS

INCOME STATEMENTS	31 JAN 2009 P'000	31 JAN 2008 P'000	31 OCT 2006 P'000	31 OCT 2005 P'000	31 OCT 2004 P'000
INCOME STATEMENTS					
Interest income	398,311	278,357	170,352	135,001	107,236
Interest expense Net interest income	(72, 196) 326,115	(34,485) 243,872	(11,986) 1 58,366	(7,306) 1 27,695	(5,835) 101,401
Fee and commission income	87,827	64,788	22,725	10,981	3,425
Other operating income Total income	4,62 418,563	5,655 314,315	4,300 185,39 1	2,047 I 40,723	105,973
•	,	-			,
Operating expenses Staff costs	(54,522)	(44,037)	(21,024)	(14,437)	(8,232)
Other operating costs	(45,930)	(37,170)	(22,372)	(11,401)	(8,232) (8,377)
Operating income before impairment	318,111	233,108	141,995	114,885	89,364
Impairment (loss)/write-back	(29,421)	(15,666)	(3,262)	5,155	(6,368)
Operating income before taxation Taxation	288,69Ó (69,626)	2 7,442 (48.48)	38,733 (32.072)	20,040 (24,806)	82,996 (19,621)
Net income for the period	219,064	168,961	106,661	95,234	63,375
Appropriations					
Dividends	(21,216)	(36,291)	(27,000)	(18,000)	(12,750)
Retained income	197,848	132,670	79,661	77,234	50,625
Attributable to :					
Equity holders of the parent company Minority interest	216,057 3,007	∣67,229 ∣,732	06,58 80	95,234 -	63,375
		-		-	42.275
	219,064	168,961	106,661	95,234	63,375

Note: 2008 is for a fifteen month period. All other periods are twelve months.

VALUE ADDED STATEMENTS

Value added

and other services to clients

Interest income

Cost of services Value added services Fee and commission income Other operating income Other operating costs Impairment provision charge

Value allocated To employees Staff costs

To expansion and growth Retained income

Depreciation Amortisation Deferred tax

To Government

Taxation

To providers of capital Dividends to shareholders

Summary

Employees
Expansion and growth
Government Providers of capital

		GROUP	COM	1PANY
	2009 P'000	2008 P'000	2009 P'000	2008 P'000
		. •••	1 555	. 555
	398,311	278,357	96,535	78,322
_	(72,196)	(34,485) 243,872	(36, 131) 60,404	(24,117) 54,205
	87.827	64,788	1,692	١,332
	4,62 l (42,668)	5,655 (35,733)	284,607 (+0,566)	4,824 (0,472)
	(29,421)	(15,666)	-	(733)
	346,474	262,916	336,137	59,156
	54,522	44,037	24,741	24,632
	107.040	120.020	240.424	((0)4)
	197,848 2,499	130,938	240,624 676	(6,8⊺4) 678
	763 (4,971)	1,096 (4,637)	735 (1,787)	953 (387)
_	B 1000		` '	<u>_</u>
	196,139	129,477	240,248	(5,570)
	74,597	53,111	49,932	3,803
	21214	27.201	21214	24.201
_	21,216	36,291	21,216	36,291
	346,474	262,916	336,137	59,156
	0/		9/	9/
_	% 5.7	16.7	<u>%</u> 7.4	<u>%</u> 41.6
	56.6 21.5	49.2 20.2	71.5 14.9	(9.4) 6.4
	6.1	13.8	6.2	61.2
	100	100	100	100

ANALYSIS OF SHAREHOLDING

Top ten shareholders	6 March 2009 Shares held ('000) Number	%	31 January 2009 Shares held ('000) Number	%	31 January 2008 Shares held ('000) Number	%
 PAIP-PCAP-FMO Letshego Limited Botswana Life Insurance Ltd Barclays Botswana Nominees (Pty) Ltd 	41,741 24,833	23.0 3.7	41,741 1 9, 833	27.5 3.	41,741 19,833	27.5 3.
- Investec Asset Management - 030/14 • Barclays Botswana Nominees (Pty) Ltd	19,629	10.8	18,209	12.0	18,661	12.3
- Investec Asset Management - SSB 001/1 •International Finance Corporation •Stanbic Nominees Botswana (Pty) Ltd	6,674 10,609	3.7 5.8	2,487 0,609	8.2 7.0	2, 4 87 0,609	8.2 7.0
Botswana Public Officers Pension Fund (BIFM) Stanbic Nominees Botswana (Pty) Ltd	20,733	11.4	5,585	3.7	6,256	4.1
Botswana Insurance Fund Management Limited Barclays Botswana Nominees (Pty) Ltd	12,121	6.7	4,326	2.9	4,368	2.9
- Flemings Asset Management Barclays Botswana Nominees (Pty) Ltd	5,184	2.9	2,819	1.9	2,000	1.3
- Investec Asset Management - 203 / 00 • Barclays Botswana Nominees (Pty) Ltd	2,669	1.5	-	-	-	-
- Stanbic Investment Management Services - 212/005 • Barclays Botswana Nominees (Pty) Ltd	2,507	1.4	2,507	1.7	1,753	1.2
- State Street Bank (USA) - 001/111	2,476	.4	2,476	1.6		1.2
	49, 76	82.2	120,592	79.6	119,468	78.8
Other corporate entities, nominees and trusts and individuals	32,369	17.8	30,953	20.4	32,077	21.2
Total	181,545	100.0	151,545	100.0	151,545	100.0
Directors' shareholdings	6 March 2009 Shares held Number('000)	%	31 January 2009 Shares held Number('000)	%	31 January 2008 Shares held Number('000)	%
•C M Lekaukau •J A Claassen •D Ndebele	483 209 0	0.3 0.1 0.1	483 209 0	0.3 0.1 0.1	483 209 2	0.3 0.1 0.1
	793	0.4	793	0.5	813	0.5

On 6th March 2009, 30 million new ordinary shares were issued following the completion of the 'Offer for Subscription'.

The shareholding structure and top ten shareholders is shown above following the 'Offer for Subscription' and based on the new number of shares is issue of 181,544,881

NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

Notice is hereby given that the 10th Annual General Meeting of the shareholders of Letshego Holdings Limited (formerly Micro Provident Botswana Limited) will be held at Gaborone Sun Hotel on Friday, 31 July 2009 at 4.30 p.m, with registration to commence at 4.00.p.m, for the following purposes:

ORDINARY BUSINESS

To consider and adopt the following ordinary resolutions:

1.Resolution 1

To receive, consider and adopt the annual financial statements for the year ended 31 January 2009 together with the directors' and auditor's reports thereon.

2.Resolution 2

To ratify the dividends declared and/or paid during the period:

First and final dividend of P54,742,745 (30 thebe per share) paid to shareholders on or about 22 May 2009.

3.Resolution 3

To confirm the following appointments of directors:

Messrs J A Burbidge, D Ndebele and Dr Hassy H B Kitine, who retire in accordance with Article 19.9 of the Constitution and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election

To confirm the following appointments of directors who filled casual vacancies on the board after the year end:

Madam M Dawes, and Messrs G Hassan and L E Serema in accordance with article 19.4 of the Constitution.

4.Resolution 4

To approve the remuneration of the directors for the past financial period.

5.Resolution 5

To approve the remuneration of the auditors for the past financial period.

6.Resolution 6

To appoint KPMG as auditors for the ensuing year.

7.To transact other business which may be transacted at an Annual General Meeting.

Proxies

A shareholder entitled to attend and vote is entitled to appoint a proxy to attend, speak and vote in his/her stead. The person so appointed need not be a shareholder. Proxy forms should be deposited at Letshego Holdings Limited, Plot 169, Queens Road, Shri Ram House, First Floor, The Mall, P.O. Box 381, Gaborone, not less than 48 hours before the meeting.

By order of the board D. Ndebele Secretary

2 July 2009

LETSHEGO HOLDINGS LIMITED

ANNUAL REPORT 2009

LETSHEGO HOLDINGS LIMITED

FORM OF PROXY



Republic of Botswana Registration number : Co. 98/42 Date of incorporation : 4 March 1998

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For completion by holders of ordinary shares (PLEASE READ THE NOTES OVERLEAF BEFORE COMPLETING THIS FORM)

For use at the Annual General Meeting of ordinary shareholders of the Company to be held at The Gaborone Sun Hotel on Friday 31 July 2009

at 4.30 p.m. Registration commences at 4.00 p.m.
)We
(name/s in block letters)
being a member of Letshego Holdings Limited hereby appoint (see note 2)
Appoint (see note 2):
2. or failing him/her.
3. The Chairman of the meeting
as myour proxy to act for metus at the Ahnual General Preeing which will be held for the purpose of considering, and il deemed it, passing with or without modification, the resolutions to be proposed thereat and at each adjournment thereof, and to vote for or against the resolutions and/or
abstain from voting in respect of the Ordinary Shares registered in my/our name in accordance with the following instructions (see note 2):

		Number of Ordinary Shares	Shares
	For	Against	Abstain
Ordinary resolution number		•	
Ordinary resolution number 2	9		
Ordinary resolution number 3			
Ordinary resolution number 4			
Ordinary resolution number 5			
Ordinary resolution number 6			

2009	
Signed aton_	Signature Assisted by (where applicable)

Each Shareholder is entitled to appoint one or more proxies (who need not be Member/s of the Company) to attend, speak and vote in place of that Shareholder at the Annual General Meeting.

LETSHEGO HOLDINGS LIMITED

ANNUAL REPORT 2009

FORM OF PROXY

- been deleted will be entitled to act as proxy to the exclusion of those whose names follow. A shareholder may insert the names of two alternative proxies of the shareholder's choice in the space provided, with or without deleting "the Chairman of the Annual General Meeting ".The person whose name appears first on the form of proxy, and whose name has not
- Ŋ exercisable by the shareholder or by his/her proxy. will be deemed to authorise the proxy to vote in favour of the resolution. A shareholder or his/her proxy is obliged to use all the votes Meeting as he/she deems fit in respect of the shareholder's votes exercisable thereat, but where the proxy is the Chairman, failure to comply in the appropriate space provided. Failure to comply herewith will be deemed to authorise the proxy to vote at the Annual General shareholder's instructions to the proxy must be indicated by the insertion of the relevant number of votes exercisable by the shareholder
- ω than 5.00 p.m. Tuesday 28 July 2009). Forms of proxy must be lodged at or posted to The Secretary, Micro Provident Botswana Limited, Shri Ram House, First Floor, Plot 169 Queens Road, The Mall, P.O. Box. 381, Gaborone to be received not less than 48 hours before the Annual General Meeting (i.e. not lat Meeting (i.e. not later
- 4. The completion and lodging of this form will not preclude the relevant shareholder from attending the Annual General Meeting and speaking and voting in person thereat to the exclusion of any proxy appointed in terms hereof should such shareholder wish to dispersion of any proxy appointed in terms hereof should such shareholder wish to dispersion of any proxy appointed in terms hereof should such shareholder wish to dispersion of any proxy appointed in terms hereof should such shareholder wish to dispersion of any proxy appointed in terms hereof should such shareholder wish to dispersion of any proxy appointed in terms hereof should such shareholder wish to dispersion of any proxy appointed in terms hereof should such shareholder wish to dispersion of any proxy appointed in terms hereof should such shareholder wish to dispersion of any proxy appointed in terms hereof should such shareholder wish to dispersion of any proxy appointed in terms hereof should such shareholder wish to dispersion of any proxy appointed in terms hereof should such shareholder wish the dispersion of any proxy appointed in terms hereof should such shareholder wish the dispersion of any proxy appointed in terms hereof should such a shareholder wish the dispersion of any proxy appointed in the shareholder wish the share such shareholder wish to do so.
- Ģ accordance with these notes provided that he is satisfied as to the manner in which the shareholder concerned wishes to vote The Chairman of the Annual General Meeting may reject or accept any form of proxy not completed and/or received other than in
- 9 An instrument of proxy shall be valid for the Annual General Meeting as well as for any adjournment thereof, unless the contrary is stated
- 7. proxy is to be used. not less than one hour before the commencement of the Annual General Meeting or adjourned Annual General Meeting at which the the proxy is given, provided that no intimation in writing of such death, insanity or revocation shall have been received by the Company revocation of the proxy, or of the authority under which the proxy was executed, or the transfer of the Ordinary Shares in respect of which A vote given in accordance with the terms of a proxy shall be valid, notwithstanding the previous death or insanity of the shareholder, or
- œ The authority of a person signing the form of proxy under a power of attorney or on behalf of a company must be attached to the form of proxy, unless the authority or full power of attorney has already been registered by the Company or the Transfer Secretaries.
- 9. Where ordinary shares are held jointly, all joint shareholders must sign
- 0 registered by the Company A minor must be assisted by his/her guardian, unless the relevant documents establishing his/her legal capacity are produced or have been

DIRECTORS

The following Directors filled casual vacancies on the board after the financial year end. In terms of Section 19.4 of the Constitution, their appointment must be confirmed at the next general meeting of shareholders. This is covered by Agenda Item Number 3. A brief curriculum vitae of the directors is given below.

MARGARET DAWES

UK **Nationality** Age

Proposed position Non Executive Director Residence Iohannesburg, RSA

Shareholding

Mrs Dawes heads up the 'Rest of Africa' division of Sanlam Developing Markets. This includes responsibilities for Botswana, Ghana, Kenya, Tanzania and Zambia. Prior to this she held various roles within African Life and Sanlam Developing Markets since 2005. Margaret also represents Sanlam Developing Markets on various boards, audit committees, investment committees and human resources committees.

Mrs Dawes qualified as a chartered accountant in the UK in 1983 and has held various senior positions in the financial services and auditing industry in both the UK and RSA since then.

GAFFAR HASSAM

Nationality Malawi

Proposed position Non Executive Director Residence Gaborone, Botswana

Shareholding None

Gaffar has had various roles with the Botswana Insurance Holdings Limited Group since 2003 and is currently the Chief Operating Officer of Botswana Life Insurance Limited. Prior to joining the Botswana Insurance Holdings Group, Gaffar was with PricewaterhouseCoopers in Malawi and Botswana.

Gaffar is a fellow member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants (FCCA) and has also various other insurance related qualifications.

LEGODILE E SEREMA

Nationality Botswana Age

Proposed position Independant Non Executive Director

Residence Lobatse, Botswana

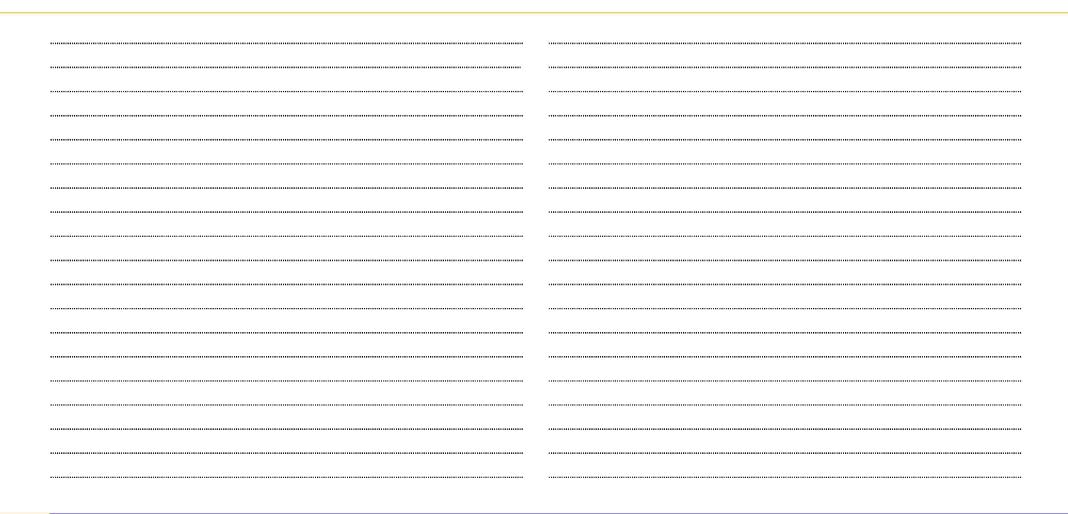
Shareholding None

Mr Serema holds a Bachelor of Science degree from the University of Minnesota, St Paul, USA and has various other marketing related qualifications.

Mr Serema has served many different organisations in Botswana since 1971 including the Botswana Meat Commission, Botswana Ash and Sugar Industries. He has been a councillor representing Lobatse since 2002 and has served as Mayor since 2007.

Legodile was previously on the board of Botswana Railways and holds a number of other directorships.

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